

$$-xg'(x) = -x^2 \ln(x) - 2x - 2 \ln(x)$$

$$g'(x) = x - \ln(x) - 1, \quad x > 1$$

- монотонность

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x} \ln(x) - \ln(x), \quad x > 1$$

Уб. бг $g(x)$ монотонно "вг" $x > 1$, монотонно-убывающая $g(x)$ $g'(x) = 0$
 следовательно $g(x)$ имеет максимум, при $x > 1$
 $\Rightarrow g(x) = 0$ $g(x) = 0$ $g(x) = 0$

$x \rightarrow +\infty$ $g(x) \rightarrow +\infty$, $x \rightarrow 1$ $g(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
 $x = g^{-1}(y)$ $g(x) = y$ $g(x) = y$ $g(x) = y$
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$$g^2(x) = (x - \ln(x) - 1)^2 = 1 - \frac{x}{x+1} = \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = g^{-1}(y) \text{ и } y = g(x) \text{ и } y = g(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = |g(x)| \text{ и } y = g(x) \text{ и } y = g(x)$$

$x > 0$ $g(x) > 0$ $g(x) > 0$ $g(x) > 0$
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$$g^2(x) = x - \ln(x) - 1 = x^2 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{3} - \frac{x^6}{4} + \dots$$

$$= x^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots \right) = x^2 h(x)$$

$$h(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k x^{2k}}{k+2}$$

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