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## Anthology

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    English G rammar:
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THE VERB

## 1. the verb "TOBE"

Ex. 1 (p. 8) 2. they're; 3. she's not/she isn't; 4. it's not/it isn't; 5. I'm not; 6. you're not/ you aren't; 8. I am; 9. you are; 10. they are not; 11. it is not; 12. she is.

Ex. 2 (p. 8) 2. am; 3. is; 4 . are; 5. is; 6. is; 7 . am; 8 . is; 9. are; 10 . is, are; 11. am; 12. is.

Ex. 3 (p. 8-9) 2. is; 3. are; 4. am; 5. is; 6. are; 7. is; 8. are; 9. is; 10. are.

Ex. 4 (p. 9) 3. I'm/I am/I'm not/I am not; 4. It's/It is/It isn't/It's not; 5. isn't/is not; 6. I'm/I am/I'm not/l am not; 7. are/aren't/are not; 8. is; 9. isn't/is not; 10. aren't/are not; 11. is; 12. aren't/are not.

Ex. 5 (p. 9) 2. Where is my key? 3. Where are my trousers? 4. How old is your grandmother? 5. What colour is his hair? 6. How much are these shoes? 7. Who is your favourite actor? 8. Why are you always late?

Ex. 6 (p. 9) 3. Are you British? 4. Where are you from? 5. How old are you? 6. Are you a student? 7. Is your mother a teacher? 8. Where is she from? 9. What is her name? 10. How old is she?

Ex. 7 (p. 10) 3. Yes, it is./No, it isn't./No, it's not. 4. Yes, I am./No, I'mnot. 5. Yes, I am./ No, I'm not. 6. Yes, it is./No, it isn't./No, it's not. 7. Yes, they are./No, they aren't./No, they're not. 8. Yes, I am./No, I'm not. 9. Yes, he is./No, he isn't./No, he's not. 10. Yes, it is./No, it isn't./No, it's not.

Ex. 8 (p. 10) 1. Is your brother at home? 2. How much are these postcards? 3. This hotel is very expensive. 4. I'm interested in arts. 5. All the shops are open today. 6. Is the museum open today? 7. I'm hot. 8. My sister is an architect. 9. I'm not tired. 10. Where is her husband from?11. They are not students, they are engineers. 12. Are you interested in foreign languages?

Ex. 9 (p. 10-11) 2. is, was; 3. am/'m; 4. was; 5 . were; 6 . are/'re; 7 . were; 8 . is/'s; 9. was; 10.were; 11.was; 12. are, were.

Ex. 10 (p. 11)2. was; 3. weren't, were; 4. wasn't, was; 5. weren't, was; 6 . Were, wasn't, was.

Ex. 11 (p. 11) 1. Where were they last night? 2. Why were you late yesterday? 3. He wasn't at the Institute yesterday. 4. I wasn't there. 5 . She wasn't at home at 5 o'clock.

## 2. "THERE $/$ (ARE)" CONSTRUCTION

Ex. 1 (p. 12) 1. There is/There's; 2. There are; 3. is there; 4. are there; 5. there was not/there wasn't; 6. There was; 7. Were there; 8. There has been; 9. There are; 10. There is; 11. There will be; 12. there was.

Ex. 2 (p. 12-13) 1. Is there a cat in the window? - Yes, there is. 2. Are there any changes in the text? -Yes, there are. 3. Are there plenty of glasses in the cupboard? -Yes, there are. 4. Were there a lot of people at the stadium? - Yes, there were. 5. Is there anything on the plate? - No, there isn't. 6. Was there anybody in the room? - No, there wasn't. 7. Are there any difficult exercises in this book? - Yes, there are. 8. Is there anything on the shelf? - Yes, there is. 9. Will there be any interesting programmes on TV tomorrow? - Yes, there will. 10. Are there several empty seats in the room? - Yes, there are. 11. Were there any pears on the plate? - No, there were not/weren't.

## Ex. 3 (p. 13)

A. 1. There are many interesting articles in this magazine. 2. There are many museums and theatres in our city. 3. Is there a telephone in this room? 4. There are two windows in this room. 5. There was no tea in the cup./There wasn't any tea... 6. How many articles were there in this magazine? - There were several articles there. 7. How many students are there in the classroom? - Twenty. 8. There will be a park near our house. 9. Was there a school in this street? 10. There are several books on the table.
B. 1. There is a school near our house. The school is near our house. 2. There are several theatres in the city. The theatres are in the center of the city. 3 . There were flowers in the vase. The flowers were in a beautiful vase. 4. There are many children in the theatre. The children are now in the theatre. 5. There are/exist several solutions of this task. The solutions of this task are given on page 5 .

## 3. the verb "TO HAVE"

Ex. 1 (p. 14) 2. he's got; 3. they've got; 4. she hasn't got; 5. it's got; 6. I haven't got.
Ex. 2 (p. 14) 2. Have you got a VCR? (Do you have...?) 3. Has your father got a car? (Does your father have...?) 4. Has Carol got many friends? 5. Have Mr. and Mrs. Lewis got any children? 6. How much money have you got? 7. What kind of car has John got?

Ex. 3 (p.15) 3. Alice hasn't got a camera. (Alice doesn't have...) 4. I've got/I haven't got a camera. (I don't have...) 5. I've got/I haven't got a car. 6. Keith hasn't got a car. 7. Alice hasn't got black hair. 8. Alice has got two brothers. 9. Keith hasn't got black hair. 10. Alice has got a car. 11. Keith has got a sister. 12. I have got/haven't got brothers and sisters.

Ex. 4 (p. 15) 3. has got/'s got; 4. have got; 5. has got; 6. haven't got; 7. haven't got; 8. have got/'ve got; 9. hasn't got; 10. has got/'s got; 11. has got/'s got; 12. haven't got; 13. hasn't got; 14. have got/'ve got.

Ex. 5 (p. 15) 1. They haven't got any seminars this month. 2. They haven't got any flowers in their garden this summer. 3. We haven't got any letters from home this week. 4. He hasn't got a sore throat today. 5. I haven't got any warm shoes this winter. 6. She hasn't got a new dress this summer. 7. They haven't got any supper tonight. 8.I haven't got any/a headache tonight. 9 . I haven't got fish for dinner today.

Ex. 6 (p. 16) 1. They have got three dogs and three cats. 2. She's got big green eyes. 3. My brother has got a blue car. 4. How much land have you got? 5. Last year we didn't have a car. 6. I had a headache yesterday. 7. When do you have tea? 8. We had a good time yesterday. 9. She had a good holiday in the South. 10. Have you got any books on the history of England?

## 5. THE INDEFINITE (SIMPLE) FORMS

Ex. 1 (p. 18) 1. He sings. 2. He runs. 3. They study. 4. He dances. 5. They cook. 6. They dance. 7. He paints. 8. They teach. 9. He types. 10. They paint. 11. They write.

Ex. 2 (p.18) 1. He thinks he is ill. 2. He often visits his granny. 3. She lives in Leeds. 4. She usually speaks too quickly. 5. Does he like boiled potatoes? 6. A good animal always obeys his master. 7. The boy boxes in the gymnasium on Fridays. 8. His dog always attacks the neighbours. 9. A heavy truck makes a lot of noise.

Ex. 3 (p. 18-19) 1. She does not/doesn't understand the rule. -Does she understand the rule? 2. He does not usually have breakfast at 8 o'clock. - Does he usually have breakfast at 8 o'clock? 3. The lecture does not start at 10.15. - Does the lecture start at 10.15? 4. The flowers do not/don't look fresh. - Do the flowers look fresh? 5. She does
not usually walk in the morning. - Does she usually walk in the morning? 6. He does not have coffee in the evening. - Does he have coffee in the evening? 7. She does not remember them well. - Does she remember them well? 8. He does not play chess very well. - Does he play chess very well? 9. She does not leave home at 10 o'clock every day. -Does she leave home at 10 o'clock every day? 10. Ann doesn't miss you badly. - Does Ann miss you badly? 11. They do not feel very cold. - Do they feel very cold? 12. Tom does not look sick. - Does Tom look sick? 13. They do not harvest grapes in March. - Do they harvest grapes in March? 14. The last boat does not sail at 10 p.m. - Does the last boat sail at 10 p.m.? 15. That train does not go very fast. - Does that train go very fast?

Ex. 4 (p. 19) 1. are; 2. tell; 3. go; 4. collects; 5. likes; 6. says, is; 7. spend; 8. live, stands, overlooks, is; 9 . What doesthis sentence mean? 10. live, is; 11. sings; 12. has, eats; 13. is; 14. What do you see over there? 15. keeps, keeps; 16. is, have/'ve got; 17. come; 18. is.

Ex. 6 (p. 19) 1. do the museums open; 2. don't use; 3. do you drink; 4. do you do; 5. does your father come; comes; 6. don't you ask; 7. play, don't play; 8. does "maintain" mean.

Ex. 7 (p. 20) 1. The Sun doesn't set in the East. It sets in the West. 2. Hens don't eat foxes. Foxes eat hens. 3. Blacksmiths don't make things from wood. They make things from metal. 4. The river Dvina doesn't flow into the Black Sea. It flows into the White Sea.

Ex. 8 (p. 20) 1. How often does Felix watch birds? 2. How often do you write to your parents? 3. What time do you usually have dinner? 4. Where does she work? 5. How often do you go to the Zoo? 6. Why do people do stupid things? 7. How often does the motor break down?

Ex. 9 (p. 20) 1.1 usually do my homework in the evening. 2. My friend lives in the North. 3. My sister studies at the Medical college. 4. They have foreign language classes twice a week. 5. He always comes to see us when he is in Moscow. 6. How much time does it take you to get back home? - it usually takes me about thirty minutes. 7. He seldom travels now. 8. Do you often go to the cinema? 9. She is never late. She is always on time. 10. Do you feel anything? -No, I don't feel anything. 11. His father is an engineer. He builds bridges. 12. I don't study French, I study German. 13. Nowwe rarely see them. 14. Does her husband often travel/go on business?

Ex. 10 (p. 22) 1. she woke up early; 2. she walked in the garden; 3. she had a sandwich for lunch; 4. she went out; 5 . she slept very well.

Ex. 11 (p. 22) 1.taught; 2. fell, hurt; 3. sold; 4. spent, bought, cost; 5. threw, caught.

Ex. 12(p. 22) 1. How long did you stay there? 2. Did you stay at a hotel? 3. Did you go alone? 4. How did you travel? 5. Was the food good? 6. What did you do in the evenings? 7. Did you make any friends there?

Ex. 13(p. 22) 1. didn't have breakfast, didn't have; 2. didn't buy, didn't have; 3. didn't sleep, didn'tfeel; 4. wasn't, didn't understand.

Ex. 14 (p. 22-23) 1. used to eat; 2. used to be; 3. used to live; 4. used to be; 5 . used to like; 6. used to ride.

Ex. 16(p. 23) 1. We started this experiment last week. 2. They came back home at 7 $o^{\prime}$ clock in the evening. 3. We decided to send this letter yesterday. 4. Who(m) did you give these magazines to? 5. Yesterdayl met Steve in the library. 6. When did you see him last? - Last Tuesday. 7. We didn't study French last year. We studied English. 8. When did you begin to work yesterday? - After dinner. We had little work. 9. The weather was good, and we and our friends went to the park. 10. Where were you an hour ago? 11. I met her the day before yesterday, and she told me about this.

Ex. 17 (p. 23) 1. Now she avoids to go there as often as she used to. 2. He would suddenly appear at his mother's and as suddenly disappear. 3 . She would spend hours at the open window, looking at the forest the hill. 4. She would complain of her bad life and feel better/relieved. 5. Personally, I think you speak English better than you used to. 6. Now he doesn't smoke at all, because his health is bad, but he used to be a chainsmoker. 7. He began to study French, and in his childhood he would/used to study English with a tutor. 8. He used to be quite a well-off man.

Ex. 18(p. 24-25) 1. will/'ll be; 2. will/'ll be; 3. will/'ll be; 4. shall/will/'ll know; 5 . shall/will/ 'Il be; 6. will/'ll remember; 7. When will he come back? 8. shall/will/'ll apologize; 9. shan't/ won't see; 10 . shall/will/'Il recognize.

Ex. 19(p. 25)
I. a. 1.calls, shall/will/'ll give; 2. shall/will/'ll be, need; 3. will/'ll be, decide; 4. want, will/ 'Il get; 5. have.
b. 1. shall/will/'ll write, have; 2. will/'ll wait, send; 3. will/'ll be, is; 4. go.
c 1. don't know, will come; 2. will stay; 3. wonder, shall/will/'ll ever see; 4. am not sure, will be; 5 . will start.
II. 1. gets, 'Il start; 2. 'Il see, is; 3. come, 'll talk; 4. come; 5 . wants, will be; 6 . wonder, 'll write; 7. 'Il be; 8. get, 'Il come; 9. will be; 10. come, will find; 11. come, cross; 12. will move; 13. go down, is; 14. 'll be, get; 15. will come; 16. come, am sure, will be, gets; 17. continues, 'Il transfer; 18. 'Il buy; will you buy; will bring; will bring; 19. look; 20. talk.

Ex. 20 (p. 25) 1. If I have time next week, I'll fixthe car. 2. If all goes well, I'll graduate in June. 3. When he finishes this job, we'll give him another. 4. If the traffic conditions get much worse, the city will have to build elevated roads. 5 . When the light turns red, all the cars will stop. 6. When/if the weather clears, we'll finish our games. 7. If I am paid tomorrow, I'll buy this dress. 8. Ifwe get there before you, we'll wait for you. 9 . When he comes home, his father will give him a good talking to. 10. When/if he takes this medicine, he will be all right.

Ex. 21 (p. 26) 1. get; 2. gets; 3. leave, 'llgive; 4. feel, will drive; 5. see; 6. come, will find; 7. am,'ll get in; 8. will you be, am.

Ex. 22 (p.26) 1. I'll go to the cinema when I finish my work. 2. He'll spend a week in Brussels before he goes to England. 3. He can stay with us when he comes to London in April. 4. Let's leave before it's dark.

Ex. 23 (p. 26) 1. When; 2. if; 3. if; 4. if; 5. If; 6. when; 7. when; 8. if.

Ex. 24 (p. 26) 1. Next year l'll be twenty. 2. Perhaps, he will come today. 3. When will you begin to study a foreign language? 4. He thinks you won't like the new ballet. 5. Will she be at home at 6? - No, she won't. 6. I hope you will cope with the test. 7. Will you have a lot of work tomorrow? - Yes, I will. 8. The examinations will begin on June, 1. 9. The film will be very interesting. 10 . We'll see him next week.

Ex. 25 (p. 26-27) 1. They won't start the meeting until the chief engineer comes. 2. If you meet them, ask them to phone us. 3. You'll recognize Gemma as soon as you see her. 4. I wonder, when they will come Dack. 5. Don't cross the street until the light is green. 6. As soon as he comes, he will call you. 7. He will be very happy when you come to New York. 8. If you drink this water you'll get sick. 9. I can't tell you when they will return. 10. If you don't take a taxi now, you will miss your plane. 11. When you want to see me, give me a ring/ring me up. 12. You won't know English until you start working hard. 13. I'll drop in on you before I leave. 14. When winter comes, I'll go to India. 15. I don't know when l'll see him again.

## 6. THE CONTINUOUS FORMS

Ex. 1 (p. 28-29) 1. He isn't lying down; 2. He isn't washing; 3. They aren't fighting; 4. We aren't jumping; 5. They aren't shouting; 6. She isn't walking; 7. I'm not drinking; 8. She isn't reading.

Ex. 2 (p. 29) 1. No, he isn't. He's watching TV. 2. No, I'm not. I'm learning them by heart. 3. No, he isn't. He's reading a newspaper. 4. No, they aren't. They're talking with a friend. 5. No, I'm not. I'm going home. 6. No, she isn't. She's listening to a concert. 7. No, I'm not. I'm writing a film script. 8. No, she isn't. She's cooking.

Ex. 3 (p. 29) 1. Yes, he is. He is studying. 2. Yes, they are. They are reading. 3. Yes, she is. She is having breakfast. 4. Yes, they are. They are shopping. 5. Yes, she is. She is sewing. 6. Yes, she is. She is washing up. 7. Yes, he is. He is skating. 8. Yes, they are. They are rehearsing.

Ex. 4 (p. 29) 1. He's teaching the dog to bark. 2. I'm cutting out a dress. 3. I'm running to catch my bus. 4. I'm buying a mink coat. 5. I'm going to the University. 6. She's rehearsing for a concert. 7. They're listening to a favourite fairy tale. 8. He's baking an apple pie.

Ex. 5 (p. 30) 1. Yes, she is. She's going to the library. 2. No, they aren't. They're having a rest. 3. No, she isn't. She's having a nap. 4. Yes, we are. We're having visitors. 5. No, she isn't. She's staying at home. 6. No, they aren't. They're having a holiday. 7. Yes, he is. He's going to the concert. 8. Yes, we are. We're doing up the flat.

Ex. 6 (p. 30) 1. am trying; 2. is raining; 3. are you looking; 4. are making; 5. am looking; 6. Are you enjoying; 7. are crying; 8. are you wearing; 9. am not going; 10. am not eating.

Ex. 7 (p.30) 1. are rising/are increasing/are falling; 2. is getting; 3. is getting/is becoming; 4. is changing; 5. is rising/is increasing; 6. is improving; 7. is getting/is becoming.

Ex. 8 (p. 30-31) 1. am training; 2. Are you enjoying; 3. am getting married; 4. am looking for; 5. Are you doing; 6. is helping.

Ex. 9 (p. 31) 1. Who are you looking at now? - I'm looking at that old lady. 2. Who is your friend speaking with? - He's speaking with our teacher. 3. What are you telling your friends about? - I'm telling them aboli my holidays. 4. Are you writing a dictation now? No, we're doing an exercise 9. 5. Where are you going tonight? - We're going to the circus. 6. When are they arriving in Moscow? - They're arriving in the morning. 7. We're going to Minsk. 8. Are these students doing an exercise or copying a text? 9. Who(m) are these students meeting? - They're meeting foreign students. 10. Where are you going? - I'm going to a photo exhibition.

Ex. 11 (p. 32) 1. right; 2. wrong - are you talking; 3. wrong - Do you believe; 4. wrong is trying; 5. right; 6. wrong - I think; 7. right; 8. wrong -we usually go.

Ex. 12 (p. 32) 1.don't belong; 2. is coming; want; 3. flows; 4. is flowing; 5. Does it ever rain; 6. grow, aren't growing; 7. am learning; is teaching; 8. don't need; 9. enjoy, am not enjoying; 10. don't believe; 11. lives, does your sister live; 12. is staying; 13. is looking for; 14. does your husband do; isn't working.

## Ex. 13 (p. 33)

I. 1. is teaching, is substituting, is; 2. am going, is leaving, Is he coming back, don't know; 3. stays, comes, is staying; 4. meets, meets, are painting, are going; 5. is leaving; is he taking; is catching; 6. is repairing; 7. Are you writing; write; Do you want; 8. says, is leaving; 9. am going; 10. is coming; 11.call, are playing, think, play; 12. makes.
II. 1. is, is smoking, think, smokes, is; 2. is, is, is playing; 3. Are you coming, are you going, are driving, Are you taking, are leaving, Do you mind, bring; 4. Is Mike coming, is working, is he doing, is reading up, is,-am, isn't going, says, is meeting, is, has.

Ex. 14 (p. 33-34) 1. is reading; 2. go; 3. areyou going, am going; 4. is, catches; 5. has; 6. are you laughing, are talking; 7. laughs, laughs; 8. speak; 9. is speaking, are smiling; 10. is splitting; 11. is always reacting; 12. I am always forgetting; 13. are, are having.

Ex. 15(p. 34) 1. The Sun sets early in this part of the world. 2. Joyce is going to London tomorrow because her uncle wants to see her.3. Some people like summer best of all, some like spring and autumn, but others prefer winter. 4. Where is Lizzy? - She is riding. 5. What are the children doing? - They are listening to a fairy tale and drawing. 6. Jane draws perfectly well. 7. Father usually goes to work by train, but today he is driving. 8. Every year he spends his holidays in the mountains. 9. I am writing to invite you to come and stay with us in summer. 10. I'm sitting by the window and looking at the sea. A vessel is sailing away into the evening gold of the horizon.

Ex. 16 (p. 34) 1. When does he usually come home? - He usually comes home at 7 p. m. 2. What train are you taking to St.-Petersburg next week? 3. My friends from Sheffield are cpming to see me next Sunday. 4. Alex is making a new bookshelf. He always makes all the furniture for his room himself. 5. She is wearing a hat and a blue dress today. 6. I can't give you the book now because I am reading it. 7. Do you read a lot? - Yes, I read a lot. - Do you buy books or borrow them from the library? - I usually borrow 5 books from the Central Library and change them every other month. 8. What are you doing under the table? - I'm looking for the needle. 9. What do you usually have for breakfast? - I usually have a sandwich and drink a cup of coffee. 10. Where are you running so fast? - I am running to catch the 10 o'clock train. I'm meeting Nick today, and he doesn't like it when I am late. 11. I am leaving for Denmark next Sunday.

Ex. 17 (p. 35) 2. he was meeting the manager; 3. he was having lunch; 4. he was visiting his dentist; 5. he was listening to an organ concert...; 6. he was walking the dog; 7. he was driving his mother home.

Ex. 18(p. 35) 1. Mother was cooking in the kitchen. 2. Father was making a phone call. 3. I was getting ready to go out. 4. My sister was washing some clothes.

Ex. 19 (p. 36) 1. I caught that cold when I was skating on a frosty day. 2. He wrote those nice poems when he was having a holiday. 3. She learnt the language when she was living in England. 4. She heard that song when she was listening to a concert on the radio. 5.I bought that book when I was reading up for my exams. 6. The boy hurt himself when he was riding the bicycle. 7. Philip lost his camera when he was walking about the city. 8. He rang me up when I was having supper.

Ex. 20 (p. 36) 1. The postman brought the letter when I was having breakfast. 2. It started to snow when I was going downstairs. 3. The door bell rang when they were entering the dining- room.

Ex. 21 (p. 36) 1.fell, was rescuing; 2. was reading, heard; 3. Were you having; 4. were waiting, arrived; 5 . wasn't driving, saw; 6. broke; was doing, slipped; 7. took, was painting; 8. didn't go, was getting; 9. wereyou doing; 10. saw; was wearing.

Ex. 22 (p. 36-37) 1. was playing, was reading, was sewing, heard; 2. was leaving, caught; 3. camein, was sitting; 4. was shaving, cut; 5 . was; was standing; 6. began; was smiling, was walking; 7. was sleeping, rang; 8. were sitting, drove up; 9. was crossing, struck; 10. was drizzling, came; 11. broke, was living; 12. was getting, suggested; 13. came in, looked, stood, turned, went; 14. was walking, met, asked; 15. came, were eating; 16. ran, went, was standing; 17. raised, looked; was still snowing; 18. were driving, happened; 19. Did you have; 20. fell, hurt, was riding; 21. went, got; 22. went, sat, was crackling, was howling; 23. took, put, leaned; 24. put on; 25. was, wanted; 26. was waiting, coughed/was coughing; 27. drew, looked; were standing; 28. heard, went, opened, did not recognize, was not wearing; 29. were walking, began; 30. came, was leaving; 31. was talking, saw; 32. arrived, went, took off.

Ex. 23 (p. 37-38) 1.opened, looked, stood; 2. realized, were not paying attention, were muttering, (were) looking, turned, looked, were looking, was coming, led; 3. saw, was hurrying, made; 4. was looking; 5. did not see, was making; 6. occurred, was backing; 7. dropped, was fishing; 8. heard, were packing.

## Ex. 24 (p. 38)

I. 1. I sat on the bench for half an hour and then began reading a book. 2 . I graduated from the University when I was twenty three. 3. When were you here last? - About a year and a half ago. 4. Gray nodded and went upstairs. 5. I met Helen through my parents about three years ago. 6. He stopped and picked up a rose. 7. I visited them a year ago. 8: I saw him in London a week ago. 9. I did not see him when I was in St.-Petersburg. 10. What happened to you that evening? 11. They returned into the house when it started to rain.
II. 1. Did you see him this morning? -Yes, he was standing by the car. 2. He came in and saw Nelly, who was painting a strange picture. 3. He ran to the gate where Ann was standing. 4. I glanced at Jennie who was still shivering from cold. 5. We were just talking about him when he suddenly came in. 6. They came while I was working in the garden. 7. She was laying the table at six o'clock yesterday. 8. What were you playing when I came in? 9. The water in the kettle was boiling when my friends came back to the camp. 10. Unfortunately, when I arrived Helen was just leaving. 11. He suddenly realized that he was travelling in the wrong direction. 12 . I was sitting in the garden yesterday when my brother came and brought a puppy. 13. When I came in, they were sitting in the sittingroom. My elder brother was doing a crossword, my mother was knitting, the others were reading. My mother smiled at me and said, "Come in and sit down, please." 14. When she woke up, the birds were singing merrily in the garden. 15 . Who were you talking to on the telephone when I came in? - I was talking to my sister. 16 . When they were crossing the street, a man came towards them and asked the way to the Palace Square. 17. I was doing my homework when he came.

Ex. 25 (p. 38) 1. Yesterday, when I was walking down Nevsky Prospect, I met Victor, an old friend of mine. He recognized me at once though I was wearing big dark glasses because my eyes were aching. 2. He said, "I was going to see you a fortnight ago, but I
couldn't find time to get round to you." All the time he was saying this I was trying to remember something I wanted to tell him. 3. Eventually I remembered and said to him, "Just before I came out, Oleg rang me up. He wanted to speak to you at Boris's party yesterday, but you were talking so cheerfully with Alice he didn't dare to interrupt." 4. Just then I saw another friend of mine. He was waving to me from the other side of the road. I said good-bye to Victor and started to cross the road.

Ex. 27 (p. 40) 1. will be having; 2. will be playing; 3. will be raining; 4. will be falling; 5 . will be opening.

Ex. 28 (p. 40) 1. She will be making a dress on Sunday. 2. We shall/will be bathing in the Black Sea at this time next week. 3. He will be working in the garden when we arrive. 4. He will be studying law at the University for five years. 5. They will be flying to Kiev at this time tomorrow. 6. She will be singing Russian folk-songs at the concert tonight. 7. He will be interviewing a foreign delegation at this time the day after tomorrow. 8 . She will be lecturing at the Institute of Foreign Languages next term.

Ex. 29 (p. 40) 1. They'll be sleeping. 2. We'll be travelling. 3. We'll be packing. 4. She'll be typing. 5. He'll be crying. 6. She'll be grumbling. 7. He'll be working. 8. She'll be keeping to her room.

Ex. 30 (p. 40) 1. get, will be sitting; 2. is; will come; 3. want; shall/will be waiting; 4. will be boarding; 5 . will be having; 6 . shall/will be waiting, come; 7 . shall/will call; will be sleeping; 8 . will be quarrelling.

Ex. 31 (p. 41)1. will know; will be standing; will be wearing; 2.'Il tell,'ll show, won't smile; 3. won't be, come, will be having; 4. will be raining, get; 5 . will be waiting; 6 . will be; 7. 'Il be, return, 'll be marking; 8. 'Il be typing; 9 . will be, will be sketching; 10 . will see, will be having tea; 11. will be doing; 12. come, 'll be crossing.

Ex. 32 (p. 41)1. We must not be late. They will be worrying. 2. We are going to the cinema today. You will be sitting next to me. 3. We are to be back at 10 o'clock. Mother will be waiting for us. 4. Will you have lunch with me on Monday? - I'd love to, but I'm afraid I'll be taking my exam then. 5 . What will they be doing when we get home? - Ithink they will be reading. 6. I don't feel well enough to go to the airport to meet Alice. - l'll meet her for you. Tell me how l'll know her. - She will be wearing a bright green suit. 7.1 wonder what we'll be doing in a year, if we'll be seeing one another. 8. My son will be in the ninth form next year. - That means my mother will be teaching him English. 9. Don't tell her about it. She will be crying in a moment. 10. What will you be doing this time next Friday? - I'll be gardening as usual.

Ex. 33 (p. 41-42) 1. was laughing, was going on; 2. are you two talking, Are you discussing; 3. Are you leaving; 4. will you speak; 5 . wears, doesn't see; 6. are you wearing; 7. is living, is looking; 8. was sitting; 9. saw, was trying; 10. was writing, wrote/was writing;
11.were walking, was getting; 12: are leaving, is getting; 13. see; 14. will hear; 15. 'll be, 'Il be watching; 16. was waiting; 17. was trying; 18. rains, was raining, was raining.

Ex. 34 (p. 42) 1. Are you going; 2. Is Nina writing; 3. Were you waiting; 4. are you wearing, Are you having; 5 . waits, go; 6. are objecting; 7. cannot meet, is coming; 8. Are you carrying, is; 9. has, is; 10. was, was wearing, was cold; 11. Will you see; 12. rang, was finishing; 13.entered, was waiting; 14. Is anybody reading, want; 15. is he working; 16. Come, I'll be waiting.

## 7. THE PERFECT FORMS

Ex. 1 (p. 43) 1. have never met; 2. has just gone; 3. haven't seen; 4. have already posted; 5. has helped; 6. have been; 7. has taken; 8. have never studied; 9. have sold; haven't left.

Ex. 2 (p. 43-44) 1. Yes, she has done them. 2. Yes, I have cooked it. 3. Yes, she has learnt it by heart. 4. Yes, I have used it. 5. Yes, he has eaten it. 6. Yes, I have found them. 7. Yes, he has washed it. 8. Yes, I have heard them.

Ex. 3 (p. 44) 1. have stopped; 2. want, have not seen; 3. is, has always been; 4. Have you read, do you think; 5. have not been, is, have never been; 6. Do you know, have you known, have known; 7. are, have wanted, have not done; 8. Do you realize, have known, is, have asked; 9. Doyou know, hasjust left, is, Is, has been, has never bought; 10. have been; 11. have not seen; 12. has he been, seems; 13. have known, have never seen.

Ex. 4 (p. 44) 1. Father has got a new job in South Africa. 2. He and Mother have left for Cape Town. 3. Mary has married an architect from Canada. 4. I have passed my law exams. 5. l've met the man for me.

Ex. 5 (p. 44) 1. He has overslept; 2. We have run out of bread; 3. She has caught a bad cold; 4. They have switched off their VCR.

Ex. 6 (p. 45) 1. Yes, she has just come from the market. 2. Yes, I've just phoned him. 3. No, thanks, I've just had a cup.

Ex. 7 (p. 45) 1. been; 2. been; 3. gone; 4. gone.

Ex. 8(p. 45) 1.l've already had a bath. 2. I've already bought some. 3. I've already asked him. 4. haven't invited them yet; going to invite them. 5. he's already arrived. 6. has not written to him yet; is going to write to him.

Ex. 9 (p. 45) 1. Have you ever been to Scotland? 2. Have your parents lived here all their lives? 3. Have you ever heard this concert? 4. How many times have you been married? 5. Has he ever met the President? 6. Have you ever visited the White House?

Ex. 10 (p. 45) 1. Yes, it's the fastest car l've ever driven. 2. Yes, it's the warmest coat I've ever had. 3. Yes, they're the nicest people l've ever met.

Ex. 11 (p. 46)

1. Is this the first time you've skated?

- Yes, l've never skated before.
-No, it's the second time l've skated this winter.

2. Is this the first time you've played volley-ball?
-Yes, I've never played volley-ball before.

- No, it's the second time l've played volley-ball this year.

3. Is this the first time you've ever been to/in London?

- Yes, I've never been to/in London before.
- No, it's the second time l've come to London.

Ex. 12(p. 46) 1. Have you read any books recently? 2. Have you heard from Tom in the past few days? 3. Have you bought any new records recently? 4. Have you eaten anything today? 5. Have you seen any good films recently? 6. Has it snowed here this year yet?

Ex. 13 (p. 46) 1. When did it rain last? - It hasn't rained for ages. 2. When did they last visit you? - They haven't visited us since June. 3. When did you last play tennis? - I haven't played tennis for a long time. 4. When did you last eat coconut? - I have never eaten coconut. 5. When did you last drive a car? - I haven't driven for six months. 6. When did you last go to Canada? -l've never been to Canada. 7. When did she last write to you? - She hasn't written to me since last summer.

Ex. 14 (p. 46-47) 1. They have built a new house. Have you seen it yet? 2. Have you shown your pictire to your mother? -No, it isn't ready yet. 3. I have seen this film, and you? - Yes, I have. It's an interesting film. 4. Have you been to the London Zoo? - Yes, I have. 5. Father has just come back from the sea. 6. Take these magazines. I've already read them. 7. Have you ever been to/in Greece? - Yes, I have. It's a very beautiful country. 8. We haven't finished the experiment yet. 9. She has never translated such difficult articles. 10. I have called him three times today. 11. He has left for New York today. 12. Have you seen the director today? - No, I haven't.

Ex. 15(p. 47) 2. It's the second time you've been late this week. 3. It's the third time the car has broken down this month. 4. It's the fifth cup of coffee I have drunk tonight.

Ex. 16 (p. 48) 1. Harry went to Egypt but now he has come back (to Ireland). 2.1 lived in the centre but now l've moved to a new district. 3. I had long hair but now l've cut it. 4. I met Fran ten years ago and we've become great friends. 5. He travelled to the North last year, and now he has written a book about it. 6. Three years ago they bought a house but now they've sold it.

Ex. 17 (p. 48) 1. Wrong-was/is; 2. Right; 3. Wrong - invented; 4. Wrong -has bought. 5. Wrong - have broken; 6. Right.

Ex. 18 (p. 49) 1. Have you cut, Did you cut, cut; 2. Have you spoken, I phoned her, did she tell you.

Ex. 19 (p. 49) 1. They haven't phoned so far today. 2. How many times did you phone him yesterday? 3. He has come to see us three times this month. 4. It hasn't rained so far this summer. 5. How many shoes have you bought this season?

Ex. 20 (p. 49) 1. worked; 2. have lived; 3. have been; 4. was; 5. has been; 6. never met; 7. has never met.

## Ex. 21 (p. 49-50)

I. 1. Have you ever visited; have been; was
2. Have you been; have (been); went
3. Has he spoken; hasn't (spoken); went, hasn't arrived
4. Have you seen; have (seen); haven't seen
5. Have you been; have (been); was
6. Did you go; did; went
7. Have you seen; haven't seen; was; didn't see
8. Have you shown; have (shown); showed
II. 1. have just called; 2. didn't call; 3. have just gone; 4. has already answered; 5. answered; 6. went; 7. read; 8. has sold; 9. sold; 10. haven't seen; 11.met; 12. Has... come; 13. Did you wear; insisted; 14. hasn't smoked; 15. did he arrive, arrived; 16. Have you shut; 17. read, enjoyed; 18. Have you been, spent, Did you have, stopped; 19. has stopped; 20. have just mended; 21. left, got; 22. Have you had, had; 23. Did you see; 24. have missed; 25. has just begun; 26. broke; 27. haven't finished.
III. 1. have you done, did you buy; 2. had, happened; 3.. found; 4. did you teach; 5. have had, has ruined; 6. spent; 7. have you spoken, spoke; 8. have seen, has arrived, saw, Haveyou seen; 9. haven't shaven; 10. Did you hear, said; 11.was, have picked; 12. was, said, went.

Ex. 22 (p. 51)1. saw, are you doing,'m sleeping, have taken; 2. sleeps, is still sleeping; 3. met, have met; 4. go; 5. have been sitting, haven't dozen; 6. is playing, play; 7. is taking; 8. wrote, have just written; 9. is talking, has happened; 10. hasn't eaten, ate; 11.is still dressing; 12. have read, read; 13. reads, is reading; 14. hasn't had, had; 15. have stayed/have been staying, aren't thinking.

Ex. 23 (p. 51)1. I've lost the needle. I can't find it anywhere. 2. Did you see the film on television yesterday? 3. Her parents bought her a car for her 21st birthday. 4. Her hair is very short now. She has had a new haircut. 5. Last night he arrived home very late. He had a bath and then he went to bed. 6. Did you visit many museums when you were in London? 7. The book isn't on the shelf. Somebody has taken it. 8. When did your father
give up smoking? 9. I didn't have breakfast in the morning because I didn't feel hungry. 10. Why didn't you want to play chess yesterday? 11. The car looks very clean. Have you washed it?

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12. Molly; Hello, James. Is Alan here?
James: No, I'm afraid he's gone out.
Molly: What a pity. When did he exactly go out?
James: About twenty minutes ago.
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Ex. 24 (p. 51) 1. am, have read; 2. have finished, Have a look; 3. Haven't read; 4. Have you brought, have come; 5. have you been, know, went; 6. Has your grandson called on, came; 7. gave, haven't seen; 8. Have you sent for, will come; 9. Have you known, have known; 10. like, have been; 11. haven't been, moved, like; 12. Have seen, has changed; 13. left for, haven't seen; 14. met, haven't heard; 15. was, has changed, is shining; 16. Do you know, have never been; 17. haven't called on, arrived.

Ex. 25 (p. 52) 1. was raining; 2. have breakfast; 3. Has he built, is still building; 4. are you walking, am walking, am afraid, always walk; 5. never wears; 6. was watching TV; 7. comes, is, hasn't come; 8. watch; 9. called on, was reading, finishes, will give/lend; 10. am afraid, have lost, was playing/played, play; 11. hasn't begun, are talking, begins; 12. played; 13. haven't played; 14. is, wrote; 15 . is, has fallen asleep, went to bed.

Ex. 26 (p. 53) 1. because he had left; 2. because she had seen the film before; 3. because I had forgotten it; 4. because she had passed it before; 5. because he had spent all the money; 6. because I had lost the key; 7. that he had got married; 8. that it had returned; 9. that she had been ill for a month.

Ex. 27 (p. 53) 1. had gone; 2. had got; 3. had built; 4. had left.

Ex. 28 (p. 53) 1. He had never seen the sea before. 2. She had never been late before. 3. ... she had never played the guitar before. 4. ... she had never taught at school before.

Ex. 29 (p. 54) 1. The train had just left. 2. Everybody had already gone out. 3. They had just come from school. 4. He had arranged to meet some friends at the club. 5 . I hadn't seen her for seven years.

Ex. 30(p. 54) 1. had gone; 2. went; 3. broke; 4. had broken, stopped.
Ex. 31 (p. 54) 1. hadn't switched off the light; 2. had walked a lot that day; 3. had passed the exams; 4. had shown me the picture; 5. had gone; 6. had died; 7. had left the room; 8. had married her; 9. had read it again.

Ex. 32 (p. 54-55) 1. The sun had risen before he woke up. 2. He had been very ill before he died. 3 . I understood the problem as soon as he had explained it. 4 . She went to the
post office after she had written the letter. 5. The plane had taken off when I drove to the airport. 6. She had read the message carefully before she wrote the reply. 7. I turned on the radio as soon as he had left the room. 8. He went to the cinema after he had had dinner. 9. The man didn't leave till he had received a definite answer. 10. We didn't say a word until he had finished his story. 11. When we reached the football ground the game had already started. 12. John had worked as a skilled builder before he began to study architecture. 13. Harold couldn't leave for home till he had completed everything. 14. The snow was very deep after it had snowed heavily.

Ex. 33 (p. 55) 1. had hardly gone, wandered; 2. had hardly reached, encountered; 3. had scarcely taken, appeared; 4. had started, broke; 5. had... left, broke out; 6. no sooner had they arrived, rang; 7. had the curtains fallen, rose; 8. Hardly had he asked, answered; 9. had scarcely taken, began; 10. had scarcely settled, fell; 11. had nearly stopped, reached; 12. had scarcely said, interrupted.

Ex. 34 (p. 55-56)
I. 1. ate; 2. wasn't, had gone; 3. hadn't played; 4. was, had lived; 5. was, had never seen; 6. had talked; 7. came, had got; 8. returned, had arrived; 9. had gone, got; 10. had fallen/fell, left; 11. had hardly been, came; 12. promised, had got; 13. had they moved, came; 14. went, had expected; 15. showed, was, had seen; 16. came, sat, had been; 17. kept, had told; 18. spent, had heard, had never seen; 19. knew, had come; 20. knew, had made.
II. 1. sat, had arrived; 2. was, had never seen; 3. was, had met; 4. was, had been; 5. was, had gone; 6. came, had... heard; 7. hadn't eaten, went; 8. retold, had held; 9. had gone, came; 10. was, had seen; 11. re-read, had written; 12. had left/left, made; 13. had been, learnt; 14. had already arrived, entered; 15. hadn't gone, noticed.

Ex. 35 (p. 56) 1. had left, began; 2. hadn't risen; 3. hadn't gone; 4. told, had left; 5. had he taken, looked; 6. came, found, looked, had been; 7. had hardly lit, came; 8. had grown, had become; 9. had fallen; 10. had been; 11. had quarrelled, had taken; 12. left, hadn't gone, remembered, had forgotten; 13. had disappeared/disappeared; 14. had closed, opened.

Ex. 36 (p. 56-57)
I. 1. closed, was sitting; 2. arrived, had started; 3. had stopped, was shining; 4. was just leaving; 5. was watching, were exchanging; 6. reached, had already started; 7. realized, was travelling; 8. was looking, found; 9. were you doing; 10. hadn't been, began; 11. didn't allow, was blowing; 12. called, had already got; 13. heard, went, opened, didn't recognize, wasn't wearing; 14. (had) sealed and stamped, went, drew; 15. saw, were you using; was using, had hurt; 16. returned, were, had, had; 17. were walking, heard; turned, held; stopped; 18. arrived, was waiting; was wearing, looked; 19. saw, was painting; 20. was watering, began; 21. was saying, took; 22. said, were working, wanted.
II. 1. had just finished, was wrapping; 2. reached; 3. had come in, was untying; 4. were enjoying; 5. was cycling, fell, hurt; 6. had dried, had powdered; 7. was beginning, was
whistling, were creeping; 8. had moved, was standing; 9. had entered, was movikg; 10. looked out, had approached, had overspread; 11. hadn't taken; 12. hadn'tirisen, were shining/shone.

Ex. 37 (p. 57) 1. Entering, saw, had left; 2. noticed, entered/came in, had left; 3. had hardly read, declared, didn't like; 4. had left, went into, turned off/switched off; 5. was sitting and thinking, hadn't arrived/come; 6. had stopped, there was; 7. didn't know, had left/gone; 8. didn't remember, couldn't/didn't remember, had met; 9. drove, saw; 10. had passed, understood, had; 11. Coming, learnt, had left; 12. came back/returned, talked about, had seen; 13. had finished, knocked; 14. had been, hadn't snowed; 15. had gone, came up/went to, dialled; 16. came back, showed, had done; 17. tried/was trying, had left; 18. was astonished, had made, had passed, saw; 19. No sooner had he come, met; 20. returned, had lived; 21. had parted, returned, went/made for; 22. was, had expected/anticipated; 23. knew, had met; 24. had gone, shut/closed; 25. was daylight, was still blowing, had stopped.

Ex. 38 (p. 58) 1. 'll have translated; 2. will have made; 3. won't have learnt; 4. won't have completed; 5 . will have learnt; 6 . will have come; 7 . will have... gone.

Ex. 39 (p. 58) 1. Oh no, they will have already moved; 2. we'll have made; 3. they will have finished writing it; 4. he'll have already graduated from the Institute; 5. I'll have forgotten; 6. he'll have left; 7. she'll have received; 8 . I'll have gone.

Ex. 40 (p. 58-59) 1. 'Il have been, come; 2. is, 'Il be; 3. are, I'll go; 4. Will you be angry, talk; 5. finish, 'Il have done; 6. am, will have left, Don't worry, I'll drive; 7. 'Il have stopped; 8. think, 'Il see; 9. don't take, 'Il be late, get, will have been over, 'Il miss.

Ex. 41 (p. 59) 1. I'll have finished; 2. 'Il have done, 'Il go to the park; 3. 'Il have passed; 4. will have built; 5 . I'll have written, arrives; 6 . will have left, come; 7. I'll have translated.

Ex. 42 (p. 59)
3. - Will you still be cooking dinner at 12 tomorrow?

- I'll have done the cooking already.

4.     - Will you help Granny to look for her glasses
when you come back w?
5.     - Will you see Jerry in Atlanta when I return?
6.     - Will Keith be at home if I call him up at 8 o'clock?
7.     - Will they be having dinner at 6 o'clock?
8.     - Will you still be repairing the car if I call for you at 6 ?

- she'll have found them already.
- I'm sure, he'll have already arrived,
- he'll have come already.
- they'll have already had dinner by that time.
- I'll have repaired it already.

Ex. 43 (p. 59-60)
II Will visit; gets; 'Il be pfaying; doesn't matter; 'Il go to see; have finished their talk; will have been over; will have had a shower; will have been ready; will have done; will be quite free; arrive, will be having dinner; 'Il be playing; have stopped; will have made; 'Il sit and drink; 'Il go. II. will have finished, is looking forward to teaching; graduates, 'Il begin; think, he'll become; will like; is working hard, knows, flies, may happen, will have no time; studied, helped; will be working; 'Il go, think, he'll havefinished.

## 8. THE PERFECT CONTINUOUS FORMS

Ex. 1 (p. 61) 1. have been working; 2. Has she been sleeping; 3. have been talking; 4. have just been telling; 5. hasn't been feeling; 6. have you been lying; 7. have been trying; 8. haven't been sleeping; 9. have been seeing; 10. hasn't been working.

Ex. 2 (p. 61) 1. You have been working too hard lately. 2. Have you been standing in this cold long? 3. She has been scrubbing the floors for three hours. 4. They have been singing at the top of their voices since morning.

Ex. 3 (p. 61) 1. Have you been waiting for me long? 2. Have you been fighting again? 3. How long has your foot been hurting you? 4. He has been studying for three hours already. 5. I have been learning Spanish since September. 6. Ann has been looking for a job for six months. 7. My brother has been smoking for ten years. 8. They have been working in Manchester since the 1st of March. 9. Howdeep the snow is! Howlong has it been snowing? 10. Your eyes are red. Have you been crying? 11. How long have you been playing chess? 12. How long have you been living in this town?

Ex. 4 (p. 62) 1. Have you been reading; 2. are you doing; 3. has been doing; 4. is working, has been planting; 5. have been playing; 6. have been thinking; 7. have you been swimming; 8. are staying; 9. have been stealing; 10. are laying.

Ex. 5 (p. 62) 1. has been ringing; 2. have been reading, am trying; 3. are the children doing, have been playing, are learning; 4. are leaving, have they been staying; 5. are you thinking, ' $m$ not thinking, ' $m$ counting; 6. is talking, has been driving; 7. have you been doing; 8. have been looking, is waiting.

Ex. 6 (p. 62) 1. is looking at, so he is, have been meeting... lately; 2. are you hurrying, has been waiting for; 3. Are you reading; 4. is wearing; 5. have been wearing; 6. are you waiting for; 7. Have you been waiting for him long; 8. are you listening to; 9. has been teaching; 10. is teaching; 11. have been developing; 12. am developing; 13. are you waving to.

Ex. 7 (p. 63) 1. has changed; 2. have been collecting; have collected; 3. has been reading; have not finished; 4. have been waiting, has gone out; 5. has happened, has been ringing, has answered; 6. have come, have been standing, listening; 7. have ar-
rived $_{f}$ have just been speaking; 8. have you known, have known; 9. have you turned, 've been playing; 10. 've definitely decided.

Ex. 8 (p. 63) 1. 've been reading, 've read; 2. has been sewing, has made; 3. has been skiing, has taken part; 4. has been writing, has written.

Ex. 9 (p:63) 1. has she been travelling; 2. has he translated; 3. has he been translating; 4. have they visited.

Ex. 10 (p. 63) 1. has been typing, has not finished; 2. 've been wasting; 3. has fallen; 4. has been smoking; 5. has been doing, has gone; 6 . has completed.

Ex. 11 (p. 64)
I. 1. Have we met; 2. 've often seen; 3. 've been trying; 4. has been studying, has learned; 5. haven't heard; 6. 've been looking, haven't found, 've been; 7. Have you seen, haven't been, 've been talking; 8. 've been, 've been wandering; 9. 've come; 10. have informed; 11. have been doing; 12. 've loved; 13. 've stayed/'ve been staying.
II. 1. have been thinking, Have you made up; 2. have been struggling, have solved; 3. have been discussing, have been; 4. have been seeing, has put; 5 . have been listening, 've heard; 6. have been waiting, has looked; 7. 've been telling, 've never paid; 8. has been talking, has come out; 9. has been doing, has improved; 10. 've been asking, hasn't answered.

Ex. 12(p. 64) 1.'ve been eating; 2. Have you eaten; 3. are you doing, are picking, have you picked, 've picked; 4. have been shopping, have found; 5. is making; 6. 've been polishing, am tired; 7. have you been doing, 've been pumping, have pumped, Will you help; 8. Have you met, have known; 9. are you making, 've lost, am trying, am throwing, are throwing, live; 10. has just sold, is lucky, has been painting, hasn't sold; 11. 've been doing, haven't done; 12. haven't you brought, Haven't you typed them yet; 13. have you put, can't find, has just gone; 14. has been standing, has already left; 15. has been collecting, got married, has collected, doesn't know.

Ex. 13 (p. 65) 1. are you looking for, are looking for, haven't bought, have-bought; 2. are you doing, am reading, is, have you been reading; 3. is, is working, has been working; 4. are you waiting, 'm waiting, 've been waiting; 5. 've been standing, have they been talking; 6. are you thinking, am thinking; 7. are singing, 've been singing, walked.

Ex. 14 (p. 65) 1. has returned, has been waiting; 2. have been reading; 3. came, was making, was having; 4. did you discuss, 've never heard; 5. 've been; 6. haven't changed, 've recognized, saw; 7. Has... gone; 8. did you go; 9. 've offered; 10. 've been overeating, 've lost, 've lost, told; 11. saw, was driving; 12. hasn't said, got; 13. have been talking; 14. 've been singing; 15. is, is sitting, hasn't moved; left.

Ex. 15 (p. 65-66) 1. do you hear, 've been talking; 2. has changed; 3. haven't seen; 4. 've been; 5. 'm leaving; 6. 'm going, don't begin, come; 7. see, talk; 8. have been living, has been; 9. have been crying; 10. hasn't arrived, are standing; 11. know, 've known; 12. has been listening; 13. rock; 14. asks; 15. has fallen, hurt; 16. Have you heard, has asked, has asked, has been... refusing, Has she accepted; 17. read/have read; 18. has been, has done; 19. has been, has been looking, doing, know, comes; 20. haven't been; 21. has been puzzling, are you looking, 'mspeaking, has made.

Ex. 16 (p. 66) 1. have been listening to; 2. is your son doing, have just phoned; 3. Have you been working; 4. 've been waiting; 5. 've been thinking, said; 6. 've been looking for, have you been doing; 7. 've been trying; 8. are, have been watching; 9. will the mechanic come, 've been waiting for; 10. have been studying; 11. has been raining; 12. haven't been sleeping.

Ex. 17 (p. 66)
I. 1. have just seen; was crossing.; 2. haven't really worked; 3. did he come; 4. hasn't come back; 5. have you been examining; 6. have been working; 7. have already had coffee; 8. has told; 9. were going, told; 10. have been playing; 11. have been working; 12. have heard; 13. did he write; 14. havel seen; 15. has explained; was ill, couldn't call; 16. Have you written.
II. 1. has been training, have made; 2. has taken; left; 3. looked, said, was waiting; 4. have been arguing, have lost; 5. did you speak; 6. Have you known; 7. Have you been waiting; 8. did you begin; 9. are, have you been doing, 've been peeling; 10. left; 11. came up to, opened, waved; 12. have been waiting, has told; 13. am afraid, has changed; didn't tell, saw.

Ex. 18 (p. 67) 1. had been gathering; 2. had been shivering; 3. had already been discussing; 4. had been holding.

Ex. 19 (p. 67) 1. was leaving, had stopped; 2. was, was, had been working; 3. had been listening, wondered; had heard; 4. said, had been teaching; 5. said, had just finished, had been reading; 6. came, brought, had been expecting; 7. had been raining, were.

Ex. 20 (p. 67-68) 1. Yes, it did. It had been raining for 3 hours. 2. Yes, she did. She had been working there for 25 years. 3. Yes, I did. I had been living there for a fortnight. 4. Yes, they did. They had been studying it for 5 years. 5. Yes, they did. They had been working on it for 2 years. 6. Yes, he did. He had been playing football for 6 years. 7. Yes, he did. He had been listening to it for an hour. 8. Yes, they did. They had been walking for 2 hours.

Ex. 21 (p. 68) 1. They had been quarrelling on the way home. 2. Mother had been baking bread. 3. She had been reading too long. 4. You had been dancing all night. 5. Somebody had been using my typewriter.

Ex. 22 (p. 68-69) 1. The lecturer had been speaking for 15 minutes when the deancamejn. 2. Larry had been waiting for half an hour when he realized that he had come to the wrong hotel. 3. My father-in-law had been working in America for 2 years when the war ended.

Ex. 23 (p. 69) 1. had been running; 2. had been talking; 3. was writing; 4. were waiting, had been waiting; 5 . had been standing.

Ex. 24 (p. 69) 1. got, was eating; 2. was, had been talking; 3. went, were expecting; 4. turned, was standing; 5. had been fanning, stopped; 6. was leaving, called; 7. asked, had been looking; 8. were standing; 9. didn't say, had been sleeping, had.

Ex. 25 (p. 70) 1. new, had gone; 2. had been standing, came up; 3. was speaking, saw; 4. had parked, appeared, stood; 5. came, had lived; 6. were talking, came; 7. looked, was sleeping; 8. had left/left, stood; 9. had dressed, went, wrote; 10.welcomed, turned, had been fighting; 11. was reading, appeared; 12. came, saw, had changed; 13. had been sitting, came; 14. was, were having; 15. sat down, had prepared; 16. sat, had left; 17. looked, found, had made; 18. was, had been.

Ex. 26 (p. 70) 1. did... find out, had come; 2. left, had not gone, discovered, was, had left; 3. had been living; 4. enabled, had done; 5. destroyed, killed; 6. had scarcely got, heard; 7. had been looking; 8. drew up, stepped, had been sitting; 9. had rung, was; 10. shouted, was running; 11. picked up, had been reading, came, turned, had stopped; 12. had not eaten, was growling; 13. had arrived.

Ex. 27 (p. 70-71) 1. quarrelled/had a deadly quarrel; 2. was wearing, had not seen; 3. had left, were sitting; 4. met, smiled, asked, had spent; 5 . think, showed, was, had been painting; 6. did not get; had stopped; 7. copied, put, went, had stopped, returned, had, sat down; 8. had been studying, started/began, asked, was finishing; 9. was having a bath, rang; 10. came round/dropped in, had not seen, noticed, had changed; 11. no sooner had they driven, the police stopped; 12. had been travelling, looked, did not feel; 13. had died down, had cleared, was shining; 14. looked, softened; 15. visited, had spent, had planted, was, turned into/grew.

Ex. 28 (p. 71-72) 1. 'Il have been learning; 2. 'll have been living; 3. will have been reconstructing; 4. 'Il have been grumbling; 5. 'Il have been painting.

Ex. 29 (p. 72) 1. graduates from, will have been working; 2. 'Il have been advertising, appear; 3. will have been studying; 4. comes, 'll have been living; 5 . come back, will have been painting; 6 . will they have been running, bring.

## 9. THE REVISION ON TENSES

Ex. 1 (p. 72-73) 1. hasn't phoned, arrived; 2. has happened, left; 3. think, has become, saw; 4. have you been doing/have you done; 5. have been saving; 6 . have you been
doing, look; 7. said; have been looking;'have, never trad, did; 8. have been doing; 9.have been thinking, told; 10. Have you been living, left; 11. are having, watching; 12. has come, Has he been, was; 13. 've just been, Have you seen, did you see, did you go; 14. want, Have you discussed, 've been skiing; 15. am, 've given, am asking, is, 've put, am; 16. are, am not, want, saw, 've been dreading, don't know, do you think, are they still waiting; 17. do you know, is, are having, are, aren't, 've been; 18. Have the children returned, brought, have not cooked, have you been doing.

Ex. 2 (p. 73)
l.1. were you going, met, was going, had forgotten; 2. enabled, had omitted; 3. decided, found out, had begun; 4. was, found, had begun; 5. turned, lay, took, had been reading; 6. took, had put, went; 7. was, came, had said; 8. was, was, sat, circled, was raining, had been raining; 9. looked, wanted, had been; 10. was, had imagined; 11.came, had promised, were waiting, entered, rushed; 12. had been playing.
II. 1. busied, sliced, fired; 2. had been blowing; 3. was, had been, lay; 4. tried, were saying, were, (were) speaking; 5. deepened, stopped, had been pursuing; 6. was not, had expected; 7. had gone, fallen, knocked, begged; 8. had, had, had invited, rang, was; 9. had been listening, hastened; 10. had been, was, found, had gone.

Ex. 3 (p. 74) pulled, tried, became, had pulled, was filling, fell.

Ex. 4 (p. 74) looked; was; had not made, had seen; got, put; turned, washed, dried; brushed, turned, took, left.

Ex. 5 (p. 74) 1. went, opened; took, put; drank, ate; wasn't, had finished, remembered, had promised, would not touch, would clear; 2. sat; heard; wondered, was doing; was; had crossed, was standing.

Ex. 6 (p. 74) went, called; went, stretched, picked; shot, heard; was; spoke, was smiling; areyou leaving; 'll fly, is finished; 'll have; put, came; was, said; know, said; is leaving; is taking; have not seen, have you; have not.

Ex. 7 (p. 75) placed, let; took, put; showed; was, had been painting; had never sold; were; were, were; were.

Ex. 8 (p. 75) was; was, had received; entered, rushed, kissed, shook, told, had missed; spoke, asked; asked, had not come.

Ex. 9 (p. 75) had just finished; went; settled, was leaving, called; is, want; came; obeyed; got, began; was making, did not like; was.

Ex. 10 (p. 75) had not covered, favoured; met, was, took, wanted; had made, was travelling, wanted, was; was, looked.

Ex. 1:1 (p. 75-76) told; knocked? opened; was, looked; was pacing, talked; said, was, have decided.

Ex. 12(p. 76) had gone, went, lit; felt; was passing/had passed, was clamouring; remembered, had had, went; had died, was; found, ate, looked/was looking; was, ate; needed, was; was, went; was; sat, continued; had finished, came.

## Ex. 13 (p. 76)

1. put; looked, were, had not been painted, went; was; looked, was; looked; sucked; longed.
2. told, had won, was; had lived, had gone; had left, was, had combed.

Ex. 14 (p. 76-77) had not been, met; came, was having, introduced; had heard, was, announced, had come; asked, had had breakfast; answered; smiled, showed; was; had not shaved; said, leaned, lit, had offered; did you meet, asked; were doing; smiled, said, was.

Ex. 15 (p. 77) was, was giving; knew; knew; was, had been invited; had accepted; said, would be, permitted; had never seen; has not had, came; works, is; gets, will be, comes; blazed; was packed; overflowed, were sitting.

## Ex. 16(p. 77-78)

I. woke, was burning, had started, hit; had been, were; had been; had missed, had been sleeping; was, took; passed; was, did not want, got, pulled, could; saw, got; did not remember; found, had saved.
II. did you meet, picked, insisted, had, 've had, came, thought, went, got, saw, decided, doesn't sound, isn't, is, is, am going, is, have been looking for, swept, meet.
III. was, waited, had gone, were, sneaked, picked, asked, is, am, was, is, have not met, am, was, said, don't know, are talking, protested, took, met, grew, have got, is, do not know, has certainly never stayed.
IV. was sitting, looked, came, got, wished, believe, is, phoned, wasn't it, was, is, frowned, sat, believe, told, have never heard, have you come, didn't believe, leaned, are you accusing, are lying, know, said, was going, phoned, hadn't worked out, was coming, arrived, was, came, is, know, had been staying.

Ex. 17 (p. 78-79) 1. did you go, went, had left, went; 2. has he gone, think, has gone, goes; 3. Have you lived, did you live; 4. have been expecting; 5. are you doing, am doing, do you do, do, have had; 6. have been walking, are tired; 7. Have you found, lost; yes, I have; did you find, had been; 8. have known each other; 9. went, have been; 10. have already arrived, know; 11. had finished, was sitting, was, had just set; 12. have been waiting; 13. write, 'll go and post, don't know, gets; 14. is, have been peeling; 15. have been, moved, was; 16. Do they write, have been corresponding; 17. have been thinking; 18. haven't seen, moved; 19. have been writing, am; 20. are, have just been talking; 21. has been talking, left; 22. have been playing.

Ex. 18(p. 79) 1. have been thinking, have worked, know; 2. came up, had dropped, stopped; 3. Do you like, love, has been; 4. has always called; 5 . will be constantly ringing; 6. coming back, will stay; 7. has locked, won't go down, leave/have left; 8. saw, had been waiting for, had come; 9. has been going on; 10. know, have lived; 11.was cooking, was tidying up; 12. had hardly entered, broke out; 13. turned away, saw, had sprung into; 14. decided, 'll go, haven't changed; 15. haveyou been feeling; 16. haven't eaten, came; 17. isn't coming, have just spoken; 18. had taken, was smoking; 19. haven't danced; 20. has been raining, think, won't stop; 21. will have finished; 22. discovered; 23. No sooner he had opened, scattered; 24. will be sailing back; 25. are walking; 26. had paled, was growing dark, shone; 27. had put, was sitting; 28. have been dreaming; 29. leaves, don't go, 'Il be late/'ll miss; 30. stayed, returned; 31. got up, came up, wasn't raining, there were; 32. have never felt, do; 33. am leaving; 34. had hardly approached, heard; 35. 'Il tell, 'Il find out; 36. was, had been blowing, had stopped, it was still drizzling; 37. had hardly said good-bye, started; 38. opened, was smoking; 39. 'Il tell, has seen/sees; 40. drove, stopped.

## 11. TALKING ABOUT THE FUTURE

Ex. 1 (p. 83) 1. Lucy is staying with her aunt in the South of France. 2. Roy is taking his younger brother to Canada to his parents. 3. Letty is spending a fortnight in Rome. 4. Peter and John are hiking in the Swiss mountains. 5. Miranda is going round Greek islands on a cruising boat.

Ex. 2 (p. 83) 1. Are you travelling by train? 2. Are you taking a lot of things? 3. Are your animals going with you? 4. Are you letting your flat for the season? 5. Are you renting a car?

Ex. 3(p. 83) 1. are opening; 2. are you going away? 3. open, close; 4. start; 5. does the plane... leave? 6. are going, are you coming; 7. are launching.

Ex. 4 (p. 84)
A.: Let's go to the theatre tomorrow.
B.: I'm sorry. I'd love to, but l'm working late tomorrow.
A.: What about Wednesday then?
B.: I'm afraid, I can't. I'm meeting my parents at the airport.
A.: Well, what are you doing on Saturday evening?
B.: I'm playing tennis this Saturday.
A.: I see. Well, are you free on Sunday evening?
B.: We are having a reunion party at school on Sunday.

Ex. 5 (p. 84) 1. I'm going to speak to him after lunch. 2. I'm just going to make it. 3. I'm going to buy it soon. 4. I'm just going to do it.

Ex. 6 (p. 84) 1.What are you going to wear? 2. Where are you going to hang it? 3. What are you going to buy instead?

Ex: 7 (p. 85) 1. was going to askher; 2: were going to visit it; 3 . was going to attend it:
Ex. 8 (p. 85) 1. 'm going to miss you. 2. They are going to get lost. 3 . He is going to lose it.
Ex. 9 (p. 85) 1. Have you cleaned the car? - Not yet. I'm going to clean it tomorrow. 2. Have you had dinner? - Not yet. We're just going to have dinner. 3. The sky is so blue. It's going to be a fine day. 4. I've decided to make a party. - Who are you going to invite? 5. Did your friends go to Spain on holidays? - No. They were going to, but they changed their mind. 6. The examination is tomorrow. You haven't studied at all, you're going to fail.

Ex. $\mathbf{1 0}$ (p. 86) 1. I think I'll ga for a swim. 2. I think I'll do my homework tomorrow. 3. I'll phone Ann now. 4. I don't think I'll have coffee. 5. I don't think l'll go there on holidays. 6. I don't think I'll go to the cinema. 7 . I think l'll have juice. 8. I don't think I'll go for a walk. 9 . I think I'll go by car. 10. I don't think l'll watch TV tonight.

Ex. 11 (p. 86) 1. I'll go to the cleaner's. 2. I'll do the shopping. 3. I'll wash the dog.
Ex. 12 (p. 86) 1. I'll cook dinner in the afternoon. 2. I'll write to you as soon as I get there. 3. I'll wash it tomorrow. 4. I won't break anything. 5. I'll take them on Sunday. 6. Do you promise notto tell anyone? 7. I'll come after you as soon as I can. 8. promise I won't be angry.

Ex. 13(p. 86) 1. are going; 2. starts; 3. will get; 4. am meeting; 5. are arriving; 6. won't hurt; 7 . will phone

Ex. 14 (p. 87) 1. She'll probably never write. 2. expect they'll stay at her aunt's. 3. am sure he'll phone tonight. 4. think they'll send a cable. 5. am sure he'll come back very soon. 6. expect she'll give you a kiss.

Ex. 15 (p. 87) 1. are you turning on, am going to; 2. I forgot, don't worry, I'll lend; 3. is aching, l'll bring; 4. are you carrying, I'm going to; 5. I've decided, are you going to; 6. There's fire coming out of, I'll call; 7. looks strange, as if it is going to; 8. I'll show; 9. I'll have; 10. Has Anton decided on; is planned, is going to, is going to; 11 . shall we have, don't know, can't make up my mind, come on, hurry up, we'll have; 12. need, Do we?, I'll go and get some, am going to get, Do you want, I need, l'll get; 13. can you take me, l'll take, do you want me to take you, is taking me.

Ex. 16(p. 88) 1. are to; 2. are not to; 3. is (just) aboutto; 4. am (just) about to; 5 . is due to; 6 . is not dueto.

Ex. 17 (p. 88) a future fact; intention; intention; arrangement; a future fact.
Ex. 18 (p. 88-89) 1. She is going to buy him a new record for his birthday. 2. Tomorrow is May 1. It will rain. 3. I was going to see this film yesterday,... 4 . We are meeting/are to meet at the Milk bar. He says he is going to ring me up at 7 .

Ex. 19(p. 89) 1. We'll go to Italy. 2. I'll show you the way. 3. I'm going to visit the Hermitage. 4. rill helpyou.

Ex. 20 (p. 89) 1. I'm staying at the Astoria Hotel. 2. We are going to the Maryinsky
Theatre the first evening I am in St. Petersburg. 3. I'm meeting my Russian teacher the
day after tomorrow. 4. I'm leaving St. Petersburg in a week.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Ex. } 21 \text { (p. 89) a. \#1 } & \text { b. \#2 } & \text { c \#1 } & \text { d. \#1 }\end{array}$

## THE SEQUENCE OF TENSES

## 1. GENERAL RULES

Ex. 4 (p. 94) 1. had; 2. was doing; 3. looks; 4. meant, said, had; 5. was; 6. was doing, intended; 7. knew; 8. was making; 9. was, didn't leave; 10.felt; 11.was.

Ex. 5 (p. 94) 1. had changed; 2. had been buying; 3. had received; 4. had been happening/had happened; 5. had gone; 6. had spent; 7. had done; 8. had lived/had been living; 9. had told; 10. had let; 11. had wanted; 12. had been; 13. had never got married; 14. had been doing;

Ex, 6 (p. 95) 1. had formulated; 2. have ever seen; 3. thought, had made; 4. was going; 5. had been waiting; 6. had returned; 7. was feeling/felt; could go; 8. had put; 9 . had not seen; 10. was going to do, hoped; 11. was hanging; 12. had been living/had lived; 13. had suddenly invented.

Ex. 7 (p. 95) 1. told, was interested in; 2. knew, was thinking; 3. said, would return; 4. knew, was living/lived; 5. knew, had lived; 6. didn't tell, had spoken; 7. thought, received; 8. was glad, had received; 9. thought, would invite; 10. was sure, worked; 11, was sure, was working, didn't enter; 12. told me, had seen; 13. was sure, was sitting; 14. said, liked; 15. was sure, had been living; 16. heard, were; 17. heard, had been; 18. heard, had been working; 19. didn't know, was ill; 20. didn't know, had been ill; 21. didn't know, had known; 22. was told, returned/had returned.

Ex. 8 (p. 86-87) 1. was sure, regretted, had quarrelled; 2. thought, was tired, asked, had been doing; 3. had the impression, had been; 4. nodded, said, it was what she wanted; 5 . said, could not understand, had changed; 6 . suspected, had forgotten to mention, was waiting; 7. have no idea, knows, will be; 8. Does Ted know, is coming; 9. didn't knowyet, would be doing; 10. said, would discuss, returned; 11. thought, would call, received; 12. said, would read, had passed; 13. said; would not go, (had) finished; 14. was afraid, would be angry, didn't come; 15. promised, would talk, saw.

## REVISION

Ex. 1 (p. 96) 1. was happening/had happened; 2. were/would be; 3. returned, was sitting, (was) taking; 4. were, had... been crying; 5. was trying, was; 6. was, saw, said, 've been fighting; 7. would sleep; 8. made, had/had had; 9. would tell, lived; 10. drove, stared; 11.were running; 12. was sitting, (was) eating, came, was, had been, was having, waved, saw; 13. remained, had passed; 14. had fallen, returned, said, had turned, couldn't, had... understood, had happened; 15. had been sitting, sat; 16. looked, was sitting, lay, had been doing; 17. was reading, crossed; 18. were coming, ran.

Ex. 2 (p. 96-97)
I. 1.thought, were busy; 2. said, wanted; 3. hoped, could swim; 4. announced, wanted to go; 5. asked, had; 6. said, must; 7. was sorry, had to stay; 8. said, liked; 9. didn't know, lived; 10. said, was shut (closed) that day; 11.thought, knew; 12. thought, were still playing; 13. said, got up; 14. didn't know, like/liked.
II. 1. Did you know, had gone; 2. didn't tell, had spoken; 3. said, had... had dinner; 4. asked, had got; 5. rang up, found out, had... gone; 6. Did... tell, had accepted; 7. denied, had spoken; 8. Didn't... know, had gone; 9. thought, had graduated from; 10. said, had seen.
III. 1. said, would take part; 2. hoped, would be back; 3. said, would come back; 4. believed, would work; 5. hoped, would be able to go; 6. didn't know, would go; 7. told, would be doing; 8. said, would begin; 9. told, wouldn't wait for; 10. thought, would have.

Ex. 3 (p. 97) 1. said, had been ... busy, hadn't been; 2. was sure, (had) told, had received; 3. was surprised, hadn't told, were going; 4. thought, would read, had... arrived; 5. promised, would tell, had... come back, wanted; 6. was afraid, would tell, couldn't help; 7. knew, felt, was not satisfied; 8. was sure, had already heard, had returned; 9. said, would send, didn't hear; 10. said, was still, was going to see; 11. said, had just come, was leaving for; 12. told, the matter was, think, 'Il be able to help; 13. said, was... busy, hadn't been; 14. said, must revise, wanted to do well at; 15. promised to get, began working on; 16. thought, would be fine; 17. heard, were free, decided, would be able to help.

## DIRECTAND INDIRECT SPEECH

## 1. INDIRECT STATEMENTS

Ex. 1 (p. 99) 1.told, hoped to pass; 2. said, was listening to; 3. said, had made; 4. told, had seen; 5. said, had not read; 6. said, hadn't cleaned; 7. said, didn't want to wear; 8. said, felt tired, had; 9. told, had; 10. said, had not seen.

Ex. 2 (p. 99) 1. "I haven't got..." 2. "I'm pleased..." 3. "I haven't seen..." 4. "Henry is studying..." 5. "I don't want..." 6. "We don't understand..." 7. "You are driving-..." 8. "The children are playing...".

Ex. 3 (p. 99) 1.tells; 2. told; 3. tell; 4. said; 5. tells; 6. said; 7. says.
Ex. 4 (p. 99) 1. are always saying; 2. asked; 3. said; 4. told; 5. says; 6. asked; 7. say; 8. said; 9. says; 10.told; 11. asked/said; 12. said; 13 told.

## 2. INDIRECT COMMAND AND REQUEST

Ex. 1 (p. 100) 1. asked... to take; 2. told... to collect, put; 3. told... not to run; 4. told... to learn; 5. asked... to meet; 6. told... not to go out; 7. told... to open; 8. told... not to go back; 9. asked... to tell.

Ex. 2 (p. 100) 1. asked... to give me; 2. told... not to get off...; 3. asked... to clean; 4. asked... to shut; 5. reminded... to post; 6. forbade... to come into; 7. warned... there was no parking/ parking was not allowed; 8. advised... to visit.

## 3. INDIRECT QUESTIONS

Ex. 1 (p. 101) 1. asked, if... came; 2. asked, if... had got; 3. asked, if... understood; 4. asked, if... wanted to be; 5. asked, if... was going; 6. asked, if... had been.

Ex. 2 (p. 101) 1. asked, were tired; 2. asked, had slept; 3. wondered, went; 4. wanted to know, had been working; 5. asked, would be; 6. asked, had seen; 7. wanted to know, liked/had liked; 8. asked, were working.

Ex. 3 (p. 102-103) 1. asked, what... was doing; 2. asked, where... was going; 3. asked, what... has; 4. asked, who... had caused; 5. asked, when... (had) learnt; 6. asked, where... had put; 7. asked, which... can be divided; 8. asked, when... was going; 9. asked, where... had lost; 10. asked, what... were doing; 11. asked, why... hadn't answered; 12. asked, what the matter was; 13. asked, when... would be ready; 14. asked, why... wore; 15. asked, who... was looking at; 16. asked, who was; 17. asked, when... bought/had bought.

Ex. 4 (p. 103) 1. asked me, began; 2. asked, liked; 3. asked, knew; 4. asked, was working; 5. asked, had been/was; 6. asked, had spent; 7. asked, had had ... made; 8. asked, had read; 9. asked, went/had gone; 10. asked, were going to do; 11. asked, hadn't bought; 12. asked, had passed; 13. asked, had seen; 14. asked, would call/was going to call; 15. asked, was going.

Ex. 1 (p. 103-104)
I. 1. asked, how he felt; 2. remarks, E. is; 3. says, John... seems; 4. asked, who... was writing; 5. says, Jack is, is playing; 6. asked what was burning; 7. replies, she can't understand, he is talking; 8. asked, who had given; 9. says, she'll tell him, she'll be back; 10. asked, how much... spends; 11.says, M. has known; 12. says, $S h$. is, he has... had; 13. asked, who... had visited; 14. says, he was born; 15. says, they didn't have; 16. says, she was; 17. says, when she came... was playing; 18. says, rang, was writing, II. 1. said, he... has; 2. said, he had; 3. said, she was... prepared, came; 4. said, hewas sorry to; 5 . said, he was; 6. said, he was, they wanted; 7. said, John... comes; 8. said, she didn't think, could accuse; 9. said, she was learning; 10. said, the taxi was waiting; 11. said, F. would be; 12. said, she would go, see, went; 13. said, he wouldn't beable to see her; 14. said, they wouldn't do; 15. said, he would wait for; 16. said, she would never forget her; 17. said, she was... grateful for, she had done.

Ex. 2 (p. 104) 1. heard, knew, would go up; 2. thought, preferred to be; 3. heard, would be, ordered; 4. asked, had had/would have; 5. asked, had; 6. was, told, had to go; 7. had, would be; 8. said, would be; 9. promised, would try; 10. told, had happened; 11. asked, had lived; 12. rang, said, didn't like; 13. told, to be, dialed, was; 14. put, belonged, told, had done, returned, treated, went; 15 . wrote, would come.

Ex. 3 (p. 104-105)
I. asked, if I was waiting, invited; asked, what the problem was; said, was/had been run down; asked, stayed/had stayed/had been staying; wondered, why I hadn't kept/hadn't been keeping; explained, met; wanted to know, how I spent/had spent/had been spending; said, went; asked if I had, had to admit, lasted; asked, if I smoked, smoked, asked, smoked; asked, if I took/had taken/had been taking; answered, didn't have/hadn't had time.
II. what to do/what they should do; ordered them to clean; told them not to leave; advised them to shovel; howto get rid/we should get rid of; let's load; what to do/what we should do.

Ex. 4 (p. 105) said, had studied; told me; had put on...; added, had gained; told me, went on, would get; added, had to put; said, would have to live; agreed, could live.

THE PASSIVE VOICE

## 2. USES OF THE PASSIVE VOICE

Ex. 2 (p. 111-112) 1. will be driven; 2. -; 3. were built; 4. -; 5. -; 6. was informed; 7. -; 8. -; 9. must be obeyed; 10. -; 11. can be bought; 12. has to be written; 13. has been sold; 14. is held; 15. has been proved; 16. -.

Ex. 3 (p. 112) 1. was asked; 2. were made; 3. was being played; 4. were told; 5. were built; 6. was solved; 7. was opened; 8. were chosen; 9. was made; 10. was met; 11. was taught.

Ex. 5 (p. 112-113) 1. can/could be heard; 2. is/was praised; 3. is taken for; 4. am/was woken up; 5. was found; 6. was bought; 7. was painted; 8. was broken; 9. will be posted; 10. will be discussed; 11. will be changed; 12. were met; 13 . has been brought; 14 . has just been spilt; 15. has been broken; 16. has been dusted; 17. was shown; 18. was asked; 19. was lent; 20. was sent; 21. was sent for; 22. was listened to; 23. was much spoken about; 24. is often referred to; 25 . was/has been agreed upon; 26. is/was/will be listened to; 27. is always found... with; 28. has never been lived in.

Ex. 6 (p. 113) 1. has been sent for; 2. has been looked after; 3. was being listened to; 4. willbe taken good care of; 5. isn't looked after; 6. will be spoken to/should be spoken to; 7. is listened to; 8. hadn't been taken care of; 9. can be relied on; 10. has been looked upon.

Ex. 7 (p. 113) 1. should be dry-cleaned; 2. is wasted; 3. will be typed; 4. is being repaired; 5 . has been left; 6 . has... been posted; 7. haven't been informed; 8 . have been ordered; 9. isn't stamped; 10. haven't been introduced yet; 11. has been destroyed; 12. can be... done; 13. must be left.

Ex. 9 (p. 114) 1. died; 2. was given; 3. was attended; 4. be held; 5. lined; 6. was drawn; 7. followed; 8. was given; 9. watched; 10. could be heard; 11.turned; 12. whispered.

Ex. 10 (p. 114) 1. may not be used; 2, hasn't been read, haven't been cut; 3. isn't/hasn't been locked or put; 4. are being mended/am having them mended; 5. is used; 6. be left; 7. will be operated on; 8. are being reconstructed, will have been finished; 9. will be exhibited; 10. was being followed; 11. is swept, was not swept; 12. has been spoilt; 13. was left, was found; 14. are built; 15. is being repaired, was... hurt; 16. will be taken; 17. were returned, had been picked up.

Ex. 11 (p. 114) 1. has been swept, mopped, dusted; 2. were told, was being questioned; 3. will be found; 4. was occupied, was quieted; 5. was... done; 6. is being interviewed; 7. would be done; 8. was being watched; 9. had been washed, had been combed, had been removed; 10. had been dragged.

Ex. 12 (p. 115) 1. is being redecorated; 2. is being constructed, will be built/is being built; 3. was built, was known, was erected; 4. is used; 5. had been locked; 6. had been left; 7. was being prepared; 8. had been prepared, had been floored, tented, placed; 9. had been sweetened.

Ex. 13 (p. 115) 1. received, was... looked after; 2. was being prepared; 3. was unlocked, had left; 4. came, had... been served; 5. was greeted, was sitting; 6. was brought, (was) put; 7. (was) closed, dropped, stared; 8. could be/was ...explained; 9. was shut; 10. was
palled, was pushed; 11. was persuaded; 12. came, were driven,; 13. was discussed; 14. was asked; 15.tapped, opened; 16. has been taken.

Ex. 14(p. 115) 1. who built; 2. is... being built; 3. has... been built; 4. are ... built; 5 . will ... be built; 6. is... being discussed; 7. do you discuss/are... discussed; 8. has... been discussed; 9. Had... been discussed, was sent.

Ex. 15(p. 115) 1. was notforgiven; 2. wasn't asked; 3. wasn't asked; 4. was forgiven and forgotten; 5. was envied; 6. was envied, had expected; 7. can be forgiven; 8. am... forgiven; 9. may be asked; 10. may be asked; 11. can be envied; 12. can't be forgiven.

Ex. 16 (p. 116) 1. was shown, is done; 2. was promised; 3. was given; 4. will be served; 5. will be shown; 6. was given; 7. was given; 8. was shown; 9. were not shown; 10. was promised; 11.were... told; 12. Were... shown; 13. Were... offered; 14. was... offered; 15. weren't... told; 16. will... be shown; 17. wasn't... given; 18. will be given.

Ex. 17 (p. 116) 1. are... listened to; 2. was interrupted; 3. was... loved and trusted; 4. is (being) taken care of; 5. was written; 6. was opened, was taken into; 7. wasn't made, was broken; 8. is much spoken about; 9. was being cooked, came up; 10. was dictated, was asked; 11. was being asked, entered, the students were being examined; 12. will be given; 13. has been sent for/was sentfor; 14. will have been completed; 15. hasn't been seen; 16. was told, were being built; 17. was told, should be cooked; 18. will find out, is sent; 19. did ... go, wasn't told.

Ex. 18 (p. 116) 1. was shown, had been done; 2. is spoken of; 3. was explained; 4. was cut off, was sent for; 5. was offered; 6. Can... be relied on; 7. was told, should give up; 8. Were... asked; 9. were thanked; 10. was advised; 11. should be put an end to; 12. will not be asked; 13. were... forbiden/are not allowed; 14. were... dictated.

Ex. 19 (p. 116-117) 1. are taken; 2. was told, had... left; 3. was asked not to... 4. was asked, was told; 5. Will... be given; 6. was approved; 7. are taught, are played with, are entertained; 8. was dictated; 9. will be given; 10. will be taken; 11. was being built; 12. has... been decided; 13. will be taken good care of/will be well looked after; 14. was said; 15. have been taught; 16. should... be done; 17. can't... be done; 18. were... told; 19. hasn't... been doneyet; 20. is being played.

Ex. 20 (p. 117)
I. 1. were shown, is produced; 2. have... been spoken to; 3. are well read, are seldom found; 4. Have... been explained, were not allowed; 5. came, had been restored; 6. was published, had been expected, is being... discussed; 7. don't say, will be laughed at; 8. have been told nothing; 9. Has... been approved yet, is still being discussed, has... been discussed; 10. will be informed, have been sent; 11. was offered, doesn't want; 12. turned on; was being played; 13. didn't know, was being introduced; 14. wasn't paied attention to; was made much fuss of.
II. 1. Is... being done to restore; 2. has never been taken for; 3. has been moved, were sent; 4. must be accounted for; 5. Have... been taught; 6. were treated to; 7. has been stolen; 8. have never been spoken to; 9. ought to be done; 10. can't be repaired; 11. is well spoken of; 12. has been promoted (to)captain; 13. will be told, leaves; 14. was being concealed from; 15. shan't/won't be seen; 16. is being aired, is aired.
III. 1. won't be operated on; 2. was received, was woken up, (was) given; 3. was interested in, were referred to/had been referred to/were being referred to; 4. were considered, wasn't even thought of; 5. was approved, was pointed at; 6 . will be played; 7. were explained, (were) dictated, (were) given; 8. will be taken care of/cared of, will be delivered; 9. couldn't hear, was being said; 10. We'll find out, has been looked after; 11. has been given.

## REVISION

Ex. 1 (p. 118) 1. was looked; 2. had been said; 3. have ... been treated; 4. am paid; 5. was being restored; 6. is being done/has been done; 7. had been turned; 8. has been seen; 9. had been offered; 10. was given; 11. were asked; 12. had been ifluenced; 13. are dealt; 14. had been promised; 15. had... been made; 16. has been lent.

## Ex. 2 (p. 118-119)

I. had been expected, were shown, were detained, were not allowed, had been chosen, had been pointed, was interrupted, had been warned, were being introduced.
II. were being killed, were shot, were thrown, was poisoned, was brought, were held, were leapt, were saved.
III. were found, was being emptied, were dragged, stood, be left, were included, was being sent, was ... connected, was ... discovered.
IV. was given, had been drawn, was ... hampered, is believed, was caused, was observed, were brought, were trapped, were overcome, was taken, is reported.

Ex. 3(p. 119)
I. knew, was, had been deprived, had been taken, had been inserted, needed, was held, were, knew, were left, would become, would be made, was struck, was taken, (was) placed, am going, will be observed, is done, will not be approved/is not approved, will be seen, will be punished, return, were impressed, went, returned, seemed, had passed, was astounded, have been outwitted, were overturned, were spattered, had been thrown, was being fought, was being had, wondered, had not been respected, looked, saw, had been covered.
II. boarded, had been provided with, was fitted, glowed/were glowing, were shut, went out, was, had been, were painted out, imposed, had put, longed/was longing, tried/was trying, was, had worn/had been wearing, had been, clung, set, hadn't occured, had been, had been wandering, had lunched, had been ordered, were needed, had not dined, saw, sat/was sitting, came.

Ex. 4 (p. 120)
$-\pi 83$
A. was walking; was trying; had been promised; was approaching; had been done:loaked at; has been written; thought; have been used; were written; were read; (were) liked; (were) spoken about; are forgotten; had been typed; (had been) sent; can be neither forgiven nor understood; was published;
B. retired; was taken; was known; was liked; became known; was married; had a child; was decided; didn't think; would be spoken about; happened; came; had been seen; were eating; was looking; was seen; were kissing; were met; must be done; must be told; must be stopped; it must be explained to him; was told; was received; had been repeatedly seen; was told; is taking; thought/believed; knew; didn't say; was not asked.

## THE USE OF THE SUBJUNCTIVE MOOD

## 1. CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

Ex. 2 (p. 124) 1.don'tfeel, I'll stay; 2. is; 3. arrive; 4. is; 5. will be, get; 6 . Will... go, invite; 7. am; 8. rains; 9. speak.

Ex. 3 (p. 124) 1. lived, could grow; 2. used, would finish; 3. lived, would be; 4. went, would wake up; 5 . were, would read; 6 . had, could enjoy.

Ex. 4(p. 124-125) 1. If you step on the ice, you'll be drowned; 2. If you drive fast, you'll have an accident; 3. If you ignore the sign, you'll get bitten by the dog; 4. If you smoke here there'll be a fire; 5 . If you ignore the sign, you'll get dirty; $\mathbf{6}$. If you don't obey the sign, you'll be fined.

## Ex. 5 (p. 125)

I. 1. would give; 2. wouldn't make; 3. knew; 4. stopped"; 5. wouldn't come; 6 . would keep; 7. got; 8. wouldn't go; 9. had.
II. 1. knew, would introduce/had known, would have introduced; 2. would get, went/would have got, had gone; 3. had had, could have lent; 4. had liked, would have worked; 5. would not have passed, had not worked.

Ex. 6(p. 125)
I. 1. didn't eat, might lose; 2. had had, might have watched; 3 . went, might not feel; 4. went, might be.
II. 1. could understand, spoke; 2. had, could read; 3. knew, could write; 4. were, could be.

Ex. 8 (p. 126) 1. would go; 2. would learn; 3. would go; 4. wouldn't stop; 5. would be able; 6. couldn't have arrived; 7. could do; 8. could do.

Ex. 9 (p. 126) 1. hadn't been raining, wouldn't have enjoyed; 2. hadn't interfered, would 'have forgotten; 3. had trusted, could have led; 4. wouldn't have been spoilt, had not forgotten; 5. would have known, had been; 6. wouldn't have taken, had been asked; 7. wouldn't have happend, had been; 8. would have gone, had to walk; 9. would have minded, had been dismissed; 10. might have noticed, had opened.

Ex. 10(p. 126-127) 1. had (not) thought, would not have refused; 2. hadn't been, would have noticed; 3. didn't have, would go; 4. there was, wouldn't have to stay; 5. hadn't stopped, wouldn't have enjoyed; 6. had thought, would not have agreed; 7. hadn't been, would have noticed; 8. liked, would buy; 9. hadn't lost, wouldn't have said; 10. knew, would meet.

Ex. 11 (p. 127) 1. would go swimming; 2. could have seen; 3. would have been alone; 4. would go; 5. wouldn't have gone; 6. would have gone; 7. would have had a picnic; 8. would help; 9. couldn't have seen; 10 . could prepare.

Ex. 12(p. 127) 1. would have got; 2. wouldn't have managed; 3. wouldn't keep; 4. would have never learnt; 5. would be; 6. would have spoken; 7. would have gone; 8. would be; 9. would like; 10. would have set.

Ex. 13 (p. 127-128)
I. 1. would have visited; 2. had known; 3. had arrived; 4. had been; 5. hadn't seen;
6. would have offered; 7. had realized; 8. would have stopped; 9. wouldn't have got; 10. wouldn't have tried; 11. had spoken; 12. wouldn't have been; 13. had tried; 14. wouldn't have got; 15. had been; 16. wouldn't have turned; 17. would have taken; 18. hadn't sneezed.
II. 1. had met, would have warned; 2. wouldn't have thrown, had known; 3. could have helped, had asked; 4. would have come, hadn't been; 5 . wouldn't have left, hadn't finished.

Ex. 14 (p. 128) 1. had had, wouldn't feel; 2. wouldn't be, hadn't promised; 3. had gone, wouldn't be; 4. hadn't stopped, might be; 5. hadn't hurt, could play football/could have played; 6. had followed, would be/might be.

Ex. 15(p. 128) 1. might be, had; 2. would be, wrote; 3. had tried, might have stopped; 4. were, wouldn't let/would not have let; 5 . would hate, deceived; 6. hadn't been for, would have got up and gone; 7. could have gone, had wanted; 8. would be, told; 9. wouldn't have got, had asked; 10. were given, might have cried; 11. wouldn't be, turned out; 12. might be, learnt; 13. wouldn't bother, were; 14. had kept, would have missed; 15. might have been, could have joined/might be, could join; 16. would have looked, had told; 17. were, would try/would have tried; 18. had been, would have done; 19. were not, would leave; 20. were, would choose/had been, would have chosen,

Ex. 16(p. 129)
I. 1. but for the cold, would go; 2. But for the bad road, would have come; 3. But for her, would never quarrel; 4. But for this young man, would have been drowned; 5. But for your
help, wouldn't have caught up with; 6. But for his diagnosis, wouldn't have been operated on; 7. But for the weather, would have spent; 8. But for the spelling, would have been, II. 1. But for the scar, would not recognize/wouldn't have recognized; 2. Butfor this call, would have been; 3. But for the accident, would have got; 4. But for my tight shoes, would have enjoyed; 5. But for her tired eyes, would have never given/would never give; 6. But for me, would have forgotten; 7. But for you, would have stayed at home; 8. But for the children, would go/would have gone; 9. But for his leg, would take/would have taken partin.

Ex. 17 (p. 129) 1. had called, wouldn't have been able; 2. but for ..., would have managed to find; 3. had warned, wouldn't have managed to see; 4. couldn't have spoken, had seen; 5. changed, would recognize/had changed, would have recognized; 6. were asked, would... be able to answer; 7. were not, would carry/would have carried; 8. would never leave, had to risk/would have never left, had to risk; 9. don't find, leave a message; 10. hadn't been told, would have guessed; 11. But for the timetrouble, could have won; 12. refuses, 'll try to persuade.

Ex. 18(p. 129) 1. don't find, will be late; 2. had listened, would have understood; 3. were not windy, would go skiing; 4. were a doctor; would help; 5. are open, buy smth; 6. invited, would come; 7. read, would know; 8. were not busy, would go; 9. won't have finished, help; 10. wereyou, would go.

Ex. 19 (p. 129-130) 1. were better, would get/had been better, would have got; 2. doesn't come, will read; 3. would... solve, had to deal with; 4. had entered, would graduate; 5. But for this incident, would have never learnt; 6. had got, would leave; 7. would have never learnt; 8. had not overlooked, wouldn't start it from the very beginning; 9. had to write, wouldn't cite; 10.skied well, would take part/would have taken part.

### 1.1 REVISION

Ex. 20 (p. 130) 1. had realized, wouldn't have come; 2. hadn't told, would have believed; 3. will never agree, is; 4. would be, kept, would have been/had kept/will be, keep; 5. asked, wouldn't know; 6. would be pleased, allowed; 7. will be, come and see/would be, came and saw; 8. happen, 'Il act, has... been written/happened, would act, had... been written.

Ex. 21 (p. 130) 1. had been, wouldn't have come, talked; 2. were, would take/had been, would have taken; 3. calls, can get in touch; 4. don't find; 5. wouldn't understand, were given/ wouldn't have understood, had been given; 6. come across; 7. wouldn't find, asked/wouldn't have found, had asked.

Ex. 22 (p. 130) 1. learnt, would never speak; 2. will be, there is; 3. would feel, came; 4. will miss, leave/would miss, left; 5. arises; 6. would you do, had to do; 7. is/were,
wouldn't like; 8. will be, refuses/would be, refused; 9 . would... think, heard/will... think, hear; 10. hasn't changed/doesn't change, will be; 11 . won't be surprised, is offered/ wouldn't be surprised, were offered.

## Ex. 23 (p. 130-131)

I. 1. But for your help, wouldn't have been able to; 2. had come, might not have happened; 3. had rained, would have got wet through, was wearing; 4. were fond of reading, would find; 5. would... go, were not raining; 6. rains, 'Il stay at home; 7. were to say/said, would think me a lunatic; 8. will be, should change/changed; 9. might have felt, acted, had been; 10 . were not, could/might go; 11. had no, could walk/had had no, could have walked; 12. would feel, didn't keep; 13. wouldn't have missed, had taken; 14. could go, were not; 15. would have liked, hadn't been; 16. would feel, had taken; 17. were you, would spend; 18. would know, read; 19. But for my illness, would have graduated; 20. wouldn't have broken, had been; 21. mightn't have got lost, hadn't been; 22. will come home, am not detained/unless ... am detained; 23. But for the rain, could/might go; 24. would be well, had consulted; 25 . if it hadn't been for his illness, would have moved.
II. 1. hadn't intended to get married, wouldn't have sent; 2. thought, but for Mr. Peggoty, would have been; 3. told/said to; think, is; wouldn't have adopted, weren't; 4. told, should happen, would become, would give; 5. didn't know, had married; knew, wouldn't be going back; 6. had told, might have loved; 7. would be, hadn't married, thought; 8. was a capable boy, could have studied, hadn't been present.

## 2. MAKING A WISH

Ex. 1 (p. 133)
II. 1. my brother had; 2. I could play; 3. my tooth wasn't aching; 4. I sometimes didn't make; 5 . he was coming to see; 6 . I could swim; 7 . I knew; 8 . he didn't drive; 9 . I spoke; 10. I could go; 11. the teacher didn't give us ; 12. my father came; 13 . I lived nearer; 14. our TV set wasn't broken; 15 . I could sell

Ex. 3 (p. 134-135) 1. had won; 2. had heard every word; 3. were calm; 4. had found a taxi; 5. hadn't gone to bed; 6. had answered; 7. had helped; 8. had taken; 9. had gone; 10. had been more attentive; 11. had slept; 12. had read; 13. hadn't rained; 14. had been working harder; 15. had been speaking; 16. were less expensive

Ex. 4 (p. 135) 2. knew; 3. had booked; 4. could drive; 5. would keep; 6. had worked; 7. had seen; 8 . were not going; 9 . would wait; 10 . had brought; 11. had known; 12.could swim; 13. were coming.

Ex. 5 (p. 135) 1. I wish, weren't raining; were fine, could spend; 2. don't know, lives/is living; knew, would... write; 3. I wish, hadn't given... back; had known, needed, would have brought; 4. I wish, lived; 5. didn't... ask; would have helped, had asked; 6. I wish,
had seen; had been on; 7. amfond of reading, have; had, could read; 8. I wish, had been able to; hadn't been, would have gone.
3. REVISION

Ex. 6 (p. 135-136) 1. I wish, hadn't come so late; 2. I wish, hadn't left; 3. I wish, knew; 4. 1 wish, didn't know; 5. I wish, were not so; 6 . I wish, were more; 7. I wish, had followed; 8. I wish, could see; 9 . I wish, could read/read; 10 . I wish, had come earlier; 11 . I wish, would think... over; 12. I wish, had waited for his arrival; 13. I wish, could have met/had met; 14.I wish, hadn't followed; 15 . I wish, hadn't been, (had) listened to/were not, listened to; 16. He wished, hadn't come and (hadn't) taken; 17. were you, wouldn't do; 18. had come, could have never happened/wouldn't have happened; 19. but for you, don't know, would have done; 20. were not so busy, could dine out/hadn't been so busy, could have dined out.

## MODALVERBS

## 2. CAN

Ex. 2 (p. 139) 1. will be able to...; 2. won't be able to...; 3. will be able to...; 4. won't be able to...; 5. will be able to...; 6. will be able to...; 7. won't be able to...; 8. won't be able to...; 9. will be able to...; 10. will beable to...; 11. won't be able to...; 12. won't be able to....

Ex. 3(p. 140) 1. could; 2. was able to...; 3. could; 4. was able to...; 5. was not able to; 6. were able to...; 7. could; 8. could; 9. could, couldn't; 10. could/were able to...; 11. could; 12. was able to... .

Ex. 4 (p. 140) 1. can; 2. could; 3. can; 4. can/may; 5. could have helped; 6. can; 7. will be able; 8. can; 9. can't; 10. couldn't; 11. can't; 12. was able to; 13. could; 14. will be able to.

Ex. 5 (p. 140-141)
I. 1. will be able to speak; 2. can; 3. Can... skate; 4. could walk; 5. could; 6. Will... be able to do; 7. could swim; 8. Could... translate; 9. can buy; 10. will be able to go.
II. 1. was able to advise; was able to reach; 3. couldn't show; 4. can't find; 5. Can/Could I have; 6. can come back; 7. couldn't have written; 8. could paint; 9. could hardly breathe; 10.... can'tyou admit...? 11. Can... prove; 12. Can I hang...?

Ex. 6 (p. 142)
I. 1. Can (could) he understand; 2. Can she... be fond; 3. Can they know; 4. Can she be crying; 5. Can she be looking for; 6. Can they be... fighting; 7. Can they be fond of; 8. Can children like; 9. Can he be telling.

II: 1.'Could he have seen/can't have seen; 2. Could... have been/couldn't have been; 3. Could... have come/couldn't have come; 4. Could... have been dismissed/couldn't have been dismissed; 5. Can... have changed/can't have changed; 6. Can... have done/ can't have done.

Ex. 7 (p. 142) 1. be; 2. have told; 3. be; 4. have said; 5. be; 6. have known; 7. have worked; 8 . have resented; 9 . have been; 10 . have seen; 11. have forgotten; 12 . have won.

Ex. 8 (p. 142-143) 1. can't have been late; 2. can't have read; 3. can't have forgotten; 4. Can... have forgotten; 5. Can... have thought; 6. Can... have lost; 7. couldn't have said; 8. Could... have been; 9. can't be; 10. Can he know; 11. Can he have refused; 12. can't have lost; 13. can't have left.

Ex. 9 (p. 143) 1. Can... have misunderstood/can't have misunderstood; 2. Can... have disliked/can't have disliked; 3. Can... mistrust; 4. Can... have failed to notice/can't have failed to notice; 5. Can... have never received/can't have failed to receive; 6 . Can... have failed to realize/can't have failed to realize; 7. Can... have failed to see; have never seen/ can't have failed to see.

Ex. 10 (p. 143) 1. Can... have never seen/have failed to see; 2. can't have failed to notice; 3. Can... have never learnt; 4. can't have disapproved of; 5. Can she have never told; 6. Can... believe/disbelieve; 7. She can't dislike; 8. can't have misunderstood; 9. can't have failed to; 10. Can... have neverfound.

### 2.1 REVISION

## Ex. 11 (p. 143-144)

I. 1. can; 2. can, won't be able to take part; 3. wasn't able to translate; 4. can; can't repair; 5. was able to repair; 6. can't stop; 7. can, won't be able to answer; 8. will be able to go; 9 . wasn't able to pass; 10. can't go; haven't been able to finish.
II. 1. can't finish; 2. Can you translate; 3. think, 'Il be able; 4. was able to; 5. came, was able to manage; 6 . couldn't speak; 7 . were able to finish; 8 . can't be; 9 . am afraid, will not be able to come back; 10. Can... have sent; 11. am... glad, was able to help; 12. can't have forgotten; 13. knew, would beableto; 14. Can they have failed to inform; 15. cannot be done; 16. can you have failed to recognize; 17. can be found; 18. couldn't have failed to come; 19. could send off; 20. Can... have disliked; 21. could have got, had gone; 22. didn't you come; could have spoken.

## 3. M A Y

Ex. 2 (p. 146-147)
I. 1. may; 2. Can, could, can't; 3. Can, can't; 4. Can, can, can't; 5. May; 6. can; 7. couldn't, can; 8. Can/may, can/may; 9. could, couldn't; 10.could/might; 11.couldn't; 12. may/could; 13. can't; 14. Can.
II. 1. may; 2. may; 3. may, may not; 4. could; 5. Can; 6. Can; 7. Can; 8. Can; 9. Can, can; 10. may; 11.can't; 12. cannot; 13. Can/may; 14. can; 15. may/might.

Ex. 3 (p. 147) 1. may meet; 2. may have left; 3. may have left; 4. may understand; 5. may not have been locked; 6. may not want to see; 7. may write; 8. may have forgotten.

Ex. 4 (p. 147) 1. May/can, you may/can; 2. might have stayed; 3. may have... left; 4. may be still waiting; 5. can get; 6. can see; 7. Can... help; 8. May... use; 9. can't use; 10. mightcome; 11. can't, can... have forgotten; 12. can'tswim; 13. mayneed; 14. may come.

## 4. M U S T

Ex. 4 (p. 150) 1. is to share; 2. have to do; 3. is to meet; 4. must change/'ll have to change; 5 . will have to go; 6 . is... to begin; 7. are to be built; 8 . is to do; 9. am to meet/ am meeting; 10. 'Il have to leave; 11. must; 12. has to wear; 13. must; 14. were to wait.

Ex. 6 (p. 150) 1. does... have to cook; doesn't have to cook; 2. Did... have to sit; didn't have to; 3. Will... have to; won't have to; 4. Did... have to...; didn't have to...; 5. Will... have to...; won't have to...; 6. Do... have to; don't have to; 7. Did... have to...; didn't have to...; 8. Will... have to...; won't have to.

Ex. 7 (p. 150-151) 1. doesn't have to come; 2. won't have to pass; 3. didn't have to water; 4. don't have to/needn't hurry; 5. didn't have to study; 6. don't have to get up.

Ex. 8(p. 151) 1. had to; 2. must; 3. have to be; 4. hadto; 5. are ...to; 6. must/should; 7. is to; 8. is to come; 9. must; 10. are to.

Ex. 9 (p. 151)
I. 1. must see; 2. had to go; 3. will have to wait; 4. is... to come; 5. must/are to give; 6. mustn't /are not to play; 7. Do... have to; 8. were to meet; 9. didn't have to wait; 10. will have to talk to; 11. had to walk; 12. must write/has to write...; 13. are... to be; 14. Must... go.
II. 1. was to become; 2. will have to write; 3. had to wait; 4. was to finish, wasn't able to...;
5. is to go; 6. will have to take; 7. am to bring; 8. had to go; 9. must; 10. had to leave; 11. will haveto come; 12. must... go; 13. is... to come; 14. is to come/be; 15. didn't haveto.

Ex. 11 (p. 152-153) 1. must have been; 2. must have been upset; 3. must have recognized; 4. must be; 5 . must be trying; 6. must be waiting; 7. must be; 8. must have failed; 9. must have known; 10. must be; 11. must have taken; 12. must have been hungry.

Ex. 12 (p. 153) 1. be; 2. must have fallen; 3. must have been; 4. must be; 5 . must have been; 6. must have been; 7. must have been; 8. must have been; 9. must be raining;
10. must have forgotten; 11. must have been; 12. must be; 13. must have made; 14. must have been driving; 15. must have been sent.

Ex. 13 (p. 153)
I. 1. Must have made no; 2. must have had no dinner; 3. must have had no experience; 4. must have given no answer; 5. must take no measures; 6. must pay no attention to; 7. must have no books; 8. must have got no answer; 9. must have got no money; 10. must have taken no trouble.
II. 1. Probably, haven't come; 2. Probably, don't know; 3. Evidently, hasn't been done; 4. Probably, isn't; 5. evidently, hasn't taken/did't take much time; 6. will probably come.

Ex. 14 (p. 153) 1. must know; 2. must be; 3. must have taken; 4. must have been; 5. must laugh at/be laughing at; 6. must have lived; 7. must be raining; 8. must have stopped; 9. must have been repairing.

Ex. 15 (p. 154) 1. have to work; 2. will have to talk; 3. had to wait; 4. had to apologize; 5. has to be bound; 6. have to get up..., don't you?

### 4.1 REVISION

Ex. 16 (p. 154) 1. must be; 2. must have been reading; 3. must have failed to realize; 4. must be tired; 5. must be eating; 6. must have been expecting; 7. must have never found; 8. must have got.

Ex. 17 (p. 154) 1. do; 2. follow; 3. have got; 4. be doing, be; 5. be; 6. have got; 7. be; 8. have got frightened.

Ex. 18(p. 154) 1. must read/have to read; 2. must be reading; 3. had to cook; 4. must have been cooking; 5. had to go/was to go; 6. must have gone; 7. must talk to/are to talk to; 8. must be speaking; 9 . had to write; 10. must have written; 11. must have been writing.

Ex. 19 (p. 154-155) 1. must be waiting; 2. is to wait; 3. must live; 4. must be living; 5. must read; 6. must be reading/must read; 7. am to stay/must stay; 8. must be staying with; 9 . must be waiting for; 10. you have to look; 11. must have forgotten; 12. must have been writing.

Ex. 20 (p. 155) 1. must learn/had to...; 2. must not learn/didn't have to learn; 3. don't make noise, must be sleeping; 4. nobody must have told; 5 . were to come; 6. must have forgotten, were to come; 7. didn't have to wait, did you? 8. won't have to wait.

Ex. 21 (p. 155) 1. was to begin, had to be delayed; 2. had to stay, had; 3. Do you have to get up/Must you get up; 4. agreed; was to come, was to wait; 5. was, didn't have to go; 6. came home, were to call on me; 7. was to finish, was not able to do it; 'll have to finish; 8. do you have to go/are you to be; 9. Did you have to wait, didn't have to wait;
10. hasn't come; is to be; will have to wait; 11. had to type, must have been tired and made; 12. must be; 13. must be tired; 14. must be; 15 . will haveto learn; 16. had to pay.

## 5. SHOULD AND OUGHT

Ex. 4 (p. 157) 1. have remebered; 2. obey; 3. have eaten; 4. have allowed; 5 . have run/ run (in general); 6. have taken; 7. have taken; 8. have been finished, 9 . have eaten; 10. have gone out; 11. have crossed; 12. have checked; 13. have warned; 14. have waited.

Ex. 5 (p. 157) 1. should know; 2. must have been; 3. must tell; 4. should have been; 5. must/ ought to; 6. should have apologized; 7. should consult; 8. shouldn't have said; 9 . should have known; 10. should have been; 11. should give.

Ex. 6 (p. 157) 1. ought to respect; 2. have to; 3. had to.
Ex. 7 (p. 157) 1. a) must; b) should; 2. a) should; b) must; 3. a) must; b) should; 4. a) must; b) should; 5. a) must; b) should.

Ex. 8 (p. 158) 1 . had, should have reminded; 2. shouldn't have told, had to do; 3. should have; 4. had to do; 5. shouldn't have let, should have explained; 6 . had to tell.

Ex. 9 (p. 158) 1. must have missed, should have been; 2. must have spoken; 3. shouldn't have spoken, might have hurt; 4. shouldn't have closed; should have aired; 5. was to happen; 6. should have read, must be; 7. didn't have to carry; 8. shouldn't worry, should keep yourself in hand; 9. did... have to wait; 10. don't have to get up; 11. must have been; 12. was to come over/call on; 13. can be bought; 14. must be raining; 15. don't have to/needn't cook; 16. must have been discussing; 17. should find/should have found.

## 6. NEED

Ex. 2 (p. 159) 1. needn't have sent; 2. needn't have washed up; 3. needn't press; 4. needn't have been reminded; 5. needn't have helped; 6. needn't have called.

Ex. 4 (p. 160) 1. needn't hurry; 2. needn't have come; 3. shouldn't give; 4. needn't have returned; 5. needn't have helped/shouldn't have helped (different meanings); 6. needn't go.

Ex. 5 (p. 160) 1. don't haveto go; 2. needn't go out; 3. won't have to go; 4. needn't go; 5. don't have to; 6. needn't go, can send; 7. could do, didn't have to go; 8. needn't have gone/didn't have to go (different meanings); 9. needn't have bought; 10. don't have to stay; 11. didn't have to buy; 12. needn't have bought; 13. needn't have come; 14. needn't have gone into detail; 15. needn't have used; 16. didn't have to use.

## 7. REVISION

Ex. 1 (p. 160-161) 1. can/may, can/can't/may not; 2. should/ought to; 3. 'Il have to; 4. can't/mustn't; 5. can't, have to; 6. won't have to, can; 7. needn't, can; 8. shouldn't; 9. don't haveto; 10. is to; 11. mustn't/ shouldn't; 12. needn't; 13. may/can; 14. has to; 15. must; 16. are to; 17. must/can; 18. don't have to; 19. Can/may, needn't, can/may; 20. was to; 21. can, can't; 22. can; 23. should/must; 24. were to.

Ex. 2 (p. 161) 1. must be over; 2. can't say; 3. must have told; 4. must have taken; 5. can't have broken; 6. may have been ashamed; 7. must have sent; 8. can; 9. must have watched; 10. can't have left; 11.can't have failed to recognize; 12. must/may have helped; 13. mast be; 14. must have written; 15. can... be; 16. must have been delivered; 17. can... fail to remember/have forgotten.

Ex. 3 (p. 161) 1. is to be; 2. can be; 3. may be; 4. may have been, mayn't have been; 5. must have been; 6. was to be; 7. can't have been; 8. May... have been; 9. Can... have been; 10. can't be true/have been true; 11. Can... be true; 12. must be true; 13. might be true; 14. might be true; 15. might have been true; 16. must have been true; 17. must have been mistaken; 18. must be mistaken; 19. can't have been mistaken; 20. Can... have been mistaken; 21. Can't have misunderstood.

Ex. 4 (p. 161-162) 1. could, doesn't have to; 2. might be able to help; 3. could I do, I must do; 4. should have asked; 5. might have to; 6. didn't have to visit; 7. may say, might have to wait; 8. was to come; 9. should have read; 10. could it be; 11. needn't have worried; 12. could be found; 13. might laugh at.

Ex. 5 (p. 162)
l. 1. must go, am to meet, must be waiting, will have to take; 2. was to be knocked down, had to move; 3. might have warned, wouldn't have to wart; 4. needn't have gone, could have come; 5. shouldn't have spoken; 6. should have thought; 7. needn't have booked; 8. Can/could... ask; 9. could go; 10. Can... have believed, must have madefun.
II. 1. had to move; 2. were to dine; 3. will have to study; could come, would help; 4. probably didn't tell, may be packing; 5. didn't have to get up; 6. shouldn't pay attention; needn't worry; 7. must have read; should read, could discuss; 8. shouldn't have spoken, might have taken offence/been hurt; 9 . won't be able to.

Ex. 6 (p. 162-163) 1. must have put, was not able to get; 2. was to speak; 3. might have been; 4. must have met, may have met; 5. shouldn't have told, should have kept silent; 6. Can he have never heard; 7. evidently, didn't have time, mightn't have found; 8. probably will have to wait, is able to see; 9. was to be operated; had to be postponed; 10. can't fail to know; 11. must have prepared; 12. probably, didn't prepare...; 13. must have had no time, had to/will have to spend, should be ready; 14. could... help, may have to leave.

Ex. 7 (p. 163) 1. must... do; a) can do; b) must/'ll have to do; 2. can... see; a) certainly, you can; b) no, you can't; 3. can/may... swim; a) can't, may fall ill; b) can/may; 4. Must... write, can... make corrections; 5. can... come, needn't come; 6. could you come; 7.I wonder if I could ask; 8 . I wonder if you could come/could ... come.

Ex. 8(p. 163-164)
A. 1. why shouldn't I have a new dress made? 2. could walk; 3. could you make; 4. should fit; 5. needn't worry; 6. shall fit; 7. will you let; 8. when shall I come? 9. must have taken; 10. I'll have to do; 11. Can ... have made a mistake; 12. may have put on some weight; 13. should beall right; 14. should have warned; 15. won't work; 16. had todo without.
B. $\backslash 1$. must be talking; 2. might have been; 3. could he refuse; 4. could get; 5 . must find; 6. must have forgotten; 7. must be eating; 8. can't be shortage; 9. can't ... fail to remember/he can afford to forget; 10. there must be; 11. can't refuse; 12. had to win; 13. musthave fallen down; 14. can... have asked for/l can't have asked for.

## THE NOUN

## 1. FORMATION OF NOUNS

Ex. 4 (p. 167) 2. smoker; 3. pianist; 4. amateur; 5. assistant; 6. donor; 7. historian.
Ex. 5 (p. 167) 2. excitement; 3. friendship; 4. happiness; 5. admittance; 6. discovery; 7. production; 8. childhood; 9. journalism; 10. efficiency; 11. arrival; 12. pollution; 13. explanation; 14. musician.

Ex. 6 (p. 168) 1. agreement; 2. investigation; 3. description; 4. improvement.
Ex. 7 (p. 168) 1. inspector, inspection; 2. oppressor, oppression; 3. composer, composition; 4. producer, production; 3. conductor, conduct; 6. supporter, support.

Ex. 8 (p. 168) 1. unemployment; 2. interconnection; 3. dishonesty; 4. misinterpretation; 5. indifference; 6. misfortune; 7. independence; 8. unimportance; 9. insecurity; 10. preelection; 11.reconstruction.

Ex. 11 (p. 168-169) 1. a teacup; 2. a department store; 3. lifeboat; 4. handcuffs.

Ex. 12 (p. 169) 1. classroom; 2. hometask; 3. homework; 4. reading-room; 5. diningroom; 6. newspapers; 7. weekend.

## 2. CLASSIFICATION OF NOUNS

## Ex. 2(p. 171)

I. 2. U; 3. C; 4. U; 5. C; 6. U; 7. U; 8. U; 9. C
II. 2. U; 3. C ;4. U; 5. C; 6. C; 7. C; 8. C; 9. U; 10. C

Ex. 3 (p. 171) 1. collective; 2. multitude; 3. multitude; 4. collective; 5. multitude; 6. multitude; 7 . collective; multitude.

Ex. 4 (p. 172) Possible answers: 1. is; 2. are; 3. were; 4. was; 5. have got; 6. are; 7. doesn't think; 8. are requested; 9. were practising; 10. are having, will come; 11. is playing; 12. are; 13. have been discussing; 14. has decided; 15.was; 16.were; 17. was; 18. were; 19. is; 20. has been; 21. is.

Ex. 5 (p. 172) 1. are not, didn't believe a word; 2. the crew stop; 3. the news is; 4. There is important information; 5. The company are sitting; 6. are of the opinion; 7. the staff were all gathered; 8 . The staff is small.

## 3. THE CATEGORY OF NUMBER

## Ex. 3 (p. 175-176)

I. 1. shelves; 2. several dozens; 3. one tooth; 4. wolves; 5 . The children were; 6 . some photos; 7. information; 8 . several pairs; 9. two mice; 10. Two oxen; 11.Very strange phenomena were; 12. hair was.
II. 1. the sheep; 2. feet; 3. These are lady-birds. 4. Where are the knives? 5. These factories have good laboratories. 6. The last leaves, trees; 7. These stories are...; 8. The speeches were...; 9. the keys on the tables; 10. Where are the brushes? 11. plays; 12. The roofs of the houses were...; 13. The wives of the sailors...; 14. ...has a lot of geese.
III. 1. A mouse lives... 2. The key to the box was... 3. The wolf has been... 4. The fish was... 5. a good postman... 6. The cargo...

Ex. 4 (p. 176) 1. are; 2. are; They; 3. have; 4. these; They; 5. are; 6. is; 7. have; 8. are not, are; 9. don't.

Ex. 5 (p. 176) 1. is; 2. is; 3. do; 4. was; 5. were; 6. was; 7. were; 8. were, was, was; 9. was; 10.was; 11.were.

Ex. 6 (p. 176-177)
a) 1. the stairs lead; 2. his advice was; 3 . The data were/the information was; 4. the same data/information; 5. This money is not mine. 6. had little; 7. His knowledge; 8. Your knowledge isn't enough; 9 . a job/ work; 10. What news; 11.The news is known....
b) 1. this watch; it is; 2. Your watch/clock is; 3 . the gate was closed; 4. The sledge is; 5. The export of the goods has increased...
c) 1 . which of the sheep will be sent...;2. The cargowas...; 3. His clothes are...; 4. There were very few people there. 5. Potatoes are...; 6. Carrots are...; 7. The fruits are...; 8. His wages are..,; 9. The contents... were; 10. ... is famous for its wines.
d) 1. There are five fish, one fish; 2. The news is; 3 . Whose money is this? 4. a lot of swine and sheep; 5. Your money is; Take it. 6. Our winter vacation is over. 7. this information/these data; 8. Your advice. 9. the attention of all the passers-by....

## 4. THE CATEGORY OF CASE

Ex. 1 (p. 178) 2. two days' journey; 3. -; 4. -; 5. my daughter Helen's birthday; 6. -; 7. seven years' work; 8. the Earth's surface; 9. the Commander-in-Chief's orders.

Ex. 2 (p. 178-179) 2. the chemist's; 3. my aunt's; 4. at the Hart's.
Ex. 3 (p. 179) 2. my friend's bag; 3. the actress's career; 4. Mr Brown's signature; 5. the students' mistakes; 6. women's club; 7. a girls' school; 8. the guest room; 9. James's umbrella; 10. at Mike's.

Ex. 4 (p. 179) 2. -; 3. the ship's crew; 4. no one's fault; 5. Eliot's poetry; 6. -; 7. -; 8. -.
Ex. 5 (p. 179) 2. the doctor's surgery; 3. the piano keyboard; 4. our director's secretary; 5. Queen Elizabeth reign; 6. no one's responsibility; 7. the front door knob; 8. Scott's journey; 9. the company's manager; 10. The book cover; 11.The factory gate; 12. my mother's book; 13. The office phone; 14. The film critic; 15. the twins' mother; 16. my husband's sister.

Ex. 6 (p. 180) 1. my son's photo; 2. the dog's eyes; 3. the top of the page; 4. the students' club; 5. today's newspaper; 6. a month's holiday; 7. your wife's name; 8. the name of this street; 9. Mike's parents' car; 10. Rosa's love; 11.company's new manager; 12. the leg of the table; 13. the ground floor ofthe building; 14. Don and Mary's children; 15. the economic policy of the government/the government's economic policy; 16. my aunt and uncle's house.

Ex. 7 (p. 180) 1. at my friend's...; 2. Moscow's theatres...; 3. Britain's exports...; 4..., evening newspapers.

Ex. 8 (p. 180) 1.two days' work; 2. an hour's rest; 3. ten minutes' walk.

## тне ARTICLE

## 1. the USE Of articles WITH common Nouns

Ex. 2 (p. 184) 1. 90 rubles a kilo; 2. twice a day; 3.100 km an hour; 4. once a day; 5. three times a week; 6. 20 rubles a litre.

Ex. 3 (р. 184) 1.-; 2. a; 3. the; 4. a; 5. a; 6. -; 7. -; 8. -; 9. a/one; 10.-; 11.a; 12.the; 13. -; 14. the; 15.the; 16. the.

Ex. 4 (p. 187-188) 1. a, -; 2. a, one of the; 3. the; 4. an, -; 5. a, -; 6. -, a; 7. a, the; 8. the; 9. a, the; 10. a, a; 11. a, -, a; 12. A, -... -; 13.the; 14. an; 15. -, "... -; 16. The; 17. an, a, the; 18. the, a, the, -; 19. A, her, the, -/the; 20. A, the, -, the; 21. the; 22. the, a; 23. the, the; 24. the; 25. the, the/your, the.

Ex. 5 (p.188) 1. -; 2. The; 3. -; 4. the...; 5. -, -; 6. the; 7. the... -; 8. -; 9. the... -; 10.-...-; 11.-; 12. -; 13. The...-... -; 14. -...-; 15. -...-; 16. the.

Ex. 6 (p.188-189) 1.a, the, the, a, a, a; 2. An/The; The... the; 3. an, the; 4. the, the; 5. the, the, the, $a /(-) ; 6$. the, the/a, the, the/a, the; 7. The, the, the, (-); 8. a, the; $9 .(-)$, the; 10. the.

Ex. 7 (p.189) 1. the; 2. the human race... man... the dinosaurs; 3. the gods... God; 4. (-), (-), (-), the, (-); 5. the Navy... the Army; 6. the President; 7. President.

Ex. 8 (p. 189)
I. 1. a; 2. a; 3. a; 4. the; 5. the; 6. the; 7. a; 8. the; 9. the; 10. the; 11.the; 12. the; 13. the; 14. the; 15 . the; 16. the; 17. the; 18. the; 19. the; 20. the; 21. the; 22. the; 23. the; 24. the; 25. the.
II. 1. a; 2. an; 3. a; 4. an; 5. the; 6. the; 7. the; 8. the; 9. the; 10. the.

Ex. 9 (p. 189-190) 1. a carriage; 2. The carriage; 3. a group; 4. The group; 5. a young talented actress; 6. the... actress; 7. the clock; 8. a clock.

Ex. 10 (p.190) 1. a room; 2. the room; 3. The knife; 4. a knife; 5. a/the knife, some bread; 6. a lake; 7. The lake; 8. The lock; 9. the lock; 10. - locks; 11. a/the lock; 12. oranges; 13. The oranges; 14 . an orange; 15. the orange.

Ex. 11 (p. 190) 1. The door; 2. a telephone; 3. The telephone; 4. the hall; 5. - dogs; 6. the dog; 7. a dog; 8. The pen; 9. -pens; 10. a coat; 11.the coat; 12. the key; 12. flats... the house; 13. the sets; 14. the set; 15. - sets.

Ex. 12 (p. 190)
I. 1. - advice/a good piece of advice; 2. The advice; 3. the news; 4. The news; 5. - good news; 6 . such -information; 7. the information; 8 . - bad weather; 9 . the weather; 10 . the money.
II. 1. - friendly advice; 2. - such weather; 3. - nasty weather; 4. the day; 5. an... visit; 6. -news; 7. a job/-work; 8. - work; 9. - great progress; 10. - success.

Ex. 13(p. 190-191) 1.the door, the postman; 2. the theatre, the play; 3. the mountains, the sea, the country; 4. a postman; 5. the centre, a new market; 6. the kitchen; 7. the Portugese, the Spanish; 8. the Germans, the Japanese; 9. a mistake; 10. a market place; 11. The market; 12. a camp; 13. The camp; 14. The post office; 15. a letter; 16. the/his letter.

### 1.4 REVISION

Ex. 14. (p.191) 1. a; 2. -, -; 3. a; 4. a, the; 5. a, an/the, the; 6. an; 7. the, a; 8. a, the, the; 9. a, the; 10. a, the; 11.a; 12.-; 13.-; 14. a, -; 15. the, the, the, the, the, the.

Ex. 15. (p.191-192) 1. a word, the parlour; 2. The room, the staircase; 3. a word, a sound; 4. The sky, the window; 5. a man; 6. the drama; 7. -... men; 8. a word, a... note; 9. - man; 10. the sun, the earth; 11. a cottage, a mansion, a... hall, a... gallery, -rooms, - closets; 12. a... man, a ... face, - ... hands; - woman; 13. the... woman, the world; 14. the strongest; 15. a... hat, the very; 16. the rich; 17. The room, the fireplace, the corner, the best...; 18. an hour, the schoolroom, the top, the house, the children; 19. the very; 20. a... street, a...house, the windows, a woman, the table; a seamstress; 21. The man, -... trousers, a... shirt, the neck, the lapels; 22. the street, the... windows, the place. The... door, the house; 23. the very moment; 24. a... house, a lawn, a... garden, the side, a kitchen garden, the rear, a wall; The house, a... house; 25. The bartender, a... man, a vest, an apron, -... arms, a... nose; 26. -... parties, - men, the same, the same, the same, the same, - birds; 27. The old man, the house, the same; 28. the wicked; 29. - arm, - arm, a hump, - rabbit-holes; 30. the most, the family, a... face, the lips. The eyes, the brow; a girl.

Ex. 16. (p. 192) 1. the earth, the sky, the sun; 2. a dozen; 3. the compass; 4. a week, the cottage; 5. the house, the window, a face; 6. the story, the sofa, have a talk/chat; 7. a beautiful butterfly, the wall; 8. a key of her own; 9. the old, the young; 10. the right advice; 11.visitors, the wrong bell; 12. have a look, the house; 13. a word, a note.

## 2. THE USE OF ARTICLES WITH NOUNS OF MATERIAL AND ABSTRACT NOUNS

Ex. 1 (p. 194) 1.-tomato juice; 2. - concrete, - stone; 3. an ice-cream; 4. - oranges; 5. - mahogany; 6. - cotton, - wool; 7. an ice-cream, - ice-cream; 8. an ice-cream; 9. have - egg; 10. an egg, - coffee; 11. -black coffee, - sugar.

Ex. 2 (p. 194)
a. 1. -fish; 2. the fish; 3. some, some ham, some; 4. -wine, a plate of - oranges, - ... sugar; 5. - silence, the soup, an ... soup, - fish, the fish, champagne; 6. some coffee; 7. - coffee, - bread; 8. The rest, - cheese; 9. some gruel; 10. - stone.
b. 1. the water; 2. - blood, - water; 3. the wine; 4. - wine; 5. -, the bread, (the) meat, (the) beer, the landlady; 6. -... hair; 7. The coffee; 8. any opportunity, the telephone, (some) coffee; 9. the bar, (a) coffee, (a) brandy, - coffee, a talk; 10. - leather; 11. pears, some/a chicken, some tongue, some cheese; 12. -lead; 13. the grass, the garden, - hard work.

Ex. 3 (p.195) a little fish; any salmon; - caviar; - caviar; the cheapest dish; the menu; a mutton chop; - meat; - drink; (some) white wine; - champagne; - water; the caviar; the salmon; -art; -literature; - music.

Ex. 4 (p. 195) 1. The water; 2. - water; 3. some water; 4. The snow; 5. - deep snow; 6. The tea; 7. -tea; 8. some sugar, the tea; 9. a lemon, - tea; 10.-Iemon; 11. the lemon; 12. The juice; 13. orange juice; 14. The juice; 15. some bread and butter; 16. some milk; 17. - Milk; 18. some butter, the soup; 19. the butter; 20. - milk, -tea, coffee; 21. a very good tea and coffee; 22. The coffee, - coffee; 23. the butter; 24. oil, - gas; 25. some meat and vegetables, the vegetables, the meat; 26. - boiled milk, the milk.
3. THE USE OF ARTICLES WITH PROPER NOUNS

Ex. 1 (p.198-199) 1. the Ritz; 2. Montague Road; 3. Brown's... the Hilton; 4. London... Buckingham Palace; 5. Leoni's... the Globe Theatre; 6. Oxford Street... Oxford Circus; 7. London Bridge; 8. The Senate; 9. the Tate Gallery, London; 10. the Labour Party; 11. the Queen Elizabeth; 12. Westminster Abbey; 13. the Times; 14. the Pravda; 15. Congress; 16. Whitehall, Downing Street.

Ex. 2 (p. 199) 1.the sky, the Arctic, Greenland, the Andes, the Pacific; 2. the Riviera, the Caucasus; 3. - Lake Baikal; 4. -Elbrus, - Europe; 5. The Hague, the Netherlands, the North Sea; 6. the South East, England, the North; 7. the Suez; 8. The Sahare, - North Africa, the Atlantic, the Nile; 9. The Philippines; 10. The West Indies, - North, - South America; 11.the Mediterranean, the Adriatic.

Ex. 3 (p. 199-200)
I. 1. The Queen Mary, Queen Mary; 2. the Forsytes; 3. an English Leonardo da Vinci; 4. Chekhov; 5. a Pullman; 6. Mrs Thatcher; 7. - Mr Tarantino; 8. the McCartney; 9. Mother, a ...whisper.
II. 1. The Willowbys; 2. the Beatrice; 3. the father, the daughter; 4. - professor Keitel, the man; 5. the Pat; 6. a Napoleon, the game, - power, a Leonardo, -knowledge; 7. Doctor Hitchkock; 8. -poor Edward; 9. -, the only; 10. the Mr Keaton.

Ex. 4 (p. 200) 1. The Cordillera, - in North America; 2. The banks of the Rhine; 3. Elbrus; 4. - Marlow, the Thames; 5. The Mediterranean Sea, - Europe, - Asia, - Africa; 6. - Venice ... the Adriatic Sea; 7. - Livingston, - Central Africa; 8. - Hyde Park; 9. Bavaria.

Ex. 5 (p. 200) 1. a Mednikov; 2. the Corman, the Camerons; 3. The Konstantinovs; 4. a Clapton, the Claptons; 5. - Krylov, a Russian La Fontaine; 6. The Moscow, the Moscow; 7. - T.V.Michurin, the village of Dolgoe, - Kozlov, The Michurins; 8. The Crimea, the Caucasus, the Black Sea; 9. a Shemyakin; 10. - Tolstoy, the Tolstoy... "Peter the First".

## 4. SPECIAL DIFFICULTIES IN THE USE OF ARTICLES

Ex. 1 (p. 203) Names of seasons 1. the day, the coming on, - night, the air; 2. all the nature; 3. the winter, a very bad time, - bread; 4. The summer, an end, -early autumn; 5. a lovely evening, - spring time, the year; 6. the autumn, the year; 7. a declining sun, a little Wiltshire village; 8. an election, the spring; 9 . a cold fall, the wind, the mountains.
Bed, school, prison,town 1. an old town; 2. the way, to - town; 3. a girls' school; 4. the school, a... good one; 5. a lawyer, in - prison; 6. in -town; 7. a certain town, a workhouse; 8. The hospital; 9. -church; 10. the ...truth,-prison; 11.bed; 12.-town; 13. the rector, - bed; 14. - prison, a quarter, a century.

Ex. 2 (p. 203-204)
I. 1.- summer; 2. - autumn; 3. - early spring, the day; 4. - summer; 5. the spring; 6. the summer; 7. the spring; 8. the winter; 9. - winter, - summer; 10. the winter, - spring. II. 1. in bed; 2. the bed; 3. to school; 4. the ... prison; 5. - school; 6. the institute, at school, a village; 7. in - bed, a sleepless night; 8. a hospital; 9. at midnight, to bed, supper; 10. on the bed; 11.a hospital; 12. in the morning, to school.

Ex. 3 (p. 204) Day, night, morning, evening 1. a night; 2. - sundown; 3. the night; 4. the evening; 5. - evening; 6. The sun, - late morning; 7. The morning; 8. - early morning; 9. an ideal night; 10. the night, - head, - foot; 11.the afternoon; 12. - night; 13. the morning; 14. a bad night, a rather... night; 15. a... night; 16. - night; 17. a... afternoon; 18. the morning, the Park; breakfast; 19. a... morning, the telephones; 20 . the... silence, the night.

Ex. 4 (p. 204) Names of meals 1. to - dinner; 2. - breakfast, the terrace, the hotel; 3. a good dinner, 4. a big lunch; the... day, the end, the week, a... dinner; 5. a good dinner; 6. The dinner; 7. a... bath, a... dinner; 8. - supper; 9. - dinner, a few.

Ex. 5 (p. 204-205) 1. The morning was cold and windy. 2. It was a warm summer evening. 3. Night came and the travellers decided to have a rest. 4. He writes from morning till night. 5. He spent a/the night at his friend's. 6. He spent a sleepless night and was very pale. 7. It's very nice to go to the country on a clear summer day. 8. Day and night he was thinking of one thing only. 9. It was a wonderful morning, sunny and quiet. 10. It was early morning, everybody in the house was sleeping. 11. Outside it was night. 12. It was a warm summer night. 13.1 think, the day is going to be fine and warm. 14. The machines at the factory were working day and night. 15: I persuaded him to spend the night... . 16. I'll never forget the evening... . 17. The evening was cold and foggy.

## 5. THE USE OF ARTICLES WITH NOUNS <br> IN SOME SET EXPRESSIONS

Ex. 1 (p. 206-207) 1. a bad sailor, at sea; 2. by post; 3. on-deck; 4. at present; 5. a good deal, the war; 6. to - heart; 7. by coach; 8. a hurry; 9. a little car, in question, the front door; 10. the case of love at first sight; 11. on board the yacht; 12. the trouble; 13. - sea, a month; 14. -heart; 15. - fire, - head, - foot; 16. by chance, the/a concert; 17. a fancy; 18. - work, the fireside; 19. a great many; 20. a pity, a talent, - uneasiness; 21. the house, a... garden, the pupils, - doors; 22. The rain, - foot, -; 23. - dawn, the boy, the next; 24. a sudden; 25. the other.

Ex. 2 (p. 207) For reference see the lists of set expressions (p. 205-206).

## THEPRONOUN

## CLASSIFICATION OF PRONOUNS

Ex. 1 (p. 210) 1. him/her; 2. it; 3. him; 4. them; 5. it; 6. him; 7. us.
Ex. 2 (p. 210) 1.my husband/his; 2. theirflat/theirs; 3. my umbrella/mine; 4. our books/ ours; 5. his or her things/his or hers.

Ex. 3 (p. 210) 1. his; 2. hers; 3. theirs; 4. mine; 5. Ours.

Ex. 4 (p. 211) 1. my, yours; 2. his, hers; 3. your; 4. his, yours; 5. his, mine; 6. my.

Ex. 5 (p. 211) 1. She is a relative of theirs. 2. He's a friend of hers. 3. We are the former students of yours. 4. She is a niece of his. 5. I am a colleague of yours. 6. They are the pupils of hers. 7. She is a neighbour of ours. 8. He is a former school-friend of hers. 9.1 am a student of his.

## Ex. 6 (p. 211)

I. 1. our; 2. yours, your; 3. yours, mine; 4. Their, ours; 5. her, yours; 6. our, mine;
7. yours, mine; 8. your, mine.
II. 1. her, his; 2. mine, hers, her; 3. your, mine; 4. his, her; 5. mine; 6. her; 7. Theirs; 8. Your, mine; 9. hers; 10. your, mine; 11.her, mine, yours; 12. her.

Ex. 7 (p. 211-212) 1. his; 2. his, hers; 3. mine; 4. they; 5. yours, ours; 6. your; 7. his; 8. its; 9. their; hers, theirs; 10. theirs; 11. her; 12. my.

Ex. 8 (p. 212) 1. ours; 2. our, theirs; 3. my/mine, theirs; 4. Her, his; 5. your, their address/ theirs; 6. my, yours; 7. your, his, mine; 8. my, hers; 9. his; 10. a single word of hers; 11. your, hers; 12. our, theirs; 13. yours; 14. it is ... long; 15. his, mine; 16. its; 17. its; 18. your, it.

Ex. 9 (p. 213) 1. I always do it myself. 2. She makes them herself. 3. They built it themselves. 4. We'll repair it ourselves. 5 . I clean it myself. 6. He corrected it himself.

Ex. 10 (p. 213) 1. -; 2. yourself; 3. -; 4. -; 5. yourself/yourselves; 6. -; 7. himself; 8. myself; 9. yourself; 10. myself; 11. himself; 12. yourself/yourselves; 13.themselves; 14. ourselves; 15. herself; 16. herself.

Ex. 11 (p. 213) 1. burn yourself; 2. yourself; 3. blame herself; 4. make ... yourself; 5. hurt himself; 6. cut himself; 7. talks to himself; 8. look after ourselves.

Ex. 12 (p. 214) 1.shaving; 2. dried myself; 3. make myself; 4. met; 5. relax; 6. enjoyed ourselves; 7. wash.

Ex. 13 (p. 214) 1. one another; 2. myself; 3. each other/one another; 4. herself; 5. itself; 6. each other/one another.

Ex. 14(p. 214) 1. on her own; 2. by myself; 3. by themselves; 4. by themselves; 5. on their own; 6. ourselves; 7. by yourself; 8. on our own.

Ex. 15 (p. 214-215) 1. himself; 2. myself; 3. herself; 4. ourselves; 5. themselves; 6. itself; 7. ourselves; 8. herself; 9. himself; 10. himself; 11.themselves; 12. yourself; 13. yourself; 14. yourself.

Ex. 16(p. 215) 1. was beside himself; 2. saw it himself; 3. didn't recognize himself; 4. by herself; 5. will put yourself; 6. doesn't look himself; 7. hurt yourself; 8. on his own/by himself; 9. introduced ourselves; 10. have you done it yourself; 11. Keep yourself in hand/Pull yourself together; 12. the Governor himself; 13. was himself; 14. humming to herself; 15. Behave yourselves/yourself! 16. think about themselves; 17. among yourselves; 18. of myself; 19. on your own/yourself; 20. needn't come yourself.

Ex. 17 (p. 215) 1.this; 2. that; 3. those, that; 4. these; 5. This; 6. These; 7. It; 8. That.

Ex. 18 (p. 216) 2. The pictures painted by Rembrandt can't be compared to those painted by Rubens. 3. The language in this textbook is easier than that in ... novels. 4. The invisible riches lying in the Urals may be still greater than those discovered. 5. The stories written by O.Henry are as full of life as those written by Mark Twain. 6. Natural sugar is of higher quality than that produced artificially.

Ex. 19 (p. 216) 1. This, this/that; 2. the same; 3. this; 4. those; 5. those; 6. this; 7. the same; 8. those; 9. That; 10. That; 11. This; 12. These; Those; 13. that.

Ex. 20 (p. 216) 1. Whose trousers are these? -These are my trousers. 2. I've brought you important news. This is the latest news. 3. Somebody knocked at the door. That was my neighbour. 4. Where did you put the money? -It is in the wallet, on the shelf. 5. Do you remember him? It was such a brave man! 6. Those were the most beautiful roses I had ever seen. 7. She has wonderful hair. It is long and wavy. 8. What's wrong with your watch? - It is 5 minutes slow. 9. Look. Who is that? - That is one of our students. 10.I have seen that man somewhere. - That is one of our sportsmen. - Yes, now I recognize him. 11. Who's there? - Please, open. It's me. 12. What wonderful flowers these are! 13. That'll do, you can stop working.

Ex. 22 (p. 217) 1. Which; 2. What; 3. What; 4. Who(m); 5. Whose; 6. Who; 7. What; 8. What; 9. What/Who; 10. What; 11. Which; 12. Which; 13. Who; 14. Who; 15. What; 16. Whose; 17. Which; 18. What; 19. What; 20. Which; 21. What.

Ex. 23 (p. 217) 1. Who; 2. Which of you; 3. Which of them; 4. Who(m); 5. Who(m); 6. What colour; 7. What; 8. What; 9. Which; 10. What; 11. Which/what; 12. Who.

Ex. 24 (p. 219) 1. Everyone/everybody; 2. everything, everyone/everybody; 3. everything; 4. all; 5. whole; 6. all; 7. everything; 8. all; 9. everyone/everybody; 10. the whole; 11.the whole; 12. everybody; whole; 13. all; 14. the whole; 15. everyone; 16. all the, the whole.

Ex. 25 (p. 219) 1. every leap-year; 2. every three hours; 3. every ten minutes; 4. every half hour; 5. every five minutes; 6. every year.

Ex. 26 (p. 219-220) 1. We all/All of us; 2. the whole; 3. The whole; 4. the whole; 5. all the; 6. All the; 7. The whole; 8. all the; 9. Everybody; 10.the whole; 11. all the; 12. every two months.

Ex. 27 (p. 221) 1. both; 2. Neither; 3. either way/both ways; 4. Both/Both of; 5. Neither of; 6. eithe/either of them; 7. Neither; 8. both; 9. neither of.

Ex. 28 (p. 221) 1. neither clean nor comfortable. 2. both very boring and very long. 3. either Richard or Robert. 4. neither the time nor the money to go on holiday. 5. either on Saturday or on Sunday. 6. He neither smokes nor drinks.

Ex. 29 (p. 221-222) 1. either; 2. both; 3. either; 4. either; 5. both, neither; 6. neither; 7. neither; 8. Both; 9. either, both; 10. both; 11. Neither; 12. neither; 13. both, neither; 14. Both, either, neither.

Ex. 30 (p. 222) 1. Every, each; 2. each, each; 3. either, each; 4. Either; 5. each.

Ex. 31 (p. 222) 1. on either side; 2. Both; 3. either... or, neither (of them); 4., both cameras; 5. they both; 6. either ill or has gone away; 7. Every minute; 8. each house; 9. neither of them, each; 10. each exhibit; 11. either; 12. either end; 13. ... I have read neither of them/I haven't read either of them, either (of them), both.

Ex. 32 (p. 223) 1. another; 2. the other; 3. another; 4. others; 5. the other; 6. the other; 7. another; 8. another.

Ex. 33 (p. 223) 1. another; 2. the other; 3. another; 4. another; 5. The other; 6. the others; 7. the other; 8. Other; 9. the other; 10. others.

Ex. 34 (p. 223) 1. another/no other way; 2. another issue; 3. another one; 4. other food; 5. the other; 6. the other; 7. another one; 8. the others; 9. no other; 10. another.

Ex. 35 (p. 225) 1.-; 2. any; 3. -; 4. any; 5. some; 6. -; 7. -; 8. some; 9. -; 10. some; 11.-; 12. some; 13. -; 14. some; 15. any; 16. -.

Ex. 36 (p. 225-226) 1. some, any; 2. any, some; 3. some; 4. Some; 5. any; 6. any; 7. any; 8. any; 9. any; 10. any.

Ex. 37 (p. 226) 1. Any; 2. any; 3. any/no; 4. some; 5. any; 6. some; 7. any; 8. some; 9. some; 10. Any; 11. any; 12. any; 13. any.

Ex. 38 (p. 226) 1. any; 2. some; 3. any/no; 4. no; 5. some; 6. any; 7. some; 8. some; 9. no; 10. some; 11.any.

Ex. 39 (p. 226) 1. no one; 2. None; 3. None; 4. none; 5. No one; 6. no one; 7. No one; 8. no one; 9. None; 10. none; 11. no one; 12. none; 13. None; 14. none; 15. None.

Ex. 40 (p. 226-227)
I. 1. some; 2. some; 3. some; 4. any. 5. Any; 6. any; 7. any; 8. some, some; 9. some; some; 10. any; 11.some.
II. 1. no; 2. any, some; 3. no, some; 4. any; 5. any, no/any, no; 6. no; 7. none of

Ex. 41 (p. 227-228)
I. 1. something; 2. anything; 3. anyone; 4. something; 5. something; 6. something; 7. nobody/ no one/somebody; 8. somebody/someone; 9. anybody; 10. nobody/no one; 11.somewhere; 12. anywhere.
II. 1. someone/somebody; 2. anything, anybody; 3. anything; 4. nothing/something; 5. Anyone; 6. no one/nobody; 7. anywhere; 8. anything; 9. Nowhere; 10. nothing.

Ex. 42 (p. 228)
a. 1.something; 2. something; 3. something; 4. something; 5. anything/nothing; 6 . anything/nothing; 7. anything; 8. anything/nothing;
b. 1. someone/somebody; 2. Someone/Somebody; 3: someone/somebody; 4. anyone/ anybody; 5. anyone/anybody; 6. anyone/anybody.

Ex. 43 (p. 228) 1. something; 2. some more; 3. anyone/anybody; 4. any/some; 5. anybody/anyone; 6. anybody/anyone; 7. anybody; 8. anybody/anyone, nobody; 9. no/any; 10. nothing/not a word; 11. nobody/noone; 12. some, none of; 13. nowhere; 14. no one/ nobody, anything; 15. none of us.

Ex. 44 (p. 229) 1.somebody/someone; 2. hardly anything, nothing, something; 3. anybody, nobody; 4. nothing/anything, somebody; 5. any vacancy, nothing/anything, any; 6. nothing, any of us; 7. No one, anything, something; 8. somebody's, somebody; 9. anybody/ anyone; 10. some more, any more/no more.

Ex. 45 (p. 229) 1. Everybody/everyone, nobody, some, the others, anybody, who, nothing, something.

Ex. 47 (p. 230) 1. one; 2. ones; 3. ones; 4. the ones; 5. the one; 6. one; 7. one.
Ex. 48 (p. 230) 1.one; 2. ones; 3. (-); 4. one; 5. one; 6. (-).
Ex. 49 (p. 231) 2. ones; 3. one; 4. ones; 5. one; 6. ones; 7. one; 8. ones, ones; 9. one; 10. one.

Ex. 50 (p. 231) 1.the ones; 2. the ... one; 3. which one; 4. this or that one; 5. a black one; 6. which one, the long one; 7. which one? 8. the one.

Ex. 51 (p. 232-233) 1. much; 2. little, little; 3. few; 4. much, a few; 5. Much, few; 6. many, few; 7. few; 8. many; 9. little; 10. little; 11. much; 12. Much, little; 13. afew; 14. many; 15. many; 16. much, much; 17. few; 18. much; 19. much, many, few; 20. much; 21. little, much; 22. little; 23. many/a few; 24. little; 25. Many, few; 26. little; 27: many.

Ex. 52 (p. 233) 1. plenty of water; 2. little work; 3. few people; 4. plenty of time; 5. little; 6. Dick smokes a little; 7. little time; 8. little to eat; 9. little time; 10. little snow.

Ex, 53 (p. 233) 1. a little lemonade; 2. hasn't got many dresses; 3. many articles; 4. How many; 5. many/a lot of; 6. a lot of; 7. little; 8. a few; 9. plenty of; 10. many; 11. a few; 12. a lot of, a little; 13. much, little; 14. a lot of; 15. a lot of; 16. little; 17. many/a lot, a few; 18. many/a lot of; 19. many/a lot of; 20. many; 21.few.

## THEADJECTIVE

## 1. FORMATION OF ADJECTIVES

Ex. 4 (p. 236-237) 1. enjoyable; 2. productive; 3. recognizable; 4. energetic; 5. readable; 6. reddish; 7. boastful; 8. permissible; 9. attractive.

Ex. 5 (p. 237) 1. obedient; 2. shining; 3. respectable; 4. dangerous; 5. famous; 6. homeless; 7. disastrous; 8. courageous.

Ex. 6 (p. 237) 2. illegal; 3. impossible; 4. unimaginable; 5. incapable; 6. illiterate; 7. impractical; 8. dishonest.

Ex. 7 (p. 237) 2. a seventy-year-old woman; 3. a two-day trip; 4. an eighty-hectare farm; 5. three-month-old baby; 6. a two-kilo parcel; 7. a three-litre jar; 8. a ten-minute walk; 9. a twenty-mile fence; 10. a seventy-kilometer road.

Ex. 8 (p. 237-238)
a) 1.striped; 2. sleeved; 3. detailed; 4. crowded; 5. hurried
b) 1 . doubtful; 2. cheerful; 3. beautiful
c) 1. different; 2. confident; 3. independent
d) 1.enjoyable; 2. reliable; 3. agreeable
2. WORD ORDER: ADJECTIVE + NOUN

Ex. 1 (p. 239) 1. a pretty young girl; 2. a handsome young man; 3. an oak kitchen cupboard; 4. a brown leather bag; 5. an old American film; 6. big blue eyes; 7. a cold rainy day; 8. a nice hot bath; 9. an old worn coat; 10. a little old red car; 11. a small antique gold watch; 12. a lovely little old village; 13. long thick black eye-lashes; 14. an old English stone mansion.

Ex. 2 (p. 239) 2. iron railings; 3. a kitchen table; 4. a plastic kitchen table.

Ex. 3 (p. 239-240) 1. a second-hand well-maintained sports car with a low mileage/a wellmaintained second-hand sports car ...; 2. a pair of black Italian leather shoes; 3. a small old stone-built country cottage; 4. white cotton summer shorts for my holiday.

Ex. 4 (p. 240) 1. a cotton shirt; 2. a small black metal box; 3. an ugly green dress; 4. beautiful long fair hair; 5. an interesting old French painting; 6. unusual handmade golden earrings; 7. an unforgettable two-day boat trip; 8. an expensive old round handmade oak table.

Ex. 5 (p. 240) 1.smooth, smoothly; 2. well, good; 3. bad, badly; 4. nice, nicely.

Ex. 6 (p. 240-241) 1. smell nice; 2. sounded Interesting; 3. tastes awful; 4. feel well; 5. look/got soaked to the skin; 6. seemed upset.

Ex. 7 (p. 241) 1. looked angrily; 2. close the door quietly; 3. be quiet, quietly; 4. behaves, cooks well; 5. doesn't look safe; 6. arrived safe and sound; 7. are slow; 8. tastes wonderful; 9. drive carefully; 10. was sad, looked at me sadly.

## 3. THE COMPARISON OF ADJECTIVES

Ex. 4 (p. 243) 2. His work was more careless than mine. It was the most careless (work) in the class. 3. Basketball is more popular than tennis. It is the most popular game in the USA. 4. This watch is more expensive than that one. It's the most expensive (watch) in the shop. 5. Tuesday is more convenient for me than Friday. It is the most convenient of all week-days.

Ex. 5 (p. 243) 1. farther; 2. further; 3. worse; 4. lesser; 5. latest; 6. further; 7. well; 8. last; 9. oldest; 10. smaller; 11. less; 12. older; 13. most; 14. better; 15. better; 16. farthest; 17. oldest; 18. elder; 19. least; 20. most

Ex. 7 (p. 245) 1. Jane is as charming as Ann. 2. He is as tall as I am. 3. Michael is as strong as his brother. 4. Our car is as good as their car/theirs. 5. This report is as interesting as your report. 6. Her new hat is as becoming as her skirt. 7. Your job is as essential as his. 8. The sitting-room is as large as the dining-room. 9. The ice-cream is as delicious as the cake. 10. His stories are as funny as his jokes.

Ex. 8 (p. 245) 1. feel as tired as Ifelt yesterday; 2. as nervous before the interview as I usually am; 3. as popular as basketball; 4. as much as he used to; 5. as busy on Sunday as on week-days.

Ex. 9 (p. 245) 1. The bus is not so fast as the train. 2. My flat is not so big as her flat/as hers. 3. His voice is not so brilliant as Caruso's. 4. The pond is not so deep as the river. 5. Your typing is not so fast as hers. 6. This lecture is not so interesting as that lecture. 7. This hat is not so beautiful as that hat. 8. His article is not so long as her article/as hers.

Ex. 10 (p. 245) 1. much more famous; 2. a bit more windy; 3. far more interesting; 4. a lot more tired; 5. much more comfortable than; 6. much bigger.

Ex. 11 (p. 246) 1.the most interesting book; 2. a most popular; 3. the most outstanding; 4. a most important; 5. a most clever man.

Ex. 12 (p.246) 1. This suit is the same size as that one. 2. I arrived here at the same time as you. 3. We rented the same house as your parents.

Ex. 13 (p. 246) 2. a bigger size; 2. more interested; 3. more easily; 4. a bit/ little quieter; 5. more crowded; 6. earlier; 7. a bit oftener; 8: much more expensive; 9. nearer.

Ex. 14 (p. 246) 1. thinner; 2. more talkative;3. cheaper; 4. simpler than/more simple; 5. more beautiful; 6. more important; 7. more comfortable; 8. healthier/more healthy and more peaceful.

Ex. 15 (p. 246-247)
a) 1.fainter and fainter; 2. moreintelligent; 3. most practical; 4. more advanced, young; 5. latest; 6. good, better; 7. angrier/more angry; 8. wiser; 9. the more, the more complex; 10. cleverest/most clever; 11.good, better; 12. worse; 13. nearest; 14. last; 15. the longer, the shorter; 16tallest; 17. more amusing; 18. younger.
b) 1. near; 2. cleverest/most clever; 3. futher; 4. serious; 5. the easiest; 6. the last; 7. cheaper; 8. more becoming; 9. the highest; 10. the most talented; 11. latest; 12. solemn, the most solemn; 13. dim, dimmer; 14. elder, older, younger; 15. the sunniest; 16. restless; more restless; 17. the most courageous; 18. greater; 19. far.
c) 1. worse; 2. younger; 3. The worst; 4. the happiest; 5. smaller; 6. calmer; 7. worse; 8. hotter; 9. the prettiest; 10. stronger, braver.

Ex. 16 (p. 247) 1. The longer he waited, the more impatient he became. 2. The more I get to know him, the more I like him. 3. The more you practise your English, the faster you'll learn. 4. The longer the telephone call, the more you have to pay. 5. The more goods you sell, the more profit you make.

Ex. 17 (p. 247-248)
I. 1. older/more ancient, the oldest/the most ancient; 2. the strongest; 3. longer, the longest; 4. the smallest; 5. a) the shortest; b) shorter; 6. as serious as; 7. the most important; 8. more simple/a bit simpler; 9. a bit lighter, not so/as gloomy as; 10. smaller. II. 1. not so warm as; 2. our eldest sister; 3. not so far as; 4. less mistakes; 5. further; 6. not so expensive as; 7. best/closest friend; 8. as old as; 9. the last/latest work; 10. further; 11. shorter; 12. the last; 13. five years younger; 14. the farthest; 15. the shortest way.
III. 1. not so/as young as you, you're half my age; 2. the quicker.... the better; 3. a bit bigger lengthwise than; 4. three times as fast; 5 . three times as big as; 6. much worse; 7. higher and higher; 8. twice as strong as; 9. the seldomer... the better; 10. the richer..., the greedier; 11. not so/as punctual as.
IV. 1. twice as simple; 2. several times as large as; 3. half the size, like ... better; 4. three times as heavy; 5. twice as cold as; 6. half his age; 7. a bit bigger lengthwise than widthwise.
V. 1. The less, the better; 2. as early as; 3. no worse/none the worse; 4. not so/as good as; 5. The more a person has, the more...; 6. not so/as young as; 7. as narrow as; 8. good, much better; 9. the sooner, the earlier; 10. weaker and weaker.
VI. 1. lighter; 2. more important; 3. busier; 4. more difficult; 5. the most interesting; 6. the most difficult; 7. the shortest; 8. more difficult; 9. the most beautiful; 10. not worse than; 11.the best; 12. eldest; 13. latest/last; 14. as strong as; 15. as cold as; 16. not as/ so wide as.

## 1. DEFINITION AND FORMS

Ex. 3 (p. 252) 1. performed beautifully; 2. answered formally; 3. acted heroically; 4. described accurately; 5. laughed happily; 6. were warmly greeted.

Ex. 5 (p. 252) 1.better; 2. more frequently; 3. faster; 4. most; 5. more clearly; 6. more; 7. harder; 8. quicker; 9. most fluently.

Ex. 6 (p. 253) 1. the harder, the sooner; 2. louder; 3. later; 4. worse; 5. better; 6. highest, fastest; 7. farther; 8. nearest; 9. quicker, fastest; 10. best; 11. most; 12. closer.

Ex. 7 (p. 253) 1.well; 2. good; 3. angry; 4. angrily; 5. bad; 6. badly; 7. bravely; 8. brave; 9. clear; 10. clearly; 11. coldly; 12. cold; 13. comfortable; 14. comfortably; 15. dangerously; 16. dangerous; 17. different; 18. differently; 19. exact; 20. exactly; 21. happy; 22. happily; 23. heavily; 24. heavy; 25. helplessly; 26. helpless; 27. perfectly; 28. perfect; 29. quietly; 30. quiet; 31. sadly; 32. sad; 33. sadly; 34. satisfactory; 35. satisfactorily; 36. seriously; 37. serious; 38. simple; 39. simply.

Ex. 8(p. 253) 1. lately, go to bed late/keep late hours, late spring; 2. wrong, the wrong telephone number, a wrong answer, wrongly; 3. hardly know, worked hard, a hard worker; 4. nearly missed, near our house, the Near East.

Ex. 9 (p. 254) 1. most of all; 2. louder; 3. the more... the better; 4. harder, as quickly as; 5. twice as fast; 6. twice as quickly; 7. the more extensive... the higher.

Ex. 10 (p. 254) 1. know well, best; 2. best of all/best; 3. later than; 4. best (of all); 5, better than; 6. better; 7. more carefully than; 8. more often/oftener; 9. best of all; 10. much more; 11. much worse; 12. fastest; 13. more carefully; 14. much more attentively; 15. still/yet faster than; 16. still/yet earlier; 17. still/yet more slowly; 18. best of all; 19. a great deal/much more; 20. far/much later than.

## 2. CLASSIFICATION OF ADVERBS

### 2.1 ADVERBS OF MANNER

Ex. 1 (p. 255)
1.a) high; b) highly; c) highly
2. a) fairly; b) fair; c) fair
3. a) short; b) shortly; c) shortly
4. a) hardly; b) hard; c) hard
5. a) close; b) close; c) closely
6. a) deep; b) deeply; c) deep
7. a) easy; b) easy, easily; c) easily
8. a) warmly; b) warm; c) warm
9. a) right; b) rightly; c) right
10. a) well; b)good; c)well

Ex. 2 (p. 255-256) 1. deeply; 2. deep; 3. highly; 4. high, hardly; 5. hard; 6. closely; 7. closer; 8. nearly; 9. near; 10. lately; 11. late; 12. pretty; 13. prettily; 14. loudly; 15. Ioud; 16. dearly; 17. dearly; 18. wide; 19. widely; 20. wide.

Ex. 3 (p. 256) 1. wide; 2. deeply; 3. rightly/justly; 4. thoroughly; 5. close; 6. hard; 7. hard, hardly; 8. highly; 9. soon; 10. clearly; more vaguely; 11. high, hard; 12. loudly, for a long time; 13. easier.

Ex. 4 (p. 256) 1. was cold; 2. spoke coldly; 3. sounded cold; 4. were walking silently/in silence; 5. nodded silently; 6. smiled pleasantly; 7. It is a pleasure to be with you/You are pleasant to be with; 8. How well you look; 9. It goes well; 10. It is good they are coming; 11. simply; 12. It is very simple; 13. It is natural, that; 14. naturally; 15. didn't feel well; 16. is badly designed; 17. deadly pale; 18. dead tired; 19.fell dead.

### 2.2 ADVERBS OF TIME

Ex. 5 (p. 257) 1. yet; 2. yet, still; 3. two more; 4. What else; 5. somebody else; 6. other; 7. already ...; 8. yet; 9. yet, yet/still more interesting; 10. yet, too early; 11. some more; 12. yet early, yet; 13. Who else; 14. What else; 15. already; 16. still/yet colder; 17. yet, still; 18. other tales; 19. already; 20. Where else; 21. one more; 22. still/yet bigger; 23. 'Il regret ... yet; 24. still; 25. still, yet.

Ex. 6 (p. 258) 1.for a long time; 2. for a long time; 3. for a long time; 4. long; 5. long; 6. stay long; 7. for a long time; 8. for a long time/long; 9. for a long time; 10. for a long time; 11. long ago; 12. long ago; 13.for a very long time yesterday; 14. long; 15. along time; 16. very long ago; 17. long ago; 18. for avery long time; 19. a very long time ago; 20. for a long time; 21. long before; 22. a long time before; 23. for a very long time; 24. too long; 25. for rather a long time; 26. a very long time ago; 27. won't last long; 28. didn't live ... long; 29. not long ago/recently; 30. doesn't work ... long; 31. haven't been ... long; 32. not long ago; 33. recently/not long ago.

Ex. 7 (p. 258) 1. often/much of him, recently/lately; 2. seldom, recently/lately; 3. many, recently/lately; 4. seldom, recently/lately; 5. not long ago/recently; 6. recently/not long ago; 7. lately/recently; 8. seldom, recently/lately; 9. recently/not long ago; 10. recently/ lately; 11. recently/lately; 12. not long ago/recently; 13. lately/recently; 14. lately/recently; 15. not long ago/recently; 16. not long ago/recently; 17. lately/recently; 18. lately/recently; 19. lately/ recently; 20. lately/recently; 21. lately/recently; 22. lately/
recently; 23. quite recently; 24. lately/recently; 25. not long ago/recently; 26. Iately/ recently; 27. lately/recently.

### 2.4 ADVERBS OF PLACE AND DIRECTION

Ex. 8 (p. 259) 1. anywhere/nowhere; 2. didn't go anywhere; 3. where, nowhere; 4. Nowhere; 5. anywhere; somewhere, won't go anywhere; 6. a very long way off (away); 7. a long way; far; 8. a long way off (away); 9. far away; 10.far/far away from; 11. a long way; 12. far away; 13. very far; 14. late, a long way; 15. not far away; 16. rather a long way off; 17. seldom, a long way off (away); 18. near; 19. near here.

### 2.5 ADVERBS OF DEGREE, MEASURE AND QUANTITY

Ex. 9 (p. 262) 2. very much; 3. too; 4. very/too; 5. too/very; 6. very much; 7. very much; 8. very much; 9. very much; 10. very; 11. very much; 12. too; 13. very much; 14. very much; 15. very; 16. too; 17. very much; 18. too; 19. very much; 20. very.

Ex. 10 (p.262) 2. too; 3. too much; 4. very much; 5. very; 6. very; 7. too much; 8. too much; 9. too; 10.too; 11.very much; 12.very/too.

Ex. 11 (p. 262-263) Possible answers: 2. terribly; 3. deeply; 4. extremely; 5. terribly; 6. wide; 7. greatly; 8. extremely; 9. really; 10. rightly; 11. painfully; 12. awfully; 13. terribly; 14. awfully; 15.terribly; 16. extremely; 17. extremely; 18. fast; 19. bitterly; 20. terribly; 21. badly; 22. extremely; 23. really; 24. extremely.

Ex. 12 (p. 263) 1. too many people; 2. very grateful; 3. fast asleep; 4. very much; 5. highly/painfully embarassed; 6. too surprised; 7. very much/really disapproved; 8. extremely angry; 9. Much later; 10. stood closely together; 11. rightly deserved.

Ex. 13 (p.263) 3. ... and I invited Margaret, too; 4. It'Stoo far; 5. Itwas too expensive; $6 \ldots$ and expensive, too.

Ex. 14 (p. 263-264) 2. too; 3. either; 4. too; 5. either; 6. either; 7. either; 8. too.
Ex. 15 (p. 264) Possible answers: 2. But I saw nobody else; 3. But I didn't read anything else by him; 4. Now I understand his lecture; 5. But I didn't understand his book; 6. At last l've understood his lecture.

Ex. 17 (p. 264) 1. didn't leave any jewels either; 2. Even my mother; 3. some lovely necklaces too; 4. I only saw them once; 5. everywhere; 6. Millie was so very cautious; 7. I'll prepare some stuffing too; 8 . there were some gold coins too/... were also... .

Ex. 21 (p. 265) 2. much/a lot; 3. much/far/a lot; 4, far; 5. any/much; 6. much/any; 7. much; 8. much/far; 9. much; 10. much/a lot.

Ex. 22 (p. 265-266) 1. quite late; 2. rather tired; 3. fairly middle-aged; 4. had rather a good meal; 5. were quite unaware; 6. anymoreo eat or drink; 7. wasn't much/any use; 8. rather a good idea; 9. quite dim.

## Ex. 23 (p. 266)

I. 1. little; 2. little; 3. a lot; 4. much; 5. little; 6. a lot; 7. hard/a lot.
II. 1. quite old; 2. is not at all ...; 3. quite new; 4. is not quite new; 5. quite ready; 6. is not quite; 7. not ... at all; 8. quite light; 9 . is not quite; 10. is not ... at all; 11.quite understand; 12. do not quite...; 13. don't understand ... at all; 14. am not tired at all; 15. not interesting atall.
III. 1. hardly any; 2. hardly any; 3. hardly any; 4. hardly ... anything; 5. hardly ever; 6. hardly anybody knows; 7. hardly any; 8. hardly any; 9. hardly any; 10. hardly any; 11. hardly ... anything; 12. hardly ... anybody; 13. hardly ... anything; 14. hardly ever; 15. hardly ever; 16. hardly ... any ... lately; 17. hardly ... anything; 18. hardly any.

### 2.6 VIEWPOINT ADVERBS

Ex. 24 (p. 267) 1. d; 2. c; 3. b; 4. e; 5. a; 6. f; 7. h; 8. g; 9. i.
Ex. 25 (р. 267)1. h; 2. d; 3. a; 4. g; 5. b; 6. i; 7. с; 8.f; 9. e; 10. ј.
Ex. 26 (p. 267-268) probably, according to, however, agreeably, moreover, in brief.

## 3. REVISION

Ex. 4 (p. 269) 1. somewhere; 2. anywhere; 3. didn't send ... anywhere; 4. Nowhere; 5. never; 6. once; 7. yet; 8. already; 9. quite; 10. since; 11. clever enough; 12. well enough; 13. almost; 14. hardly any; 15. hardly; 16. hardly, anywhere; 17. very much; 18. much; 19. so much; 20. very hard; 21. much; 22. anything, either; 23. as well/too; 24. who else; 25. still; 26. yet; 27. very slowly; 28. well; 29. usually; 30. quite; 31. always, early; 32. lately; 33. never, before; 34. too late, there, now; 35. immediately, otherwise/or else; 36. tonight, still; 37. too difficult, besides, very; 38. otherwise/or else; 39. nearly/almost; 40. much more often/oftener; 41. quite; 42. not quite; 43. not at all, yet; 44. seldom, far; 45. early, far; 46. far off, rather a long way off; 47. recently/not long ago; 48. for a long time; 49. don't live here long; 50. long ago; 51. long; 52. didn't talkto him long.

Ex. 5 (p. 270) 1. the longer ...the more; 2. is rightly called; 3. right; 4. safely got, very dark; 5. close to the ...; 6. deep into the night; 7. the earlier ... the sopner; 8. in the middle of; 9. wide open, well; 10. 'Il come soon; 11. rather cold; 12. recently; 13. was widely used; 14. nearly.

## 1. THE GERUND

Ex. 2. (p. 275-276)
l.1.in; 2. of; 3. in; 4.to; 5. to; 6. at; 7.from; 8. of; 9. by; 10.for; 11.on; 12. of; 13. on; 14.for. II.1.on; 2. for; 3. in; 4. of; 5. with; 6. in, with; 7. for; 8.to; 9. to; 10. of; 11.on; 12.for; 13. of; 14. from.

Ex. 3 • (p. 276 )

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| e | C | g | f | d | b | a |

Ex. 4. (p. 276-277)
I. 1. crying; 2. playing; 3. keeping; 4. writing; 5. waiting; 6. hitting; 7. listening; 8. stopping, forgetting; 9.telephoning.
II. 1. doing; 2. going; 3. seeing; 4. worrying; 5. writing; 6. going; 7. having; 8. asking, making; 9. writing; 10.laughing; 11.working; 12. buying.
III. 1.earning; 2. doing; 3. managing, helping; 4. getting; 5. meeting; 6. seeing; 7. remaining; 8. doing; 9. replying; 10. driving; 11.getting.
IV. 1.neglecting; 2. hearing; 3. walking; 4. going; 5. walking; 6. going, saying; 7. giving; 8. giving.

Ex. 5. (p. 277) 1. washing; 2. watering; 3. feeding; 4. painting; 5. cleaning; 6. cutting; 7. introducing; 8. mending; 9. sweeping; 10. tidying, watering, dusting.

Ex. 6. (p. 277) 1. crossing, being knocked down; 2. having eaten; 3. climbing, being seen; 4. having worked; 5. being given; 6. having been bitten; 7. being fed; 8. asking, being asked; 9. being chosen; 10.being treated; 11. having drunk.

Ex. 7. (p. 277-278)
l.1.tobe; 2. to find; 3. listening; 4. to look; 5. to cheer; 6. discussing; 7. to employ; 8. to meet; 9. buying; 10. meeting; 11.to waste; 12. to answer; 13. whistling; 14. seeing. II. 1. being needed; 2. whistling; 3. being laughed; 4. to be bothered; 5. having invited; 6. to be sleeping; 7. not to hear; 8. to be known; 9. being interfered; 10.erasing; 11.to be shown; 12. being called; 13.to be looking; 14. parting; 15.to hurt.

Ex. 8. (p. 278) 1. the boy of lying; 2. there was no telling; 3. had no wish of making; 4. The coat needs brushing; 5. there was no reasoning; 6. was good at turning; 7. before taking; 8. don't feel like cooking; 9. of doing it all.

Ex. 10. (p. 278-279)
I. 1. on having been the first to invent; 2. of having betrayed his friends; 3. having been
introduced to him, seeing him; 4. to driving on the lefthand side of the road; 5. of coming at the wrong moment; 6. for entering the room without knocking; 7. of having behaved like that; 8. having promised to drop in; 9. in finding his place in life; 10. looking at me. II. 1. having everything my own way; 2. being entertained by ladies; 3. having invented; 4. wearing charity clothes; 5 . having been so rude the night before; 6. being taken care of; 7. having persuaded him to come over/to drop in; 8. dealing with real businessmen; 9. asking many questions; 10. getting an independent income.

Ex. 11.(p. 279)
I. 1. couldn't avoid talking to her; 2 . I don't deny helping them; 3. can't justify his working for; 4. hate waiting; 5. Is it worth reading? 6. hate wasting; 7. didn't mind coming again; 8. avoided giving his opinion; 9. I hate leaving you here.
II. 1. a good way of avoiding the answer; 2. no intention of deceiving you; 3. no intention of letting; 4. with the purpose of helping you; 5. our chances of getting dinner; 6. no danger in crossing; 7. no harm in telling; 8. habit of going to bed; 9. no opportunity of talking to her; 10. no difficulty in finding.
III. 1. am not used to cooking; 2. succeeded in finding; 3. insisted on paying the bill; 4. apologized for being late; 5. am thinking of going; 6. thanked them for being listened to; 7. count on finishing; 8. insisted on being shown; 9. suspect me of lying; 10. accused of stealing.
IV. 1. without stopping; 2. by objecting; 3. before taking decision; 4. by doing exercises; 5. after consulting his lawyer; 6. without noticing; 7. missed the opportunity of going there; 8. without thinking everything over.

Ex. 12. (p. 280) 1. don't blame ... for wishing to leave; 2. suspected him of teasing; 3. had no difficulty in working together; 4. insisted on teaching her to work; 5 . to prevent him from returning; 6. apologized for not coming on time; 7. succeeded in making Ann talk; 8. accused me of treating; 9. insisted on paying; 10. talked Bella into staying for dinner; 11. began with feeling the pulse; 12. insisted on inviting; 13. felt about being a father; 14. account for having bought; 15. reproached himself for not having tried to talk to her.

Ex. 13. (p. 280) 1. was proud of having worked; 2. was not capable of acting/having acted (then); 3. was used to listening; 4. am sorry for having given you so much trouble; 5. am interested in finding; 6. are capable of solving the problem; 7. am tired of trying to do; 8. am sorry for keeping you waiting; 9. was disappointed at not meeting; 10. am so pleased with having been chosen; 11. is responsible for keeping; 12. was fond of laughing at.

Ex. 14. (p. 280) 1. are lucky to live; 2. were ready to burst into tears; 3. was busy cooking; 4. am sorry to have to leave; 5. was worth recording; 6. was quick to understand; 7. was worth writing about; 8. was delighted to find; 9. was not sufficiently interested to continue; 10. was still hard to get; 11. was busy looking for; 12. was surprised to be called/to have/get a call; 13. was proud of knowing; 14. was free to come and go;
15. was distressed to find; 16. was easy to understand; 17. was determined to stay; 18. was not easy to accept.

### 1.3 VERBS USED <br> WITH THE GERUND AND THE INFINITIVE

Ex. 15. (p. 283) 1. Have you tried changing; 2. Have you tried phoning; 3. Have you tried taking; 4. Have you tried moving.

Ex. 16. (p. 284) 1. like wearing hats; 2. enjoys watching; 3. don't like going; 4. likes taking; 5. hate working.

Ex. 17.(p. 284) 1.travelling; 2. cooking, washing up; 3. telling; 4. living; 5. driving; 6. to get; 7. listening; 8. to come; 9. to learn.

Ex. 18. (p. 284) 1. am afraid of losing; 2. are afraid to go swimming; 3. were afraid to miss; 4. was afraid to hurt; 5. were afraid to look; 6. was afraid to spill; 7. a) was afraid to eat; b) am afraid of making myself ill.

Ex. 19. (p. 284-285)
I. 1. seeing; 2. to lock; 3. paying; 4. to buy; 5. posting; 6. to air; 7. going, playing; 8. to give.
II. 1.to bring; 2. borrowing; 3. to say; 4. promising.
III. 1. talking; 2. to ask; 3. to buy, to ask.

### 1.4 THE GERUNDIAL CONSTRUCTION

Ex. 24. (p. 286-287)
E.g. 1. Have you forgotten my telling you that my watch was five minutes slow? 2. He doesn't mind his son driving his car.

Ex. 25. (p. 287) 1. heard of his having been appointed; 2. don't object to their coming; 3. remember his telling me; 4. insist on your answering; 5 . heard of his being sent; 6. count on his giving; 7. no hope of his finishing; 8. excuse my calling; 9. mind my reading; 10. mind my smoking; 11.insisted on their starting; 12. minds the meeting being held; 13. mind his calling on; 14. insists on his spending; 15. is responsible for the work being completed.

### 1.5 THE GERUND AND THE VERBAL NOUN

Ex. 26. (p. 288) 1. gerund; 2. gerund; 3. verbal noun; 4. gerund; 5. verbal noun; 6. gerund; 7. gerund; 8. verbal noun; 9. verbal noun; 10.gerund; 11.gerund; 12. gerund; 13. gerund; 14. gerund, verbal noun.

### 1.6 REVISION

Ex. 28. (p. 289) 1.at; 2. of; 3. about/over; 4. to; 5. at/in; 6. of; 7. of; 8. about; 9. of; 10. in; 11. about; 12. of. 13. at; 14. at; 15. about; 16. of.

Ex. 29. (p. 289)
I. 1. speaking of; 2. being introduced, talking; 3. seeing, being seen; 4. sending, being sent; 5. being examined; 6. knowing, being impressed; 7. being interrupted; 8. discussing; 9. being installed; 10. reminding, being reminded; 11. pushing, pressing; 12. filtering. II. 1. giving; 2. having spoken; 3. having been awarded; 4. seeing; 5. being asked/asking; 6. having broken; 7. being punished; 8. saying; 9. having been/being; 10. having forgotten; 11. being made fun of; 12. expressing; 13. being examined; 14. being attracted; 15. adjusting; 16. having misled them; 17. being given, having been offered.

Ex. 30. (p. 289-290)
I. 1. to look, to listen; 2. trying; 3. to discern; 4. considering; 5. to express; 6. buying; 7. to forget; 8. to have taken; 9. working; 10. to watch.
II. 1. to realize; 2. to know; 3. to analyze; 4. deciding; 5. to carry; 6. hearing; 7. to feel; 8. to ask.

Ex. 31. (p. 290)
l.1. don't feel like arguing/don't want to argue; 2. continued smoking without saying; 3. didn't see any sense in continuing; 4. no use discussing; 5. against going; 6. needs finishing; 7. no hope of going; 8. by talking; 9. there is no turning back; 10.thanked him for coming; 11.doesn't miss ... to speak; 12. learn to speak, by speaking, only reading; 13. for inviting.
II. 1. am against/object to your completing; 2. Doyou mind my opening; 3. has given up smoking; 4. remember meeting; 5. try jogging; 6. like reading, Reading; 7. stop talking; 8. stopped to admire; 9. suggested going; 10. what about going; 11. avoid reading; 12. it's no use giving advice; 13. needs washing; 14. excuse my being late; 15. no intention of going; 16. was afraid to fall down; 17. remember to call; 18. instead of going by bus; 19. are fond of being taken; 20. is busy getting ready for.

Ex. 32. (p. 290-291) 1. began crying/to cry; 2. wanted to find out; 3. felt like reading; 4. doesn't need defending; 5. liked being in the company; 6. kept glancing at; 7. was beginning to understand; 8. ceased to be useful; 9. could not resist showing; 10. could not help seeing; 11. kept ringing; 12. proposed to find; 13. mentioned having visited; 14. forgot to invite; 15. will never forget staying; 16. am trying to read; 17. didn't want to leave, offered to take; 18. put off writing; 19. couldn't endure being treated; 20. never minded being alone; 21. set about writing; 22. had taken the trouble to write; 23. remember delivering; 24. remember to send; 25. decided not to bother; 26. will enjoy being/ living here; 27. tried growing; 28. was trying to save; 29. are not going to ask; 30. was tired of pretending to be reading or writing; 31. didn't feel like joking; 32. refuse to accept; 33. was anxious to avoid meeting; 34. went on waiting; 35. couldn't afford to be late; 36. suggested buying; 37. remembered to open; 38. remember mentioning;
39. regretted having talked; 40. dreaded being left; 41. agreed to take part; 42. promised to send; 43. prepared to tell; 44. arranged to undertake; 45. kept calling; 46. care to take a look; 47. did not take the trouble to reply; 48. started moving; 49. preferred to mind their own business.

## 2. THE INFINITIVE

Ex. 4. (p. 298) 1. the last to leave; 2. to hear; 3. for him to sit; 4. to wear; 5. to have swum; 6. to realize.

Ex. 5. (p. 298) 1. to feed the bird; 2. to go out; 3. to save the child; 4. to tell us that...; 5. to frighten the birds; 6. to watch the TV programme; 7. to buy a car; 8. to protect them against ... .

Ex. 6. (p. 298) 1. wasn't strong enough to support ...; 2. isn't hot enough to lie ...;3. isn't strong enough to keep us ...; 4. am old enough to be ...; 5. aren't old enough to understand ...; 6. was curious enough to open ...; 7. are thin enough to wear ... .

Ex. 7. (p. 298) 1. It is too hotto run; 2. I amtoo old to wear ...; 3. He was too nervous to speak; 4. I was too terrified to move; 5. It is too cold to have a swim ...; 6. He was too snobbish to talk to ...;7. It was too dark to go out into the garden; 8. It was too cloudy to see...

Ex. 8. (p. 298-299) 1. so as/in order not to disturb anyone; 2. so as/in order to discuss his progress ...; 3. so as/in order to read ...; 4. so as/in order to have ...; 5. so as/in order not to strain ...; 6. so as/in order to get to the top ...; 7. so as/in order not to get ... .

Ex. 9. (p. 299) 1. to see; 2. to be; 3. to be helped; 4. to have done; 5. to have broken; 6. to bother, to be given; 7. to appear, to be talked about; 8. to tell, to know; 9. to earn; 10. to be reading, not to hear; 11.to be told; 12. to be heard.

Ex. 10. (p. 299-300)
I. 1. do; 2. repeat; 3. to go; 4. leave; 5. play; 6. know; 7. wait; 8. go; 9. to go, go; 10. believe; 11.go, promise; 12.to ask; 13. to carry, help; 14. to use; 15. to go; 16. to give; 17. to make; 18. pick.
II. 1.to bother, to be given; 2. to be bothered, to decide; 3. to show, to be liked and (to be) praised; 4. to beexpressed; 5. to tell, to know, (to) be told; 6. to earn, to be read, to be forgotten; 7. to have travelled and (to have) seen; 8. to be reading, to notice; 9. to have been raining; 10. to have booked; 11.to speak; 12. to be heard; 13. to be tested; 14. to be reprimanded; 15. to dance, to sit/to be sitting, watch/watching; 16. to have been, to wait; 17. to come, to be asked; 18. to carry, to let; 19. to have missed.

Ex. 11. (p. 300) 1.to break; 2. to be examined; 3. to be observed; 4. to be informed; 5. to ask; 6. to arrive; 7. to have noticed; 8. to be offered; 9. to have survived. 10. to have won; 11. to visit; 12. to have ever been held.

Ex. 12. (p. 300)
I. 1. to; 2.-; 3. to; 4. to; 5. to; 6.—; 7.—; 8.—; 9. to; 10. to; 11.-; 12. to, -; 13. to; 14.-; 15. to; 16. to; 17. to; 18.-; 19.-, to; 20. to; 21. to; 22.-; 23. -; 24. to; 25. -.
II. 1.-; 2.—, —; 3.—, to; 4.—, —; 5.—, to; 6.—; 7. to; 8.—; 9.—; 10. to; 11.-, to; 12. To; 13.-; 14. to.

Ex. 14. (p.301) 1. to put it mildly...; 2. to tell the truth ...; 3.to begin with...; 4. to make a long story short ... ; 5. to say nothing of ... ; 6. to say the least ... ; 7. to begin with ... ;
8. to tell the truth ...; 9. to put it mildly ... ; 10. to make a long story short/to cut it short ... ; 11. to say nothing of the dog; 12. to say the least ... .

Ex. 15. (p.301)
A. 1. To know grammar means to write ... ; 2. To think so ... ; 3. To say "yes"... , to say "no"; ... ; 4. To explain to him ... ; 5. To help her means to do ... ; 6. To get angry .... B. 1. It is difficult to translate ... ; 2. It was nice to talk to ... ; 3. It is important not be noticed; 4. It will be difficult to explain ... ; 5. It is nice to be ... ; 6. It is so strange to be spoken to ...; 7. It was difficult to pretend ...; 8. It is nice to sit/to be sitting here, isn't it?; 9.It is easy to be mistaken ..., it is much more difficult to understand ...; 10. It is not at all necessary to learn

Ex. 17. (p. 301) 1. is to finish; 2. will be to look after; 3. was to get home; 4. is to collect; 5. is to take; 6 . is to tell.

Ex. 18. (p. 302) 1. not a man to betray; 2. nothing to say; 3. no time to think; 4. the last to leave; 5. the first to say; 6. some time to think; 7. a sweater to wear; 8. no time to play; 9. nobody to look after her; 10. the third person to tell me so.

Ex. 19. (p. 302) 1. to catch; 2. to show; 3. To be noticed ... ; 4. To be taken along ...; 5. to understand; 6. in order to be understood; 7. so as not to be punished.

Ex. 21.(p. 302-303)
I. 1. notwell enough to leave; 2. well enough not to need; 3.too young to read; 4. too far to hear; 5. too young to be taken seriously; 6. too complicated to be answered; 7. too lazy to have read; 8. too complicated to have been solved; 9. too big to play. II. 1. hard to speak with; 2. nice to deal with; 3. hard to believe; 4. hard to catch; 5. easy to talk to; 6. hard to get; 7. dangerous to quarrel with; 8. impossible to check; 9. easy to believe; 10. difficult to stop; 11. nice to look at.

Ex. 22. (p. 303)
I. 1. This is hard to believe; 2. well enough not to make; 3. too complicated to solve/to be solved; 4. to show you; 5. It's too hot to go; 6. school to be built; 7. no time to read; 8. to have passed; 9. The rule is easy to understand; 10. It is necessary to go; 11. was hard to catch.
II. 1.to be given an opportunity to prove it; 2. to be allowed to visit; 3. to be listened to; 4. not to give anything to; 5. to be allowed to listen to; 6. to be told; 7. to be allowed to stay with; 8. to be given a copy; 9. to be allowed to read.

### 2.3.1 REVISION

Ex. 23. (p. 303) E.g. 1. It gives me pleasure to listen to hersing (to music).
Ex. 24. (p. 303) 1. To know the map well; 2. To have gone out on that rainy day; 3. To be humming a tune; 4. To forget the past; 5 . To say such a thing to a child.

Ex. 25. (p. 304)
I. E.g. 1. Our plan was to leave late at night.
E.g. 9. The children were anxious to go to the puppet theatre.
II. 1. to speak to/about; 2. to do; 3. to follow; 4. to be erected; 5. to be desired; 6. to remember; 7. to be answered; 8. notto be contradicted; 9. to read; 10. to laugh at.

Ex. 26. (p. 304) 1. to be introduced/to have been introduced; 2. to be handled, have asked, to help, have happened; 3. to have changed, speak; 4. to have disappointed; 5. to have been awarded; 6. to take; 7. be ... memorized; 8. to memorize; 9. to be asked; 10. to do, to try; 11.to give; 12. to have been experimenting, to have achieved; 13. be reading.

Ex. 27. (p. 304-305)
I. 1. to have given; 2. to have been given; 3. to inform; 4. to be informed; 5. to have met;
6. to have been met; 7. to have been invited; 8. to have invited; 9. to interrupt; 10. to be interrupted; 11.to have troubled; 12. to see.
II. 1.to have seen; 2. to be looking for, to express; 3. to have been; 4. to be laughed at/ to be made fun of; 5. to be told; 6. not to notice; 7. to have told; 8. to have been told; 9. to introduce; 10.to be introduced; 11.to visit; 12. to have visited; 13. to have given.

Ex. 28. (p. 305)
I. 1. to drink; 2. To tell him the truth meant to deprive/rob; 3. Not to warn; 4. to persuade;
5. To be, not to see; 6. To nod; 7. to go.
II. 1. to finish; 2. to do, to find out; 3. To use, to save; 4. was to get home; 5. to do, is to consult.
III. 1. not to mention/never to mention; 2. to thank; 3. to speak; 4. to remember to send; 5. to have met; 6. to have been given; 7. to be reminded; 8. to get into; 9. not to notice. IV. 1. to laugh at; 2. to worry about; 3. leaves much to be desired; 4. to read; 5. to be built; 6. to be held; 7. to say; 8. to deal with; 9. to come; 10. to look after; 11.to talk to. V. 1. not to be miss; 2. to remind him; 3. to meet his mother; 4. to take part; 5 . to save (to rescue) him; 6. to take us.

Ex. 29. (p. 306) 1. easy to deal with; 2. to make sure; 3. to work much, not to think of; 4. too excited to be quiet; 5. not easy to please; 6. to discover; 7. to do, to book; 8. to
conceal from; 9. enough time to call on; 10. to argue, nothing can be changed; 11.to have got hold of him; 12. to be proud of; 13. the last to leave; 14. to draw attention to; 15. to turn to for help; 16. The only thing to do is to ring him up.

### 2.4 THE INFINITIVE CONSTRUCTIONS

### 2.4.1 THE COMPLEX OBJECT

Ex.2. (p. 308)1.—; 2. to; 3.—; 4. to; 5. to; 6. to; 7. to; 8.—, to; 9.—; 10. to; 11.—; 12.-.
Ex. 5. (p. 309) E.g. 1. why don't you want herto wear high heels?/ask (if you like 1 t)/force (if it is right for her)

Ex. 8. (p. 310)
I. 1. doesn't let me play; 2. Don't make me lie; 3. Have smb bring; 4. Don't let them shout; 5. Make him take; 6. Let them write; 7. can't make him give up smoking; 8. to let her pass; 9. Don't make me laugh; 10. Let me help you; 11. Let me think; 12. Have the children put on; 13. Let me know; 14. had him explain; 15. Don't let him eat.
II. 1. Let me know; 2. haven't made you wait; 3. Let him smoke; 4. What made him make;
5. Let him free; 6. made him keep his promise; 7. Don't let her carry/allow her to carry;
8. had made him lie; 9. Will you allow me to come over/let me come over; 10. made him stop; 11.made USdo; 12. Don't let children play; 13. would make him change; 14. Don't let her read.

Ex. 9. (p. 310-311)
I. 1. We heard them argue/arguing; 2. She saw the boy climb/climbing up; 3. Nobody noticed me open; 4. I saw a man showing her; 5 . I have never heard him tell a lie; 6. we felt the temperature fall(ing) down; 7. I felt smb touch; 8. We watched the road being repaired; 9.I heard smb call; 10. He noticed herturn pale.
II. 1. he didn't feel like going; 2. the Professor had been ill; 3. smb mention; 4. he didn't believe; 5. he gave up; 6. everybody looking up; 7. he hadn't noticed; 8. he didn't understand.
III. 1. consider it to be; 2. want you to get to know; 3. didn't expect him to make; 4. would like him to join us/to go with us; 5. didn't expect her son to study/that her son would study; 6. asked the porter to carry; 7. wants the secretary to make an appointment; 8. didn't expect him to arrive; 9. would like you to inform; 10. consider him (to be) an expert; 11.didn't expect the discussion to be.

## Ex. 10. (p. 311)

I. 1. want us to send; 2. would like you to wait for; 3. wants his daughter to become; 4. wants to be invited; 5. Do you want me to call; 6. want his article to be published; 7. don't want to be interrupted; 8. doesn't want me to take; 9. wants to be sent; 10. want you to explain; 11. Where would you like me to wait for you; 12. Would you like us to invite; 13. would like you ta find out; 14. want you to go; 15. Does hewant us to be here;
16. don't want to be sent; 17. wants the meeting to be póstponed; 18. want you to write; 19. want to be shown; 20. likes the dinner to be served; 21. doesn't like the children to go for a walk; 22. doesn't like to be asked; 23. likes the children to come over; 24. likes to be complimented.
II. 1. know him to be; 2. expect the contract to be signed; 3. expect to be invited; 4. consider myself to be right; 5. consider him to be right; 6 . didn't expect to be invited; 7. knew that he was; 8. think/consider him (to be) honest; 9, expect the goods to arrive; 10. consider him (to be); 11.expected it to happen.

## REVISION

Ex. 11. (p. 311-312) 1. have never heard him sing; 2. didn't hear me open; 3. heard that he had passed; 4. heard that he had already left for; 5. heard her say; 6. have never seen him dance, heard that he dances; 7. saw that she didn't understand; 8. saw him come into; 9. saw that he was excited; 10. saw that the textwas; 11. saw a taxi stop at; 12. saw her leave; 13. felt smbtouch; 14. saw that there was nothing; 15. saw that the glass was broken; 16. Didyou hear him ask; 17. would like to see her dance; 18. heard him say it; 19. heard the Professor mention.

Ex. 12. (p. 312) 1. would like you to explain; 2. What would you like me to do for you? 3. Have you ever heard him speak? 4. heard that he had moved; 5. didn't see me take; 6. expected them to leave; 7 . know that he is; 8 . saw that the letter hadn't been signed; 9. Does he want us to help; 10. Did you hear him speak; 11. saw her come up ... and open; 12. consider him (to be) the best; 13. doesn't want his daughter to go; 14. didn't want him to be invited; 15. will hearher sing; 16. felt her voice tremble; 17. didn't expect to be sent; 18. don't like to be reminded; 19. asked to take him; 20. heard his name mentioned.

### 2.4.2 the complex SUBJECT

Ex.2. (p. 314-315)
I. 1.to have been reading; 2. to have been working; 3 . to know, to have spent; 4. to have overthrown and to be advancing; 5. to be looking for; 6 . to be quarrelling; 7. to have been working; 8 . to have been lost, to find; 9 . to have been waiting.
II. 1. to recognize; 2. to have left; 3. to be working; 4. to miss; 5, to get; 6 . to have forgotten; 7. to have written; 8. to forget; 9. to be taught; 10. to have been given; 11. to be operated; 12. to have been working.
III. 1. to be satisfied; 2. to put; 3. to be published and appear, to sell, to be sold; 4. to know, to have learnt; 5. to have overflown, to be advancing; 6. to be looking; 7. to have revised ... and (to have) worked out; 8. to be studying; 9, to have been lost, to find; 10. to have been overestimated, to have warned, to deform; 11. to have been flying, to be seen; 12. to be acquainted.

Ex. 5. (p. 316) 1. to have been; 2. to send; 3. to have moved; 4. to sign; 5. to have prescribed; 6. to have been; 7. to help; 8. to have come; 9. to have offered; 10. to be; 11. to spend; 12. to go; 13. to have made; 14. to cover; 15. to have been interested; 16. to agree; 17. to arrive; 18. to have followed; 19. to have known.

Ex. 6. (p. 316) 1. was seen to be writing; 2. was thought to write; 3. was supposed to have written; 4. is sure to be writing; 5. is sure to have written; 6. is unlikely to write; 7. is unlikely to have written; 8. is certain to have been written; 9 . is sure to have written; 10. turned out to have written; 11. happened to have written.

Ex. 7. (p. 316-317)
I. 1. seems to be angry; 2. seems to be ill; 3 . seems to have been ill; 4. seem to have used; 5. appears to know; 6. seem to have understood; 7. seem to have read; 8. seems to know; 9. seems to have been published; 10. seems to be satisfied; 11. appears to have left for.
II. 1. is said to be; 2. is expected to be signed; 3. is reported to have left; 4. is known to be of different opinion; 5 . is considered to be; 6 . is said to have been built; 7. seems to know; 8. appears to have read; 9. seems to be.
III. 1. appears to have been translated; 2. seems to be; 3. appears to be of great interest for them; 4. seemed to be satisfied with; 5. seemed to be surprised; 6. seems to be working; 7. seems to be waiting for; 8. proved to be; 9 . turned out to be; 10.turned out to be; 11. happened to meet; 12. happened to hear him ask.

Ex. 10. (p. 317-318)
I. 1. is very likely to have left; 2. is likely to have arrived in; 3. is sure to come; 4. are certain to agree; 5. are certain to accept; 6. are sure to receive; 7. is sure to get; 8 . is certain to be published; 9. are not likely to come; 10. are not likely to have received; 11. is not likely to go; 12 . is not likely to be discussed.
II. 1. are likely to change; 2. is very likely to be discussed; 3. is unlikely to come; 4. is very likely to be over; 5 . is likely to be; 6. are likely to be taken; 7. are unlikely to return; 8. is very likely to know; 9. are likely to be delivered; 10. is very likely to shine/to be fine; 11. are unlikely to finish; 12. is likely to be a success.

## REVISION

Ex. 11.(p. 318) 1. is known to have been; 2. is said to have collected; 3. was reported to have been sent; 4. is supposed to be built; 5 . is believed to have reached/arrived at; 6. was not expected to begin; 7. is reported to have been; 8. is known to absorb; 9. is unlikely to be forced to commit a crime; 10. is believed to help.

Ex. 12. (p. 318-319)
I. 1. seems to be knocking; 2. is known to be; 3. is sure/certain to enjoy; 4. proved to be right; 5. is unlikely to be discussed; 6. are sure/certain to help; 7. is considered (to be); 8. is sure to be; 9. turned out to be; 10. doesn't seem to have understood; 11. doesn't seem to like; 12. seems to know nothing/doesn't seem to know anything; 13. didn't
appear to have been packed; 14. didn't seem to be surprised; 15. doesn't seem to understand; 16. nobody seemed to pay attention to.
II. 1. is known to have been; 2. is expected to arrive; 3. are likely to return; 4. is unlikely/ is not likely to take part in; 5 . seems to be; 6 . appears to have forgotten; 7 . is said to have written; 8. appearsto have forgotten; 9 . is likely to be concluded; 10. happened to be; 11. is reported to have returned; 12. proved to be; 13. appears to be tired; 14. are said to have been completed; 15. happen to know; 16. happened to be.

### 2.4.3 THE FOR-TO-INFINITIVE CONSTRUCTION

Ex. 3. (p. 321) 1. It is good for you to eat/Fruit is good foryou; 2. It is easierfor me to do; 3. It will be simpler for them to go; 4. It would be difficult for her to solve; 5. It was pleasant for us to meet; 6. Itwill be useful for us to have a rest; 7. Itis bad foryou to smoke; 8. It was difficult for her to keep silence; 9 . It is not for me to give; 10. It is not for them to discuss.

Ex. 4. (p. 321) E.g. 1. She is out playing. The doctordnesn'tthink it necessary for her to stayin bed.

Ex. 5. (p. 321) 1. it is easy forme to give up; 2. foryou to finish; 3. for us to understand; 4. for us to eat; 5. for us to come in; 6. for you to read; 7. for everybody to see; 8. no room there for the children to sleep; 9. forme to do; 10. no/not the game for children to play.

Ex. 6. (p. 321) E.g. It'S getting cold. It's bad for the children to have a swim.
Ex. 8. (p. 321) 1.too fast forme to see; 2. slowly enough for us to understand; 3. too upset for mother not to notice; 4. well enough for us to understand; 5. too dark for us to find.

## REVISION

Ex. 10. (p. 322) 1.for Mr P. to sign; 2. it is necessary foryou to be here; 3. it is difficult for us to do; 4. nothing for children to do; 5. it is difficult for her to translate; 6. nice of you to come; 7. too late for the children to go; 8. not polite of him to be late; 9. it is necessary for the documents to be sent; 10. it is easy for him to do; 11 . it is highly important for him to receive; 12. it is uncomfortable for me to stay; 13. it is very easy for him to do; 14. it is necessary for your sister to see; 15. simple enough for everybody to do; 16. too difficult for him to translate; 17. it is difficult for us to get; 18. it will be easier for him to show; 19. warm enough for him to go; 20. too little time for me to tell.

### 2.5 REVISION

Ex. 3. (p. 323) 1. smth to tell you; 2. good news to tell you; 3. the first to break; 4. a lot to talk about; 5. the last to leave; 6. to read on the train; 7. no time to read; 8. not the man to forget;9. a child to care about; 10. the article for you to read.
 play(ing); 4. heard them return/heard that they had returned (fig.); 5. believe him to be; 6. didn't want me to do; 7. noticed him leave; 8. let me help you; 9. let me call; 10. didn't expect them to return; 11. felt smb look(ing); 12. madeyou say; 13. saw him come up... say; 14. made her little son do; 15. heard him explain; 16. want their children to be; 17. told him to come; 18. advised us to read; 19. recommended me to see; 20 . didn't expect him to be late for.

Ex. 5. (p. 324) 1. knewthat ..., didn't want Mrs K. to marry. 2. made his wife obey; 3. felt his mother's hand tremble; 4. MrM. and his sister thought David to be; 5. ordered David to be locked; 6. hearing smb call film; 7. heard that Mr M. was going; 8. Mr M. didn't want David to live, made Mrs R. send him to school; 9. saw that Mrs K. was unhappy; 10. Mr M. wanted P. to be dismissed, Mrs K. couldn't let ... leave; 11. saw a beggar boy come into; 12. felt that David was telling the truth.

Ex.6. (p. 324) 1.for little E. to know; 2. the best thing for them to do is to leave; 3. for Dora to use; 4. the first thing to do was to cook; 5. it was necessaryfor D. to go, would be beneficial for her to be; 6. asked $T$. to help, was too difficult for him to cope with alone; 7. asked the papers and account books to be brought; 8. had nothing to do but confess.

Ex. 7. (p. 324-325) 1. happened to meet, where he used to work; 2. was said to be; 3. seemed to love, was too lightminded to think, were sold to pay; 4. heard his mother cry; 5. happened to be bought; 6. saw the master beat, made the child suffer; 7. couldn't help crying; 8. ordered G's sister to be taken to, (to be) sold; 9. there was nobody to care for him, to say; 10. was sent to work, turned out to be; 11. was known to bring; 12. considered himself (to be); 13. was not the man to let; 14. was made to leave ... return; 15. To humiliate G., ordered G. to leave E. and (to) marry.

Ex. 8. (p. 325) 1. is considered to be; 2. is reported to have reached; 3. is unlikely to be appointed; 4. seems to know; 5. happen to know; 6. turned out to be; 7. seemed to be approaching; 8. happened to be passing by; 9. seems to be writing; seems to have been working at; 10 . is certain to be published; 11. happened to meet; 12. are sure to like.

## 3. THE PARTICIPLE

## Ex. 2. (p. 332)

I. buying, buying, bought, bought/being bought; receiving, receiving, received, received/ being received; translating, translating, translated, translated/being translated.
1.written; 2. brought; 3. giving; 4. speaking; 5. asked; 6. answering; 7. read/being read;
8. told; 9. published; 10. working; 11. reading; 12. opening; 13. taking; 14. lost;
15. made; 16. standing; 17. walking; 18. entering; 19. looking; 20. built; 21. seeing.
II. 1. broken cup; 2. lost game; 3. torn envelope; 4. the team which had lost (the game);
5. the losing team/the team losing (the game); 6. boiled water; 7. boiling water;
8. forgotten method; 9. the man, who had forgotten; 10. barking dog; 11. method tested; 12. fried fish; 13. fish being fried; 14. the cat which had jumped on the table; 15. jumping dog; 16. the stolen theme; 17. laughing voice; 18. laughing girl; 19. chosen theme/ theme chosen; 20. baked potatoes; 21. lost chance; 22. solution found; 23. the sportsman who had won (the game); 24. written letter.

Ex. 3. (p. 332) 1. excited, burning; 2. interesting, interested; 3. worried, worrying; 4. burnt; 5. sinking; 6. exciting, excited; 7. frightening, frightened; 8. worried.

Ex. 4. (p. 332-333) E.g. 1. Having learnt that his newspaper had been taken over by another publisher, he resigned ... 2. Declining his offer of a loan, I said ...

Ex. 5. (p. 333)
E.g. I. 1. Realizing that he had missed the last train, he began ... 2. Having heard the story before, she didn't want ...
II. 1. Having been away at the time of disastrous floods, I could ... 2. Having been disappointed with the world, he became a monk.

Ex. 6. (p. 334) E.g. 1. The man speaking now is our new secretary. 2. The apparatus standing on the table ...

Ex. 7. (p. 334) E.g. 1. Be careful when crossing a street. 2. Leaving the room don't forget ...

Ex. 8. (p. 334) E.g. 1. Entering the room, I at once felt ... 2. Having reached the river, we decided ... 3. Reaching out in the darkness, I felt ...

Ex. 9. (p. 334-335) E.g. 1. Having walked most of the night, she felt ... 2. (when) taking child to the circus, I always ...

Ex. 10. (p. 335) E.g. 1. Did anyone see you leaving the house? 2. I hope your friend didn't hear you whispering your secrets to me.

Ex. 11.(p. 335) 1. built; 2. built; 3. being built; 4. building; 5. used; 6. used; 7. (being) sent; 8. sent.

Ex. 12. (p. 335-336)
I. 1. leaving; 2. when laid; 3. (while) waiting; 4. saying; 5. being written; 6. (when) writing; 7. having spent; 8. (while) away from home; 9. not wishing.
II. 1. being rejected; 2. having been rejected; 3. (while) waiting; 4. having left; 5. leaving/ having left; 6 . leaving; 7. being written; 8 . writing; 9 . having been away.

[^0]I. 1. standing; 2. standing; 3. standing; 4. who had been standing; 5. summing up; 6 . waiting for you; 7 . who have been waiting for you.
II. 1. having told all he knew; 2.'knocking twice and receiving no answer; 3. pushing the door; 4. closing the door quietly; 5. telling about this incident; 6. arriving at the hotel; 7. having come; 8 . coming back; 9 . having worked the whole day; 10. dropping the coin on the floor.
III. 1. being held; 2 . held; 3 . being held; 4 . being turned; 5 . when put; 6 . having been kept without water for a long time.

Ex. 15. (p. 337)
I. 1. being proud of his father; 2. speaking at the meeting; 3. talking over the phone; 4. who had rescued; 5. touched upon in the report; 6. who had lost his parents; 7. not finding the book I needed; 8 . having failed to complete the work on time; 9 . having spent. 10. travelling about the country; 11. understanding; 12. knowing; 13. coming over to my friend; 14 . seeing.

Ex. 16. (p. 337) 1. which had been often told; 2. told; 3 . being told; 4 . telling; 5 . the promised help; 6 . who promised; 7 . who had been talking over the phone; 8 . talking with my brother; 9 . taking part in the conference; 10. who had taken part; 11 . leading to the city; 12. which had led to the lake.

Ex. 17. (p. 337-338)
I. 1. signed; 2. sent; 3. broken; 4. restored; 5. broken; 6. the goods received; 7. illustrated; 8. the address given; 9. unexpected; 10. Having read; 11. Entering; 12. Having worked at; 13. saying; 14. Taking off; 15. looking; 16. Having slept; 17. Seeing; 18. said ... smiling; 19. leaning on; 20. seeing me he said smiling.
II. 1. which hung, hanging in the hall; 2. who had worked, working; 3. who translated, translating; 4. who has read, reading; 5. lying on the table; 6 . who has written this article; 7. who had received; 8 . sitting.

Ex. 18. (p. 338) 1. leaving a message ...we went; 2 . opening the book ... he showed; 3. she left smiling; 4. sighing heavily she poured; 5 . opened her umbrella stepping; 6. leaving our suitcases ... we went; 7 . checking his map he said; 8 . not finding him at home we left; 9. not being sure ... I didn't say anything; 10. typing smth ... she asked me.

## REVISION

Ex. 19. (p. 338-339) 1. locked, refusing; 2. having worked; 3. seeing, being seen; 4. sitting; 5. sitting; 6. shaken; 7. shaking; 8. Arriving; 9. Having arrived; 10. Supported; 11. Supporting her; 12. reflecting; 13. reflected; 14. coming; 15. who has just come; 16. leaving; 17. having turned; 18. Having finished; 19. Having looked; 20. not lived/it had not been lived; 21. engaged/he is engaged; 22. travelling.

Ex. 20. (p. 339) 1. sent to us; 2 . written by the students; 3 . taking part; 4 . having a lot c time; 5 . crossing the bridge; 6 . playing chess; 7 . being tired; 8 . talking about; 9 . th sleeping child; 10. talking about smth; 11. describing the life; 12. reading the ston, 13. being a good engineer; 14. looking through his mail; 15. waiting for a tram 16. connecting; 17. published; 18. you made in the previous dictation; 19. sitting at th open window; 20. turning off the light; 21. having read; 22. entering the room 23. hearing the steps.

Ex. 21. (p. 339) 1.to be criticized; 2. killed; 3. moved/to be moved; 4. to be taken; 5. bı heard; 6 . delivered/to be delivered; 7. open; 8. typed/to be typed; 9. copied; 10. crying 11. done; 12. wandering; 13. broken, gone; 14. to be locked and sealed; 15. elected.

### 3.5 HAVE SOMETHING DONE

Ex. 22. (p. 340) 1. had it cut; 2. had it painted; 3 . had it cut; 4 . had it repaired; 5 . have i cleaned.

Ex. 23. (p. 340) 1. is having her hair cut; 2 . has had her watch repaired; 3.1 am having summer house built; 4. I am having them developed now/l haven't had them developeı yet.

Ex. 24. (p. 340) 1. to have your suit cleaned and pressed; 2. to have my photograpl taken; 3. have my raincoat cleaned; 4. will not have your tap repaired; 5 . have you clothes made; 6. have your dress made; 7. had all his documents stolen; 8. has had he kitchen painted; 9 . has had a new coat made; 10. to have my hair done.

### 3.6 THE ABSOLUTE PARTICIPIAL CONSTRUCTION

Ex. 26. (p. 341) 1. The rain having ruined my hat; 2. This being done; 3. Few peopl buying his pencils; 4 . There being a severe storm; 5 . It being Sunday; 6 . The weathe being fine; 7 . The Professor being ill.

### 3.7 REVISION

Ex. 1. (p. 341) 1. to; 2.—; 3. to; 4. to; 5.—; 6.-; 7.-; 8. to; 9.-; 10. to; 11.-; 12. to 13.-; 14.-; 15.—.

Ex. 2. (p. 342)
I. 1. to pay; 2. to turn; 3. to tell; 4. to face; 5. to stay; 6. walking; 7. saying; 8. to do 9 . having told; 10. to let; 11. prevent; 12. asking; 13. to turn; 14. thinking.
II. 1. being kidnapped; 2. talking; 3. to be; 4 . to find; 5 . warning; 6 . talking; 7 . to play 8. surrounding; 9. looking; 10. to search; 11.watching; 12. walking; 13. being; 14. wal king; 15. to hear; 16. call/calling.

Ex. 3."(p. 342-343) 1.to clean the rooms; 2.was advised not to tell; 3. was told to pour out; 4 . were heard arguing; 5 . without counting; 6 . is believed to be deeply attached; 7. was known to be writing; 8. could be seen waiting; 9. too excited to eat; 10. was reported to have changed; 11. he was not capable of taking decisions; 12. was fond of laughing at; 13. was allowed to leave; 14. were left talking; 15. will have no difficulty in finding a job; 16. might be of interest to you to see; 17. were left to see; 18. is said to be on holiday; 19. was told to come; 20. was found waiting for us; 21 . watched people hurrying; 22. heard him call; 23. was said to be travelling; 24. laughing gaily at.

## SOME CONFUSED OR CONFUSING ELEMENTS OF ENGLISH CRAMMAR <br> 1. SOME PREPOSITIONS CONFUSED

Ex. 1. (p. 345) 1. with; 2. with; 3. at; 4. with; 5. by; 6. at; 7. by; 8. by; 9. at; 10. by; 11. by; 12. by; 13. with.

Ex. 2. (p. 346) 1. among; 2. among; 3. between; 4. Between; 5. Among.
Ex. 3. (p. 346) 1. into; 2. into; 3. into; 4. into; 5. in; 6. in; 7. into; 8. in; 9. into; 10. in.
Ex. 4. (p. 347) 1. beside; 2. besides; 3. Beside; 4. besides; 5. beside; 6. Besides; 7. except.
Ex. 5. (p. 347) 1. like; 2. like; 3. as; 4. like; 5. like; 6. As, as.
Ex. 6. (p. 347-348) 1. into; 2. beside; 3. as; 4. into; 5. besides; 6. with; 7. at, besides; 8. into; 9. into; 10. at; 11. by; 12. among; 13. at; 14.At; 15. beside; 16. with; 17. beside; 18. with; 19. between; 20. with; 21. in; 22. between; 23. among; 24. between; 25. among; 26. as; 27. like; 28. like, as, as; 29. as; 30. by, by; 31. except; 32. in; 33. with, into; 34. by; 35. beside.

Ex. 7. (p. 348) 1. with water; 2. at my uncle's; 3. with her sick sister; 4. beside my bed; 5. among; 6. by the sea; 7. by bus; 8. as a bus driver; 9. as in Italy; 10. as a hammer; 11. with an axe, by the stove; 12. into the country, into the hills; 13At noon, in these latitudes, from it, in the house; 14. between you and me alone; 15. among; 16. besides him; 17. beside herself; 18. anybody like you; 19. reached into her handbag; 20. no difference between them; 21. like a youhg man; 22, like your daddy; 23. besides you two; 24. except Vasya.

Ex. 8. (p. 348) 1. beside; 2. Besides; 3. besides; 4. besides; 5. beside; 6. besides; 7. besides; 8 . Besides; 9 . beside; 10. besides.

Ex. 9. (p. 348) 1. by; 2. by; 3. with; 4. by; 5. by; 6. with; 7. by; 8. by; 9. with.

Ex. 10. (p. 349) 1. with us; 2. beiside me; 3. by the door; 4. like a teenager; 5. Withla knife; 6. besides eaiting; 7. by train; 8. except your students; 9. by the back door; 10. at my girlfriend's; 11. between; 12. among friends; 13. into four parts; 14. as the Five Corners; 15. at the Five corners.

## 2. COMPLEX SENTENCE

### 2.1. SUBJECT CLAUSES

Ex. 2. (p. 350) 1. Who doesn't knowthis doesn't know anything/knows nothing. 2. What I was trying to find out was very important for our investigation. 3. Whoever stole the hat did my aunt in. 4. Whether she ever tried to change it or no, lay hidden in her own heart. 5. It is surprising how little the district has changed. 6. What I like best about the Colonel is his moustache. 7. Whatever you do don't say "yes" on the spot. 8. Whatever she had meant to say remained unspoken. 9. Where they were to move was not discussed. 10. Whether they will ever meet again is a mystery. 11. How difficult it was to accomplish this work is seen from her diary. 12. Whoever did it is a genius. 13. What you have done is unforgivable. 14. What they enjoyed delighted me. 15. When you will do it is of no importance to me. 16. How you will do is another matter entirely. 17. How you are going to do it is not clear to me. 18. Whether there is life like that on the Earth somewhere else in the Universe has always been of great interest to scientists.

### 2.2. PREDICATIVE CLAUSES

Ex. 4. (p.351) 1. The most unpleasant condition is thatwe must; 2. His proposition is that they will make and deliver; 3 . Such work is what is called; 4. The greatest riddle is how he has got here; 5. The funniest thing is that; 6 . The only thing I don't know is whether he knows; 7. Your support is what she needs most at the moment. 8. That's why they have sent for you/sent foryou; 9. The reason is that; 10. His greatest hope is that the experiment will prove successful.

### 2.3. CLAUSES INTRODUCED BY THAT, WHAT AND WHICH

Ex. 5. (p. 352) 1.that; 2. what; 3. that; 4. That; 5. What; 6. that; 7. that, what; 8. that, that; 9. What; 10.that; 11. That; 12.that; 13. What, that; 14. What, that.

Ex. 7. (p. 353) 1. that, that; 2. that; 3. what; 4. which; 5 . that; 6 . that; 7. which; 8. what; 9. that; 10. What; 11.that; 12. What, what; 13.that; 14. what; 15. which.

Ex. 8. (p. 353) 2; 4; 7; 8; 10; 13; 14; 15.
Ex. 9. (p. 353) 1. that stood; 2. what you're going to say; 3. The lultaby (that) my father used to sing; 4. which came as a surprise even to himself; 5. that used to hoot; 6. what made you so angry; 7. to what he did or said; 8. by the idea that; 9. That in his new capacity he displayed great talent and obtained great success is unquestionable; 10. What you need is what every working girl needs, a holiday, that is a rest; 11. That's what I don't understand; 12. The trouble is that I'm sleepy at night; 13. Do you know that
in Holland they grow tulips by the square mile? 14. The secret of the matter is that; 15. which is, of course, pleasant; 16 . I knew (that) you would come; 17 . I see (that) you don't feel like going there; 18. Where's the book (that) I brought; 19. says (that) he's already left/gone; 20. You know what I mean, don't you?

### 2.5. AS AND SINCE IN THE CLAUSES OF TIME AND CAUSE (REASON)

Ex. 11- (р. 355) 1. так как; 2. как раз когда; 3. когда; 4. так как; 5. с тех пор как; 6. с тех пор как Джорджа нет; 7. Когда; 8. так как; 9. так как; 10. так как; 11.с тех пор как; 12. Так как; 13. когда; 14. Так как; 15. с тех пор как; 16. С тех пор как; 17. с тех пор как; 18. с детства; 19. по мере того как; 2. так как.
'Ex. 12. (p. 356) 1. As; 2. because; 3. As; 4. since; 5. as; 6. As; 7. because; 8. since; 9. since; 10. as; 11. because; 12. since; 13. for; 14. as; 15. because; 16. for; 17. Since; 18. because; 19. since; 20. since; 21. for; 22. Since; 23. because; 24. since; 25. Since; 26. as; 27. Since; 28. because; 29. for.

### 2.6. UNTIL/TILL AND BEFORE

Ex. 13. (p. 357) 1. before; 2. before/until; 3. until/till; 4. before; 5. till; 6. until; 7. until; 8. until; 9. until; 10. until; 11.Before; 12. before/until; 13. till.

Ex. 14. (p. 357) 1. Just as we started on our way, it began snowing. 2. He walked with care because he did not wish to fall. 3. Since the spring is now well advanced, we shall soon hear the cuckoo's voice again. 4. The game was stopped because a heavy storm broke out. 5. Since she went to Italy in April, I haven't received a single letter from her. 6. As the champion grew weaker, his opponent's attacks became ... 7 . I decided to stop and have lunch first - for I was feeling ... 8. Don't send this telegram until Father reads it. 9. I made the decision before that phone call came. 10. Don't go there before they ring you up.

Ex. 15. (p. 357) 1. Before you start arguing, ... . 2. Until the engineer comes, ... . 3. Since you cannot reach an agreement ... 4. As they climbed higher and higher,.... 5. Just as they stepped under the arch, ... . 6. ... before they come. 7. ... because she didn't want to meet them. 8. ... , for on the whole he isn't a debater. 9. . . until your parents come. 10. They have lived in this house since their brother left for London.

## 3. REVISION EXECISES

Ex. 16. (p. 358) 1. by; 2. in/into; 3. like; 4. After; 5. like; 6. in; 7. in; 8. till; 9. on; 10. with; 11.As; 12. at; 13. into; 14. because; 15. in; $\begin{aligned} \\ 6\end{aligned}$. into; 17. in; 18. once.

Ex. 17. (p. 358-359) 1. in; 2. in; 3. till; 4. before; 5. like; 6. that; 7. in; 8. because; 9. that; 10. like; 11. What; 12. that; 13. after; 14. with; 15. before; 16. with; 17. in; 18. what; 19. Besides; 20. what; 21. as; 22. that; 23. what; 24. like; 25. in; 26. in; 27. in; 28. among; 29. by; 30. with; 31. in; 32. by; 33. as; 34. as; 35. in;

Ex. 18. (p. 359-360) 1. Once; 2. in 3. as; 4. in; 5. on; 6. in; 7. After; 8. with; 9. As; 10. by; 11. with; 12. by; 13. -/that; 14. into; 15. as; 16. -/that; 17. that; 18. into; 19. until; 20. As; 21. into; 22. in; 23. -; 24. in; 25. with; 26. what; 27. with; 28. into; 29. into; 30. into; 31. with; 32. with ; 33. into; 34. with; 35. As; 36. by; 37. what; 38. with; 39. that; 40. After; 41. Before; 42. into; 43. that/-; 44. which; 45. Besides; 46. that; 47. with; 48. by; 49. - ; 50. that; 51. in; 52. in; 53. in; 54. before; 55. before; 56. -.

## 4. EMPHASIS

### 4.3. THE EMPHATIC CONSTRUCTION "IT IS ... THAT, WHICH, WHO, WHOM"

Ex. 4. (p. 362) 1. It was John who said it. 2. It was after the war that stone buildings appeared here. 3. It was she who stopped the car. 4. It is not I alone that am to blame. 5. It was only the following morning that she noticed the disappearahce of that photograph. 6. It was not by this road that they came from the wood. 7. It was then that he remembered about the old architect. 8. It is only after you have learned to swim that I will allow you to take part in that boat trip. 9. It is not this artist who has painted Daddy's pool. 10. It was just before the performance began that they came.

### 4.4. THE EMPHATIC CONSTRUCTION "IT IS NOT UNTIL ... THAT"

Ex. 6. (p. 363) 1. It was not until the following day that the plane started. 2. It was not until he saw them again that he understood his mistake. 3. It was not until late at night that the match outcome became known. 4. It was not till the early spring that we first heard from him. 5. It was not until they iarrived at the station that they knew the train had been cancelled. 6. It was not till the end of April that the snow melted away. 7. It was not until she arrived at her new home that she let them know about her decision to leave. 8. It was not until his book was published that he was able to leave his job in the hospital. 9. It was not till he saw that letter that he believed everything was over. 10. It is not until you do it yourself that you can understand it.

### 4.5. THE EMPHATIC "NOT ... TILL/UNTIL"

Ex. 8. (p. 364) 1. He didn't start writing poetry until after graduating from the university. 2. He didn't call until 8. 3. They didn't leave until midnight. 4. The performance didn't start until 11.5. I couldn't leave until after lunch. 6 . We won't be able to meet until after the show. 7. I'm not going to start translating this until after my holidays. 8. We didn't fall asleep until dawn. 9. They won't come back till autumn. 10. They didn't get married until after the birth of their second baby.

## 5. ADDITIONAL EXCERCISES. MISCELLANEOUS

Ex. 1. (p. 364-366)
I. has been known; has given; has enlarged; (has) done; (has) led; has become; were; was; made; derived; was; was; were; was; has not stood; (has) made; took; has been.
II. determined; had been; had won and lost; had been; had won; had dethroned; (had) placed; had fallen; had not attacked; advanced; found; made; reached; saw; was destroyed; found; came; had; suffered; died; lay; fell; had led; lived.
III. ruled; was; rose; began; could; sent; obtained; reached; received; tell; wishes; holds; returned; told; had said; took; went; threw; valued; had given; have accepted; have spared; went; had done; had kept; rose; had had; sat; had fasted; opened; had been prepared; saw; had thrown; had caught and brought; was; understood; had refused; began; had passed; lost; died; is; depend; have.

Ex. 2. (p. 365-366)
I. 1. a serial; the title; a magazine; the disciplines; a serial. 2. the loss. 3. The idea. 4. a book; the city; an extra day. 5. the importance; the life; the average Viennese citizen. 6. the same; the West; the politics; the State Opera House; the same; the Royals; the latest. 7. The Opera House; the centre; a sort; the National Theatre; the Houses of Parliament. 8. a tale; the Staatsoper; a very tiny; a Lehar operetta; the tenor; a tall...; the audience; a great impression. 9. the curtain; an abundance; the leading lady; the line-up; a brave smile. 11.the idea; a real performance. 12. the names. 13. a real name.
II. 1.the desert; the distance; a beautiful lake; a mirage. 2. an appearance; a road. 3. a mirage. 4. a process. 6. a straight stick; a glass. 7. the same. 8. the air; the ground; a desert; the Sahara; the sand; the heat; the sun. 10. the sky; the traveller; the face; the desert; the surface; the road; a brightness; a pool; the brightness; the sky'. 11. The layer; the image; the heat; a movement; the water. 13. that the air; the surface; the sea; the air. 14. the image; an object; the horizon. 15. the effect; the layer; the rays; the observer; an image; the ship; the sky; the same; an object. 16. a neighbouring. 17. the desert; the seasoned traveller; an oasis. 18. the air; the part; a gigantic telescope; the horizon. 19. the coast; a town.

Ex. 3. (p. 367) 1. having lost, showing; 2. trying, walking; 3. being, being, sitting; 4. taking; 5. having worked; 6. getting; 7. being, hearing; 8. giving; 9. examining; 10. Saying, lying; 11. getting, giving; 12. thinking, saying;, 13. taking; 14. throwing; 15. Having received, praising, finding; 16. Having been given, finding, finding.

Ex. 4. (p. 367) 1. at; 2 at; 3. by; 4. in; 5. in; 6. by; 7. in; 8. by; 9. in;. 10. in; 11. with; 12. in; 13. in; 14. in; 15. in; 16. in.

Ex. 5. (p. 367-368) 1. that; 2. with; 3. to/into; 4. in; 5. of; 6. What; 7. to; 8. at; 9. to; 10. for; 11. by; 12. with; 13. on; 14. with; 15. in; 16. with; 17. for; 18. What; 19. for; 20. in; 21. with; 22. as; 23. as; 24. of; 25. for; 26. than; 27. as; 28. as; 29. as; 30;as; 31. at; 32. how; 33. about; 34. in; 35. -/that; 36. into.

## English Grammar:

## Test File



TEST 1

| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | I | b | 2a | 3 | 4 |  | 6a |  |
|  | b | a | b | b | a | b |  |  |  |  | b | b |  |  |
| $\Pi$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | $\Pi$ | I | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | C | a | b | c | b | c |  | b | a | b | b | c | b |  |
| Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | III | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | c | a | c | b | d | c |  | a | d | b | C | d | C |  |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | b | C | C | b | a | b |  | a | b | b | C | b | C |  |
| V | 1. will make; are writing <br> 2. woke up <br> 3. does she come <br> 4. comes; will talk <br> 5. is asking <br> 6. came back; was reading |  |  |  |  |  | V | 1. are doubting <br> 2. sets <br> 3. was getting off; hurt <br> 4. will be writing; will find <br> 5. will stay <br> 6. were you thinking; chose |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VI | 1. am writing <br> 2. returned <br> 3. will be staying <br> 4. met <br> 5. was passing <br> 6.took <br> 7. will be <br> 8. are <br> 9. will meet <br> 10. leaves <br> 11. are coming <br> 12. are bringing <br> 13.don'twant <br> 14. will you call |  |  |  |  | 1. don't they <br> 2. didn't he <br> 3. isn't it <br> 4. will she <br> 5. did they <br> 6. does he | VI | $1 . \mathrm{am}$ <br> 2. am hurrying <br> 3. arrives <br> 4. hates <br> 5. don'twant <br> 6. start <br> 7. are having <br> 8. are going <br> 9.go <br> 10. met <br> 11. was meeting <br> 12. decided <br> 13. will ring <br> 14. are coming |  |  |  | VII | 1. do <br> 2. di <br> 3. did <br> 4. wi <br> 5. wo <br> 6. wa | oes he didn't he id she will you on't he wasn't she |


| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | b | a | b | b | a | a |  |  | a | b | a | b | b | b |  |
| $\Gamma$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | c | b | a | b | c | a |  |  | b | c | a | c | a | b |  |
| 山 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | c | d | b | d | d | d |  |  | c | b | d | d | c | d |  |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |
|  | c | b | c | b | a | b |  |  | C | c | a | c | b | b |  |
| V | 1. has happened <br> 2. have been calling <br> 3. had gone to bed <br> 4. will have forgotten <br> 5. had been snowing <br> 6. will have been driving |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | 1. will have gone amay <br> 2. had been looking for <br> 3. hasn'tcome <br> 4. had lived <br> 5. have been talking <br> 6. will have been travelling |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VI | 1. have been sitting <br> 2. have drunk <br> 3. haven't arrived <br> 4. had telephoned <br> 5. have moved <br> 6. have been waiting <br> 7. have kept <br> 8. had driven <br> 9. had been <br> 10. have come <br> 11. will have cooked <br> 12. will have assembled |  |  |  | VII |  | 1. have you <br> 2. hasn't he <br> 3. won't they <br> 4. don't you <br> 5. has she <br> 6. didn't he | VI | 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9 10. 11. 12. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nwwi } \\ & \text { nt } \\ & \text { trave } \\ & \text { nup } \\ & \text { ed } \\ & \text { nlool } \\ & \text { nd } \\ & \text { dy be } \\ & \text { finish } \\ & \text { been } \end{aligned}$ |  | VII |  | 1. have they <br> 2. won't they <br> 3. hasn't he <br> 4. did they <br> 5. have you <br> 6. haven't they |

TEST 3

| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant /I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | a | b | a | a | b | a | a |  | b | b | a | b | a | b | b | b |
| $\Pi$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | $\Pi$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | c | b | a | b | c | c |  |  |  | c | b | a | b | a | b |  |  |
| Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | b | d | c | C | b | d |  |  |  | b | d | a | c | C | b |  |  |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | b | c | a | b | b | a |  |  |  | C | C | b | b | b | C |  |  |
| V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | C | d | c | c | a | c |  |  |  | a | d | C | C | d | b |  |  |
| VI | 1. is doing <br> 2. have been hunting <br> 3. went <br> 4. have read <br> 5.jog <br> 6 . will meet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VI |  | re sp ake have had were will w | ding n liv king |  |  |  |  |  |
| VII | 1. are going <br> 2. am looking <br> 3. have not been <br> 4 is <br> 5. do you visit <br> 6. enjoy <br> 7. have seen <br> 8. stopped <br> 9. went <br> 10. was waiting <br> 11. decided <br> 12. had eaten |  |  | VIII |  | 1. haven't they <br> 2. does he <br> 3. weren't there <br> 4. doesn't it <br> 5. aren't they <br> 6. did he <br> 7. has he <br> 8. won't you |  |  | VII | 1.went <br> 2. picked <br> 3. am speaking <br> 4. am flying <br> 5. will be <br> 6. stammered <br> 7. will ring <br> 8. arrive <br> 9. returned <br> 10. were leaving <br> 11. had gone <br> 12. seemed |  |  |  | VIII |  |  |  |



TEST 5


TEST 6

| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | a | d | b | a | d | c | a | d |  | a | b | d | c | b | a | C | d |
| $\Pi$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | U | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | C | b | d | a | a | c |  |  |  | C | d | C | b | c | a |  |  |
| III | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | c | a | d | c | a | b | d |  | c | b | a | a | b | b | c | d |
| IV | 1. had called <br> 2. will borrow <br> 3. had; would have understood <br> 4. were <br> 5. had come <br> 6 . would have never been found |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | IV | 1. invited <br> 2. see <br> 3. would grow <br> 4. would have bought <br> 5. Will need <br> 6. would help |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | b | a | c | a | C | b |  |  |  | c | a | b | a | b | c |  |  |
| VI | 1. hadn't given up <br> 2. were <br> 3. would be <br> 4. had answered <br> 5. had <br> 6. hadn't been |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | VI | 1. had explained <br> 2. had known <br> 3. had had <br> 4. were <br> 5. hadn't been rude <br> 6. wouldn't watch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TEST ${ }_{7}$

| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | b | c | a | b | a | b | C |  | b | C | b | a | b | C | a | c |
| II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | $\Pi$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | a | C | b | C | c | a | b |  | c | a | b | b | a | c | a | b |
| III | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | b | a | C | b | d | c |  |  |  | d | b | d | b | C | b |  |  |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | c | a | C | b | b | C | a |  | a | c | b | C | a | b | C | a |
| V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | C | b | C | a | c | b | C |  | a | C | a | C | C | b | a | a |
| VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | d | b | C | f | g | a | h | e |  | d | b | f | h | C | d | a | e |


| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Pi$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\Pi$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| b | a | a | c | a | d | b | c | d | a | a | c | d | a | a |  | c | b | d | a | c | b | a | a | b |
| III | 1. phenomena <br> 2. geese <br> 3. docks <br> 4. spectades <br> 5.stairs <br> 6. goods <br> 7. data <br> 8. teeth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ш <br> IV | 1. crises <br> 2.trousers <br> 3. formulae <br> 4. contents <br> 5. clothes <br> 6.ams <br> 7. gate <br> 8. oxen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IV | 1 | 2 |  |  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |  |
|  | a | a | b |  | b | a | a | b | b |  |  |  |  | b | a | b |  | b | a | b | a | b |  |  |
| V | 1. announcement <br> 2. heiress <br> 3.suspicion <br> 4. persona ties <br> 5. entrancє <br> 6. faithfulness <br> 7. competition <br> 8. pilgrimage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V |  | 1. admission <br> 2. difference <br> 3. activity <br> 4. childhood <br> 5. maniage <br> 6. kindness <br> 7. hostess <br> 8. development |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

VariantI

| II II | III | IV |  |  |  | VI |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | b | 1 | c | 1 | d | 1 | C |
| 2 | c | 2 | b | 2 | c | 2 | a |
| 3 | c | 3 | a | 3 | a | 3 | C |
| 4 | c | 4 | b | 4 | d | 4 | b |
| 5 | b | 5 | a | 5 | a | 5 | a |
| 6 | b | 6 | a | 6 | C | 6 | b |
| 7 | a | 7 | b | 7 | c | 7 | a |
| 8 | c | 8 | C | 8 | b | 8 | C |


| 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| 14 | 14 | 13 | 13 |
| 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 |
| 12 | 15 | 15 |  |



Variant II

|  | Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | d | a | c | b | C | a | a | b |  | c | b | a | d | C | a | b/d | d |
| II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | c | e | b | d | e | d |  |  |  | b | d | e | e | C | a |  |  |
| Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | III | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | d | b | a | c | a | e |  |  |  | d | b | e | a | a | G |  |  |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  |  |
|  | b | a | d | e | f | c |  |  |  | d | c | a | b | e | f |  |  |
| V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | a | e | b | C | a | d | b | c |  | d | b | e | a | C | b | a | c |
| VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | c | a | b | e | b | d | b | a |  | c | e | b | a | b | b | C | a |



| Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| b | a | a | b | b | a | b | a | a | b | b | a | b | a | b | a | b | a | b | a | a | b | b | a | b | a | a | b | b | a | b | a |
| П |  | 1 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 | $\Pi$ |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |
|  |  | h |  | c | i |  | a |  | e |  | b |  | g |  | d |  |  | J |  | a | Ib |  | i |  | f |  | d |  | e |  | b |
| III |  | 1 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 | II |  | 1 |  | 2 | 3 |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |
|  |  | b |  | d | al |  | C |  | b |  | a |  | C |  | d |  |  | a |  | d | b |  | C |  | d |  | b |  | C |  | a |
| IV |  | 1 |  | 2 | $\underline{2}$ |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 | IV |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |
|  |  | c |  | b | a |  | b |  | a |  | b |  | C |  | a |  |  | a |  | C | b |  | b |  | a |  | c |  | b |  | c |
| V |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 | V |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | 4 |  | 5 |  | 6 |  | 7 |  | 8 |
|  |  | a |  | c | b |  | C |  | a |  | b |  | C |  | b |  |  | a |  | c | b |  | C |  | a |  | b |  | C | c | c |


| VariantI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| c | a | b | a | C | b | d | c |  | b | a | d | a | b | c | d | a |
| II 1. being <br> 2. hearing <br> 3. being disturbed <br> 4. having seen <br> 5. asking <br> 6. having cheated <br> 7. working <br> 8. having lost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\Pi$ |  |  | en <br> en |  |  |  |  |  |
| III 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | a | e | e | a | a | e | C |  | C | a | a | a | e | a | a | e |
| IV | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | d | C | f | e | h | a | a |  | h | d | h | a | b | f | C | b |
| V 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| b | C | c | b | a | a | C | b |  | c | a | C | C | c | b | a | b |
| VI 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| - a | b | a | b | a | b | b | a |  | b | a | b | b | b | a | a | a |
| VII | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | VII | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | a | a | b | a | b | b |  | a | a | b | b | b | b | a | b |
| $\begin{array}{l\|l} \hline \text { VIII } & 1 \\ & \mathrm{a} \end{array}$ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | VIII | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | c | d | b | b | a | d |  | c | b | a | a | C | b | d | a |


|  | Variant I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Variant II |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | a | b | b | a | b | a | b |  | b | a | a | b | b | a | b | b |
| II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | d | a | b | c | b | c | d |  | b | b | d | b | c | d | b | d |
| II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | b | c | a | c | a | c | b |  | c | b | b | c | a | b | c | a |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | c | b | c | a | a | c | b | c |  | a | a | c | b | a | c | c | a |
| V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | a | d | c | b | a | a | c | d |  | c | b | d | b | c | a | a | d |
| VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | VI | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | c | a | d | d | c | a | c | c |  | b | c | a | c | b | c | b | a |

## TEST 15

VariantI
Variant II

| 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | I | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | b | c | a | a | b | a | d |  | a | a | C | d | b | c | a | b |
| II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | II | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | $\overline{8}$ |
|  | b | C | a | b | b | b | a | b |  | C | a | b | C | C | b | C | a |
| Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Ш | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | a | c | c | C | a | b | C | a |  | a | c | C | a | a | a | b | a |
| IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | IV | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|  | b | a | c | b | a | c | b | a |  | b | a | b | a | a | b | c | a |
| V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | V | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |  |
|  | a | d | b | C | a | d | a | C |  | a | C | a | b | a | c | d | c |


[^0]:    Ex. 13. (p. 336) 1. a) told; b) being told; 2. a) made; b) being made; 3. a) being moved, b) moved; 4. a) erected, b) being erected.

