

$\forall \lambda \in \mathbb{C}$  selected  $\epsilon$  sufficiently small such that  $\lambda \notin \text{spec}(A)$ .  
 $\exists \delta > 0$  such that  $\|f\|_2 < \delta \Rightarrow \|Af\|_2 < \epsilon$ .

Lemma 6.  $\forall \lambda \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \text{spec}(A)$ , if  $\lambda$  is isolated eigenvalue of  $A$ , then there exists  $\delta > 0$  such that  $\|f\|_2 < \delta \Rightarrow \|Af\|_2 < \epsilon$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \square \quad (a) \quad & \|f\|_2 > 0 \Rightarrow \left\| -\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 \\ & \geq \left\| f \right\|_2 - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\| \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 = \left\| f \right\|_2 - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\| \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \right\|_2 \\ & \Rightarrow \|f\|_2 > 0 \Rightarrow \left\| f \right\|_2 - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\| \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 < \epsilon \Rightarrow \\ & \Rightarrow \left\| f \right\|_2 - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left\| \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 < \epsilon \Rightarrow \left\| f \right\|_2 < \epsilon. \end{aligned}$$

$\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \text{spec}(A)$  such that  $\lambda$  is not isolated eigenvalue of  $A$ .  
 $\forall \delta > 0$   $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$  such that  $\forall k \geq n$ ,  $\langle f, \psi_k \rangle \neq 0$ .  
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\| -\sum_{k=n+1}^{\infty} \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 = 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} & \left\| -\sum_{k=n+1}^{\infty} \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 = \left\| \left( f - \sum_{k=1}^n \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right) + \sum_{k=1}^n \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 \\ & \leq \left\| f - \sum_{k=1}^n \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 + \left\| \sum_{k=1}^n \langle f, \psi_k \rangle \psi_k \right\|_2 \end{aligned}$$

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